FACULTY OF	ENGINEERING
Scheme of Instruct (AICTE Model Curriculum f	ion & Examination or the Academic Years 2019-2023)
a1	nd
Syl	labi
(	of
Four Year Deg	ree Programme
i	n
Bachelor of Er	ngineering (B.E)
<b>Computer Science</b>	e and Engineering
ATTAL THIS ACTOR OF THIS ACTOR	ALE OF BOLINAL
Issue	ed by
<b>Dean, Faculty</b>	of Engineering

Osmania University, Hyderabad

# **<u>GROUP DISTRIBUTION</u> B.E.** (I & II – Semesters)

	COLLEGE GROUP – A					No.		GRO	U <b>P</b> – <b>B</b>		No.	Total	
S. No	NAME	ECE	IT	ME	PE	AE	of Div.	CSE	CE	EEE	EIE	of Div.	No. of Div.
1	MVSR	3	2	2	-	1	8	3	2	2	-	7	15
2	MJCET	2	2	2	1	-	7	2	2	1	1	6	13
3	DCET	2	1	2	1	-	6	2	2	1	1	6	12
4	ISL	2	1	1	-	-	4	2	2	1	-	5	8
5	METHODIST	2	-	2	-	-	4	2	2	1	-	5	9
6	MEC	2	-	1	-	-	3	2	1	1	-	4	7
7	SWATHI	2	-	2	-	-	4	1	1	1	-	3	7
8	STANLEY	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	3	5
9	NGIT	-	2	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	3	5
10	NSAKCET	2	1	4	-	-	7	2	3	1	-	6	13
11	LORDS	2	1	4	-	-	7	2	3	1	-	6	13
	TOTAL	21	11	20	2	1	55	24	18	11	2	55	110

# NUMBER OFDIVISIONS PER COURSE OF **O.U. AFFILIATED RESPECTIVE ENGINEERING COLLEGES**

CE	: Civil Engineering
CSE	: Computer Science & Engineering
IT	: Information Technology
EEE	: Electrical and Electronics Engineering
EIE	: Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
ECE	: Electronics and Communication Engineering
ME	: Mechanical Engineering
PE	: Production Engineering
AE	: Automobile Engineering

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION B.E. (All Branches) I - Semester (Group B – CSE, CE, EEE, EIE)

			Scher	ne of	Instru	ictions	Scher Exam	ne of ination	l	
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P/ D	Contact Hours/Week	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hours	Credits
Three V	Veek Induction	n Programme								
Theory	Course									
1	MC112CE	Environmental Science	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	-
2	MC113PY	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	-
3	BS102MT	Mathematics-I	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
4	BS105CH	Chemistry	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
5	ES107CS	Programming for Problem Solving	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
Practica	al/ Laboratory	Course								
6	BS153CH	Chemistry Lab	-	-	3	3	25	50	3	1.5
7	ES155CS	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	-	-	4	4	25	50	3	2
8	ES157ME	Workshop/ Manufacturing Process	1	-	4	5	50	50	3	3
	Τ	otal	14	02	09	27	250	500		17.5

**BS**: Basic Science **ES**: Engineering Science

L: Lecture T: Tutorial CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation

P: Practical D: Drawing SEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

**Note**: Each contact hour is a Clock Hour.

Course Code				Core/Elective				
MC112CE			Mandatory					
Prerequisite	Сс	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE		
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-	

- > To create awareness and impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- > To know the functions of ecosystems.
- > To understand importance of biological diversity.
- > To study different pollutions and their impact on environment.
- > To know social and environment related issues and their preventive measures.

# **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Adopt environmental ethics to attain sustainable development.
- 2. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.
- 3. Conservation of natural resources and biological diversity.
- 4. Creating awareness of Green technologies for nation's security.
- 5. Imparts awareness for environmental laws and regulations.

# UNIT-I

The Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: Definition, scope and importance, need for public awareness.

**Natural Resources:** Water Resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water, flood, drought, conflicts over water, Dams: Benefits and Problems. Food Resources –World Food Problems, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, Forest Resources – Use and over exploitation, deforestation & its effect on tribal people.Land Resources –Land Degradation, environmental effect of mining, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Energy Resources –Growing energy needs, Renewable and Non-renewable energy resources.

# UNIT-II

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem, Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers, consumers and decomposers, Energy flow in ecosystem, food chains, ecological pyramids, ecological succession, types of ecosystems (marine, pond, river, forest, grassland, desert)

#### UNIT-III

**Biodiversity:** Levels of Biodiversity, Bio-geographical classification of India, Value of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity, endangered and endemic species of India, Conservation of biodiversity, global and national efforts.

# UNIT-IV

**Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Causes, effects and control measures of air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, noise pollution, thermal pollution, solid waste management.

**Environment Protection Act:** Air, water, forest and wildlife Acts, issues in the enforcement of environmental legislation.

#### UNIT-V

**Social Issues and the Environment:** Watershed management and environmental ethics. Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion.

**Environmental Disaster Management:** Types of disasters, impact of disasters on environment, infrastructure, and development. Basic principles of disaster mitigation, disaster management, and methodology. Disaster management cycle and disaster management in India.

# Field Work:

- Visit to a local area to document environmental issues- agricultural area/ pond/lake/terrestrial ecosystem
- Visit to a local polluted area- market/slum area/Industrial area/traffic area

- 1. A.K. De, Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 2. E.P. Odum, Fundamentals of Ecology, W.B. Sunders Co., USA.
- 3. M.N. Rao and A.K. Datta, Waste Water Treatment, Oxford and IBK Publications.
- 4. Benny Joseph, Environmental Studies, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 5. V.K. Sharma, Disaster Management, National Centre for Disaster Management, IIPE, 1999.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
MC113PY	]	Essence o	Mandatory					
<b>D</b>	Co	ontact Hou	urs per We	eek	CIE	<b>SEE</b>	Man datama Caunaa	
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Mandatory Course	
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-	

The course will introduce the students to

> To get a knowledge in Indian Philosophical Foundations.

- > To Know Indian Languages and Literature and the fine arts in India & Their Philosophy.
- > To explore the Science and Scientists of Medieval and Modern India

# **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand philosophy of Indian culture.
- 2. Distinguish the Indian languages and literature among difference traditions.
- 3. Learn the philosophy of ancient, medieval and modern India.
- 4. Acquire the information about the fine arts in India.
- 5. Know the contribution of scientists of different eras.
- 6. The essence of Yogic Science for Inclusiveness of society.

# UNIT – I

**Introduction to Indian Philosophy:** Basics of Indian Philosophy, culture, civilization, culture and heritage, general characteristics of culture, importance of culture in human literature, Indian culture, Ancient Indian, Medieval India, Modern India.

# UNIT – II

**Indian Philosophy & Literature:** Vedas Upanishads, schools of Vedanta, and other religion Philosophical Literature. Philosophical Ideas the role of Sanskrit, significance of scriptures to current society, Indian Philosophies, literature of south India.

Indian languages and Literature-II: Northern Indian languages & Philosophical & cultural & literature.

# UNIT – III

**Religion and Philosophy:** Religion and Philosophy in ancient India, Religion and Philosophy in Medieval India, Religious Reform Movements in Modern India (selected movements only)

# UNIT – IV

Indian Fine Arts & Its Philosophy (Art, Technology & Engineering): Indian Painting, Indian handicrafts, Music, divisions of Indian classic music, modern Indian music, Dance and Drama, Indian Architecture (ancient, medieval and modern), Science and Technology in Indian, development of science in ancient, medieval and modern Indian.

# $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

**Education System in India:** Education in ancient, medieval and modern India, aims of education, subjects, languages, Science and Scientists of Ancient India, Scientists of Medieval India, Scientists of Modern India. The role Gurukulas in Education System, Value based Education.

- 1. Kapil Kapoor, "Text and Interpretation: The India Tradition", ISBN: 81246033375, 2005
- 2. "Science in Samskrit", Samskrita Bharti Publisher, ISBN-13:978-8187276333,2007
- 3. NCERT, "Position paper on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre", ISBN 81-7450-494-X, 2006
- 4. S. Narain, "Examination in Ancient India", Arya Book Depot, 1993
- 5. Satya Prakash, "Founders of Sciences in Ancient India", Vijay Kumar Publisher, 1989
- M.Hiriyanna, "Essentials of Indian Philosophy", Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, ISBN-13: 978-8120810990,2014
- 7. Chatterjee. S & Dutta "An Introduction to Indian Philosophy"

Course Code				Core / Elective				
BS102MT		Core						
<b>D</b> rana quisita	Contact Hours per Week							
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits	
-	3	1	70	4				
Course Objectives								
To introduce the c	oncepts of	sequence	s, series	and thei	r properti	es		
To introduce the c	oncepts of	functions	s of sever	al varia	bles and r	nultiple integr	rals	
To study vector di	fferential a	nd integr	al calcul	us				
Course Outcomes								
The students will able to								
Find the nature of	sequences	and serie	S					
<ul><li>Evaluate multiple</li></ul>	integrals							

> Apply this knowledge to solve the curriculum problems

# Unit-I

**Sequences and Series:** Sequences, Series, General properties of series, Series of positive terms, Comparison tests, tests of Convergence D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's n<sup>th</sup> root test, Raabe's test, Logarithmic test, Alternating series, Series of positive and negative terms, Absolute convergence and Conditional convergence.

# Unit-II:

**Calculus of one Variable:** Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's, Cauchy's mean value theorems, Taylor's series, Curvature, Radius of curvature, Circle of curvature, Envelope of a family of curves, Evolutes and Involutes.

#### Unit-III

**Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation):** Functions of two variables, Limits and continuity, Partial derivatives, Total differential and differentiability, Derivatives of composite and implicit functions (Chain rule), Change of variables, Jacobian, Higher order partial derivatives, Taylor's series of functions of two variables, Maximum and minimum values of functions of two variables, Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

#### Unit-IV

**Multivariable Calculus (Integration):** Double integrals, Change of order of integration, Change of Variables from Cartesian to plane polar coordinates, Triple integrals.

#### Unit-V

**Vector Calculus:** Scalar and vector fields, Gradient of a scalar field, Directional derivative, Divergence and Curl of a vector field, Line, Surface and Volume integrals, Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss's divergence theorem, Stoke's theorem (without proofs) and their verification.

- 1. R.K. Jain & S.R.K Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 2014.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley, 9th Edition, 2012.
- 3. B.S. Grewal, *Higher Engineering Mathematics*, Khanna Publications, 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014.
- 4. G.B. Thomas, Maurice Weir and Joel Hass, *Thomas' Calculus*, Peterson, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 5. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 23<sup>rd</sup> reprint, 2015.

<b>Course Code</b>				<b>Core / Elective</b>				
		Com						
<b>BS105CH</b>		Core						
Dranaquisita	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Cradita	
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits	
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4	

- Correlate the properties of materials with their internal structure and use the for Engineering applications
- > Apply the principals of electrochemistry in storage of electrical energy in batteries.
- ➢ Gains knowledge in causes of corrosion and its prevention.
- Attains knowledge about the disadvantages of hard water for domestic and industrial purposes. Also learns the techniques of softening of hard water and treatment of water for drinking purpose.
- Exposed to qualitative and quantitative parameters of chemical fuels.
- > Aware eco-friendly materials and processes.

# **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Apply concept of electrode potential in identifying feasibility of electrochemical reaction; illustrate electro analytical techniques and working of batteries.
- Identify the mechanism of corrosion of materials on basis of electrochemical approach and devise corrosion control methods.
- Estimate the physical & chemical parameters of quality of water and explain the process of water treatment.
- Explain the influence of chemical structure on properties of materials and their choice in engineering applications.
- Classify chemical fuels and grade them through qualitative analysis.
- Relate the concept of green chemistry to modify engineering processes and materials.

#### UNIT-I

**Electrochemistry and Battery Chemistry: Electrochemistry:** Electrochemical cells, Electrolytic and Galvanic cells-notation, cell reaction and cell potentials. Types of electrodes, Calomel Quinhydrone and Glass electrodes. Determination of pH of a solution by using Quinhydrone electrode. Thermodynamics of emf of cells, Nernst equation and its derivation. Applications of Nernst equation to electrode potential and emf of cells. Numerical problems.

**Batteries: Primary batteries**: Zn - Carbon battery. **Secondary batteries**: Pb-Acid battery and Li-Ion battery, Applications. **Flow batteries (Fuel cells):** Methanol-Oxygen fuel cells, Construction, Applications.

# UNIT-II

**Water Chemistry and Corrosion: Water Chemistry**: Hardness of Water-Types and units of hardness, estimation of temporary and permanent hardness of water by EDTA method. Alkalinity of water and its determination. Water softening by Ion exchange and Reverse Osmosis methods. Numerical problems. Specifications of potable water. Sterilization by Chlorination. Break Point Chlorination.

**Corrosion:** Causes and its effects. Types of Corrosion-Dry or Chemical corrosion and Wet or Electrochemical corrosion and their mechanism. Electrochemical corrosion –Waterline and Pitting Corrosion. Factors influencing rate of corrosion.

**Corrosion control methods:** Cathodic protection methods - Sacrificial anodic and impressed current methods. Surface coating methods: Hot Dipping-Galvanizing.

# UNIT-III

**Engineering Materials: Polymers:** Basics of terms polymers: Monomer and its functionality, Polymers and degree of polymerization. Classification of polymers - Thermoplastics & Thermosetting resins. Types of Polymerization (i) Addition (ii) Condensation (iii) Co-Polymerization. Mechanism of free

radical polymerization **Preparation**, **Properties & Uses of the following polymers**: Plastics - PVC and Bakelite, Fibres - Nylon 6:6, and Kevlar, Elastomers - Buna-S, Butyl and Silicone Rubbers.

**Conducting polymers:** Introduction, Classification and Mechanism of conduction in Poly-acetylene, Applications of conducting polymers.

Biodegradable polymers: Introduction preparation, properties and applications of polylactic acid

# UNIT-IV

**Chemical Fuels: Classification of fuels:** Introduction, definition and classification of chemical fuels-Primary and secondary fuels. Solid, liquid and gaseous fuels. Requirements of a good fuel. Calorific Value – HCV and LCV. Theoretical calculations of calorific value by Dulong's formula – Numerical problems.

Solid Fuels: Coal and its Ranking. Analysis of coal - Proximate and Ultimate analysis.

**Liquid Fuels:** Fractionation of Petroleum. Composition and uses of Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene. Cracking & its Significance- Catalytic cracking by moving bed method, Knocking. Fuel rating – Octane and Cetane numbers.

Gaseous Fuels: LPG, CNG -Composition and Uses.

**Combustion:** Ignition temperature of a fuel, calculation of air quantities by weight and volume required for combustion of a fuel- Numerical problems.

# UNIT-V

**Green Chemistry and Composites: Green Chemistry:** Concept, Principles of green chemistry – Atom Economy, Catalysis. and examples of clean technology.

**Biodiesel:** Sources, Concept of Trans esterification and carbon neutrality. Properties and significance **Composites:** Introduction to composites, composition and characteristic properties of composites. Classification of composites based on matrix, reinforcement and ply. Applications of composites.

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pathania S.N. Chand & Co. New Delhi (Latest edition).
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by P C Jain and M Jain Dhanpat Rai & Sons (15th Edn), New Delhi.
- 3. Chemistry in Engineering and Technology by J C Kuriacose and J Rajaram, TMH, New Delhi.
- 4. Engineering Chemistry by O G Palanna, TMH, and New Delhi.
- 5. Engineering Chemistry by S S Dara, S Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- 6. Engineering Chemistry by Sashi Chawla. Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.
- 7. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agrawal, Cambridge, New Delhi.
- 8. Engineering Chemistry by Prasanta Rath, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.

Course Code		Course Title								
ES107CS		Programming for Problem Solving (Common to All Branches)								
Prerequisite	Cont L	act Hours T	s per We D	ek P	CIE	SEE	Credits			
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3			

- > To introduce the basic concepts of Computing environment, number systems and flowcharts
- > To familiarize the basic constructs of C language data types, operators and expressions
- > To understand modular and structured programming constructs in C
- > To learn the usage of structured data types and memory management using pointers
- To learn the concepts of data handling using pointers

# **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- > Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- > Translate the algorithms to programs (in c language).
- > Test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.
- > Implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.
- Decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.
- ▶ Use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- Apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.
- Apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely rot finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.

# Unit - I

**Introduction to Programming:** Introduction to components of a computer system (disks, memory, processor, where a program is stored and executed, operating system, compilers etc.).

Idea of Algorithm: steps to solve logical and numerical problems.

**Representation of Algorithm:** Flowchart / Pseudocode with examples. From algorithms to programs; source code, variables (with data types) variables and memory locations, Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code.

#### Unit - II

**Control Structures:** Arithmetic expressions and precedence, Conditional Branching and Loops, Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching. **Arrays:** Arrays (1-D, 2-D), Character arrays and Strings

#### Unit - III

**Basic Algorithms:** Searching, Basic Sorting Algorithms (Bubble and Selection), Finding roots of Equations. Functions: Functions (including using built in libraries), Parameter passing in functions, call by value. **Passing arrays to functions:** idea of call by reference

#### Unit - IV

**Recursion:** Recursion, as a different way of solving problems. Example programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series. **Structure:** Structures, Defining structures and Array of Structures

#### Unit - V

**Pointers** - Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, notion of linked list (no implementation), **Introduction to File Handling.** 

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schism's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. A.K. Sharma, Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Universities Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
- 3. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 4. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, the C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.

Course Code		Course Title								
BS 153 CH		Chemistry Lab (Common to All Branches)								
Droroquisito	Cont	Cradita								
Flelequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Cieuns			
-	_	_	_	3	25	50	15			

- Conduct experiments, take measurements and analyse the data though hands-on experience in order to demonstrate understanding of the theoretical concepts of quantitative Analysis while working in small group.
  - ▶ Interpret the electro analytical principles with experimental results graphically
- > Demonstrate writing skills through clear laboratory reports

# **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Apply the principles of Colourimetry and Electrochemistry in quantitative estimations.
- Estimate the rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/ products as a function of time.
- Synthesize small drug molecules.

# List of Experiments:

- 1. Introduction to Chemical Analysis.
- 2. Techniques of Weighing.
- Volumetric Analysis:
- 3. Preparation of Standard Mohr's salt solution, Standardization of KMnO<sub>4</sub> and estimation ferrous ion.
- 4. Estimation Iron(II) by Dichromatometry Water Analysis:
- 5. Preparation of Standard Magnesium sulphate solution, standardization of EDTA and Estimation of Total Hardness.
- 6. Preparation of Standard Sodium Carbonate Solution, Standardization of HCl and Estimation of Carbonate and Bicarbonate Alkalinity.
- 7. Estimation of HCl
- Estimation of CH<sub>3</sub>COOH and mixture of acids
- Potentiometry
- 9. Estimation of HCl
- **10.** Estimation of Iron
- 11. <u>pH Metry:</u>
- 12. Estimation of HCl
- 13. <u>Colorimetry:</u>
- 14. Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and estimation of Manganese. Chemical Kinetics:
- 15. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of methyl acetate.
- 16. Drug Synthesis

Preparation of Aspirin

Note: Minimum ten experiments should be conducted in the semester

- 1. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, B.D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co., Delhi)
- 2. An Introduction to Practical Chemistry, K. K. Sharma and D.S. Sharma (Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)

Course Code		Course Title								
ES 155 CS		Programming for Problem Solving Lab (Common to All Branches)								
Prerequisite	Cont L	act Hours T	s per We D	ek P	CIE	SEE	Credits			
_	-	-	-	4	25	50	2			

- > Understand the fundamentals of programming in C Language.
- ▶ Write, compile and debug programs in C.
- ➢ Formulate solution to problems and implement in C.
- > Effectively choose programming components to solve computing problems

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- 1. Choose appropriate data type for implementing programs in C language.
- 2. Design and implement modular programs involving input output operations, decision making and looping constructs.
- 3. Implement search and sort operations on arrays.
- 4. Apply the concept of pointers for implementing programs on dynamic memory management and string handling.
- 5. Design and implement programs to store data in structures and files.

#### **Programming Exercise:**

- 1. Finding maximum and minimum of given set of numbers, finding roots of quadratic equation.
- 2. Sin x and Cos x values using series expansion.
- 3. Conversion of binary to decimal, octal, hexadecimal and vice versa.
- 4. Generating Pascal triangle, pyramid of numbers.
- 5. Recursion: factorial, Fibonacci, GCD.
- 6. Matrix addition and multiplication using arrays, linear search and binary search using recursive and non-recursive procedures.
- 7. Bubble sort and selection sort.
- 8. Programs on pointers: pointer to arrays, pointer to functions.
- 9. Functions for string manipulations.
- 10. Programs on structures and unions.
- 11. Finding the number of characters, words and lines of given text file.
- 12. File handling programs

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. A.K. Sharma, Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Universities Press, 2018.
- 3. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 4. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, the C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.

Course Code		Course Title								
ES 157 ME		Workshop/ Manufacturing Process (Common to All Branches)								
Prerequisite	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits			
1	L	Т	D	Р	_					
-	1	-	-	4	50	50	3			

- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipments and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- > To Study different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- Adopt safety practices while working with various tools

# **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- > Demonstrate an understanding of and comply with workshop safety regulations.
- Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiselling.
- Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- Undertake jobs connected with Engineering Workshop trades including fitting, carpentry, sheet metal, house wiring, welding, smithy and foundry.
- > Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice

# A. TRADE FOR EXERCISES:

- 1. Carpentry
- 2. Fitting
- 3. House wiring
- 4. Sheet metal working
- 5. Smithy
- 6. Welding
- 7. Plumbing

# **B. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION AND EXPOSURE:**

- 1. Machining (Lathe & Drilling)
- 2. Injection moulding
- 3. Mould making and casting
- 4. Basic Electronics lab instruments

# C. PRESENTATIONS AND VIDEO LECTURES

- 1. Manufacturing Methods
- 2. Rapid Prototyping
- 3. Glass Cutting
- 4. 3D printing
- 5. CNC LATHE
- D. **IT WORKSHOP**: Computer hardware, identification of parts, Disassembly, Assembly of computer to working condition, operating system installation.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Venugopal, K, "Workshop manual", Anuradha Publications, Kumbakonam, TN, 2012
- 2. K.C. John, "Mechanical Workshop" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn., PHI, 2010.
- 3. Hajra Choudary, "Elements of Workshop Technology" Vol. 1, Asian Publishers, Edn., 1993.
- 4. G.S. Sawhney, "Mechanical Experiments and Workshop Practice", I.K. International Publishing House, New Delhi, 2009.

Note: At least two exercises from each trade.

			Sche	Scheme of Instructions				Scheme of Examination		
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P/D	Contact Hours/Week	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hours	Credits
Theory Course										
1	MC111PO	Indian Constitution	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	-
2	HS101EG	English	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	2
3	BS103MT	Mathematics-II	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
4	BS104PH	Physics	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
5	ES106EE	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
Practic	al/ Laborator	y Course	-	-						
6	HS151EG	English Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
7	BS152PH	Physics Lab	-	-	3	3	25	50	3	1.5
8	ES154EE	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
9	ES156CE	Engineering Graphics & Design	1	-	4	5	50	50	3	3
		Total	14	03	11	30	275	550		20.5

#### SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION B.E. (All Branches) II - Semester (Group B – CSE, CE, EEE, EIE)

HS: Humanities and Social Sciences<br/>L: LecturesBS: Basic ScienceES: Engineering ScienceCIE: Continuous Internal EvaluationP: PracticalD: DrawingSEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

#### Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a clock hour
- 2. The duration of the practical class is two hours, however it can be extended wherever necessary, to enable the student to complete the experiment.
- 3. The students have to undergo a Summer Internship of 1 week duration after II-Semester.

Course Code		Core/Elective						
MC111PO		Mandatory						
<b>D</b>	Co	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	CEE	Credits	
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE		
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-	

- > To create awareness among students about the Indian Constitution.
- > To acquaint the working conditions of union, state, local levels, their powers and functions.
- To create consciousness in the students on democratic values and principles articulated in the constitution.
- > To expose the students on the relations between federal and provincial units.
- > To divulge the students about the statutory institutions.

# **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will

- 1. Know the background of the present constitution of India.
- 2. Understand the working of the union, state and local levels.
- 3. Gain consciousness on the fundamental rights and duties.
- 4. Be able to understand the functioning and distribution of financial resources between the centre and states.
- 5. Be exposed to the reality of hierarchical Indian social structure and the ways the grievances of the deprived sections can be addressed to raise human dignity in a democratic way.

# UNIT-I

**Evolution of the Indian Constitution:** 1909 Act, 1919 Act and 1935 Act. Constituent Assembly: Composition and Functions; Fundamental features of the Indian Constitution.

#### UNIT-II

Union Government: Executive-President, Prime Minister, Council of Minister State Government: Executive: Governor, Chief Minister, Council of Minister Local Government: Panchayat Raj Institutions, Urban Government

# UNIT-III

Rights and Duties: Fundamental Rights, Directive principles, Fundamental Duties

#### UNIT-IV

**Relation between Federal and Provincial units:** Union-State relations, Administrative, legislative and Financial, Inter State council, NITI Ayog, Finance Commission of India

#### UNIT-V

**Statutory Institutions:** Elections-Election Commission of India, National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women

- 1. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi
- 2. Subhash Kashyap, Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi
- 3. Peu Ghosh, Indian Government & Politics, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 4. B.Z. Fadia & Kuldeep Fadia, Indian Government & Politics, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi

Course Code		Core / Elective						
HS 101 EG		Core						
Dronoquisito	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE		
_	2	-	-	-	30	70	2	

To enhance the English language abilities of Engineering students, especially in reading and writing, by

- ➢ using authentic material for language learning
- exposing them to a variety of content-rich texts
- strengthening their grammar and vocabulary
- improving their reading and comprehension skills
- honing their writing skills
- > encouraging them to think creatively and critically

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. read, understand, and interpret a variety of written texts
- 2. use appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar
- 3. undertake guided and extended writing with confidence.

# UNIT - I

Reading	: RK Narayan, "A Horse and Two Goats"
Vocabulary	: Word formation—Prefixes, Suffixes, Root Words
Grammar	: Articles, Prepositions, Determiners
Writing	: Guided Writing (Expanding the outline/Writing from verbal cues)

#### UNIT - II

: Rudyard Kipling, "If"
: Word formation—Compounding and Blending, Contractions
: Transitions, Connectives
: Paragraph Writing

# UNIT - III

Reading	: Martin Luther King Jr., "I Have a dream"
Vocabulary	: Synonyms, Antonyms, One Word Substitutes
Grammar	: Voice
Writing	: Letter Writing

#### UNIT - IV

Reading	: Robert Frost, "Road Not Taken"
Vocabulary	: Homophones, Homonyms, Homographs
Grammar	: Narration (Direct-Indirect Speech)
Writing	: Report Writing

#### UNIT - V

Reading	: George Orwell, "The Sporting Spirit" (Excerpt)
Vocabulary	: Inclusive Language, Euphemisms
Grammar	: Tense
Writing	: SOP

- 1. Board of Editors. Language and Life: A Skills Approach. Orient BlackSwan, 2018.
- 2. Sudharshana, NP and C Savitha. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 3. Kumar, Sanjay and Pushp Lata. English Language and Communication Skills for Engineers. Oxford University Press, 2018.

Course Code			С	ourse Ti	tle	Core / Elective	
BS 103 MT	Mathematics – II (Common to All Branches)						Core
Prerequisite	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIF	SEE	Credits
rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL		Credits
_	3	1	_	_	30	70	4

- To study matrix algebra and its use in solving system of linear equations and in solving eigen value problems
- > To provide an overview of ordinary differential equations
- > To study special functions like Legendre and Beta Gamma functions
- > To learn Laplace Transforms and its properties

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- Solve system of linear equations and eigen value problems
- > Solve certain first order and higher order differential equations
- Solve basic problems of Beta Gamma and Legender's Function.
- > Apply Laplace Transforms; solve ordinary Differential Equations by using it.

#### Unit-I

**Matrices:** Rank of a matrix, Echelon form, System of linear equations, Linearly dependence and independence of vectors, Linear transformation, Orthogonal transformation, Eigen values, Eigenvectors, Properties of eigen values, Cayley - Hamilton theorem, Quadratic forms, Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation, Nature of quadratic forms.

# Unit-II

**Differential Equations of First Order:** Exact differential equations, Integrating factors, Linear differential equations, Bernoulli's, Riccati's and Clairaut's differential equations, Orthogonal trajectories of a given family of curves.

#### Unit-III

**Differential Equations of Higher Orders:** Solutions of second and higher order linear homogeneous equations with constants coefficients, Method of reduction of order for the linear homogeneous second order differential equations with variable coefficients, Solutions of non-homogeneous linear differential equations, Method of variation of parameters, solution of Euler-Cauchy equation.

#### Unit-IV

**Special Function:** Gamma Functions, Beta Functions, Relation Between Beta and Gamma Function, Error Functions. Power Series Method, Lengender's Differential Equations and Legender's Polynomial  $P_n(x)$ , Rodrigue's Formula (without proof).

#### Unit-V

**Laplace Transforms:** Laplace Transforms, Inverse Laplace Transforms, Properties of Laplace Transforms and inverse Laplace Transforms, Convolution Theorem (without proof). Solution of ordinary Differential Equations using Laplace Transforms.

- 1. R.K. Jain & S.R.K. lyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 4th Edition, 2014.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley, 9th Edition, 2012.
- 3. Dr.B.S. Grewal, *Higher Engineering Mathematics*, Khanna Publications, 43rd Edition, 2014.
- 4. B.V. Ramana, *Higher Engineering Mathematics*, 23<sup>rd</sup> reprint, 2015.

# Faculty of Engineering, O.U

# With effect from Academic Year 2019 - 2020

- 5. N. Bali, M. Goyal, A text book of Engineering *Mathematics*, Laxmi publications, 2010
- 6. H.K. Dass, Er. Rajnish Varma, *Higher Engineering Mathematics*, Schand Technical Third Edition.

Course Code Course Title						Core / Elective			
BS 104 PH		Physics (Common to All Branches)							
Droraquisita	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
Flelequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE			
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4		
Course Objectives									
> Aware of limits of classical free electron free theory and to apply band theory of solids									
Acquire knowledge on various properties of semiconductors.									
Grasp the intricacies in semiconductor-optical interaction									

# **Course Outcomes**

- > Distinguish materials based on band theory of solids
- Classify semiconductors on the basis doping and to estimate conductivity and learn transport phenomenon in semiconductors
- > Appreciate use of optical absorption by semiconductors.

# Unit – I

**Crystallography:** Introduction, Types of crystal systems, Bravais lattices, Lattiee planes and Miller Indices (Cubic system), Inter planar spacing (Cubic system), Bragg's law, Powder diffraction method. **Crystal Defects:** Classification of point defects, Concentration of Schottky defects in metals and ionic crystals, Concentration of Frankel defects, Line defects, Screw and Edge dislocations, Burger's vector

# Unit – II

**Band Theory of Solids & Semiconductors:** Classical free electron theory (qualitative), Kronig Penney model (qualitative treatment), Energy band formation in solids, Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors, Concept of a hole, Carrier concentration and conductivity in intrinsic semiconductors, Formation of P-N junction diode and its I - V characteristics, Thermistor and its characteristics, Hall effect and its applications.

**Dielectric Materials:** Dielectrics, Types of polarizations, Electronic, Ionic, Orientational and Space charge polarizations, Expression for Electronic polarizability, Frequency and temperature dependence of dielectric polarizations, Determination of dielectric constant by capacitance Bridge method, Ferro electricity, Barium titanate, Applications of Ferroelectrics.

# Unit – III

**Wave Mechanics:** Matter waves –de-Broglie wavelength, properties of wave function, Physical significance, Schrodinger time dependent and time in-dependent wave equation. Particle in a 1-D box. **Electromagnetic theory:** Basic laws of electricity and magnetism, Maxwell's equations in integral and

**Electromagnetic theory:** Basic laws of electricity and magnetism, Maxwell's equations in integral and differential forms, Conduction and displacement current, Relation between D, E and P – **Electromagnetic waves:** Equation of plane wave in free space, Poynting theorem.

# Unit – IV

**Magnetic Materials:** Classification of magnetic materials: dia, para, ferro, antiferro and ferrimagnetic materials, Weiss molecular field theory of ferromagnetism, Magnetic domains, Hysteresis curve, soft and hard magnetic materials, Ferrites: Applications of ferrites.

**Superconductivity:** Introduction, General properties of super conductors, Meissner effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, BCS theory (qualitative), Introduction to High  $T_c$  superconductors, Applications of superconductors.

#### Unit – V

Lasers: Characteristics of Lasers, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, Einstein's Coefficients, population inversion, Ruby Laser, Helium Neon Laser, Semi-Conductor Laser and applications of lasers.

**Fiber Optics:** Introduction, Propagation of light through an optical fiber, Acceptance angle, Numerical aperture (NA), Types of Optical fibers and Refractive index profiles, Fiber drawing process (double Crucible Method), Losses in optical fibers, applications of optical fibers.

- 1. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi Engineering Physics Cengage Learning 2012
- 2. A.K. Bhandhopadhya, Nano Materials, New Age International, 1st Edition, 2007
- 3. M.S. Avadhanulu and P.G. Kshirusagar, Engg. Physics, S. Chand & Co. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 1992.
- 4. C.M. Srivastava and C. Srinivasan Science of Engg Materials, New Age International.
- 5. R.K Gaur and S.L Gupta- Engineering Physics, Dhanpathrai Publications, New edition.
- 6. Sanjay D Jain & Girish G Sahasrabudhe -Engineering Physics, University Press

Course Code	Course Title							
ES 106 EE	Basic Electrical Engineering (Common to All Branches)						Core	
Prerequisite	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek D	CIE	es) SEE	Credits	
1	L	T	D	Р				
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4	

- > To provide an understanding of basics in Electrical circuits.
- > To explain the working principles of Electrical Machines and single phase transformers.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > To analyse Electrical circuits to compute and measure the parameters of Electrical Energy.
- > To comprehend the working principles of Electrical DC Machines.
- To Identify and test various Electrical switchgear, single phase transformers and assess the ratings needed in given application.
- > To comprehend the working principles of electrical AC machines.

# Unit-I

**DC Circuits:** Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, Kirchoff current and voltage laws, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems.

# Unit-II

**AC Circuits:** Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, and RL, RC, RLC combinations (series only). Three phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

# Unit-III

**Transformers and 3-ph Induction Motors: Transformers:** Electromagnetic induction, Faradays laws, statically induced emf, Lenz law, BH characteristics, ideal and practical transformer, losses and efficiency, Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

**Three Phase Induction motor:** Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, squirrel cage IM, slip-ring IM, Applications.

# Unit-IV

**Single-phase induction motor & DC Machines: Single-phase induction motor:** Construction and principle of operation, Capacitor start & capacitor run motor, applications

**DC Generators:** Dynamically induced emf, Flemming's Right hand and Left hand rules, Construction and principle of operation of DC generator, EMF equation, Types of DC Generators, OCC characteristics, applications

**DC Motors:** principle of operation of DC Motor, Types of DC motors, applications.

#### Unit-V

**Electrical Installations:** Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

- 1. N.K. De, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Universities Press, 2015.
- 2. J.B. Gupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2002.

# Faculty of Engineering, O.U

- 3. J.B. Gupta, "Utilization of Electric Power and Electric Traction" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2010
- 4. Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sudipta Nath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Elactrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill, Publications,2009
- 5. Hughes, "Electrical Technology", VII Edition, International Student -on, Addison Welsey Longman Inc., 1995.

Course Title								
	English Lab (Common to All Branches)							
Con	tact Hour	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE			
-	-	-	2	25	50	1		
rs and type	es of sylla	ables						
	Cont L - rs and type	( Contact Hour L T  rs and types of sylla	C Common Contact Hours per We L T D  rs and types of syllables	Course T English I (Common to All Contact Hours per Week L T D P 2 rs and types of syllables	Course Title   English Lab   (Common to All Branches)   Contact Hours per Week   L T D P CIE   - - 2 25 1   rs and types of syllables Franches 1 1 1 1	Course TitleEnglish Lab (Common to All Branches)Contact Hours per WeekCIESEELTDP22550		

- Overcome the difficulties with sounds of English
- Learn to participate well in gds, Debates and Presentations
- Communicate with appropriate body language and expressions

# **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- ➢ Learn IPA
- ▶ Learn minimal pairs and types of syllables
- > Overcome the difficulties with sounds of English
- > Learn to participate well in gds, Debates and Presentations
- > Communicate with appropriate body language, expressions
- 1. **Introduction to English Phonetics: Organs of Speech:** respiratory, articulatory and phonatory systems; **Sounds of English:** Introduction to International Phonetic Alphabet; Minimal pairs; Syllable; Word Stress; Introduction of rhythm and intonation; Difficulties of Indians speakers with stress and intonation.
- 2. **Speaking Activities:** Self Introduction, Picture perception, JAM.
- 3. Group discussion, Debate, Presentation skills
- 4. Listening Activities: Listening to different types of materials for effective comprehension
- 5. Role play: Use of dialogues in a variety of situations and settings

- 1. E. Suresh Kumar, a Handbook for English Language Laboratories (with CD).
- 2. Revised edition, Cambridge University Press India Pvt. Ltd. 2014
- 3. T. Balasubramanian. A Textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students. Macmillan, 2008.
- 4. J. Sethi et al., A Practical Course in English Pronunciation (with CD). Prentice Hall of India, 2005.
- 5. Hari Mohan Prasad. How to Prepare for Group Discussions and Interviews. Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

Course Code		Core / Elective						
BS 152 PH	Physics Lab (Common to All Branches)							
Prerequisite	Cont	act Hours	s per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credite	
	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Cleans	
_	_	_	_	3	25	50	15	

- Make precise measurements using basic physical principles and acquire skills to handle the instruments
- > Relates the theoretical Knowledge to the behavior of Practical Physical world.
- Analyse errors in the experimental data.
- Plot graphs between various physical parameters.

# **Course Outcomes**

- Conduct experiments, take measurements independently.
- ➢ Write appropriate laboratory reports.
- > Compute and compare the experimental results and draw relevant conclusions.
- ▶ Use the graphical representation of data and estimate results from graphs

# List of Experiments:

- 1. To determine the Dielectric constant and Phase transition temperature of Lead Zirconium Titanate (PZT).
- 2. To draw the I V Characteristics of P-N Junction diode and to evaluate the resistance.
- 3. To find the values of Electrical conductivity and energy gap of Ge crystal.
- 4. Determination of rigidity of modulus of Torsion pendulum.
- 5. Determination of carrier concentration, Mobility and Hall Coefficient of Ge crystal using Hall Effect Experiment.
- 6. To determine the constants of A, B and  $\alpha$  using Thermistor characteristics.
- 7. To draw the curve between the magnetizing field and the intensity of magnetization of the specimen (soft iron rod) and to find out

i) Coercivity ii) Retentivity and iii) Hysteresis loss.

- 8. To draw the I V Characteristics of a solar cell and to calculate the i) Fill factor Efficiency and ii) Series resistance.
- 9. To Determine the Numerical aperture (NA) of Optical fiber.
- 10. To determine the wave length of the given Laser source.

Note: Minimum eight experiments should be conducted in the semester

- 1. N.K. De, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Universities Press, 2015.
- 2. J.B. Gupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2002.
- 3. J.B. Gupta, "Utilization of Electric Power and Electric Traction" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2010

Course Code		Core / Elective							
ES 154 EE	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab (Common to All Branches)								
Prerequisite	Cont L	Contact Hours per WeekLTDP				SEE	Credits		
_	-	-	-	2	25	50	1		

To impart the practical knowledge on testing of DC and AC Machines and the usage of common electrical measuring instruments

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.
- ➤ Analyse the performance of DC and AC Machines.
- > Comprehend the usage of common electrical measuring instruments.
- > Test the basic characteristics of transformers and electrical machines.

# Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments/Demonstrations:

- Dem1. Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors.
- Exp 1. Verification of KVL and KCL, superposition theorem (with DC excitation)
- Exp 2 Verification of Thevinens and Nortons theorems (with DC excitation)
- Exp 3. Sinusoidal steady state response of R-L, and R-C circuits impedance calculation and verification. Observation of phase differences between current and voltage. Power factor calculation
- Exp 4. Transformers: Observation of the no-load current waveform on an oscilloscope (nonsinusoidal wave-shape due to B-H curve nonlinearity should be shown along with a discussion about harmonics).
- Exp 5. Loading of a transformer: measurement of primary and secondary voltages and currents, and power.
- Exp 6. Three-phase transformers: Star and Delta connections. Voltage and Current relationships (lineline voltage, phase-to-neutral voltage, line and phase currents).
- Exp 7. Measurement of phase voltage/current, line voltage/current and power in a balanced three-phase circuit connected in star and delta
- Dem2. Demonstration of cut-out sections of machines: dc machine (commutator-brush arrangement), induction machine (squirrel cage rotor), synchronous machine (field winging slip ring arrangement) and single-phase induction machine.
- Exp 8. OCC characteristics of DC Generator
- Exp 9. Synchronous speed of two and four-pole, three-phase induction motors. Direction reversal by change of phase-sequence of connections.
- Exp 10. Power factor improvement of Induction Motor using static capacitors
- Exp 11. Load Test of DC Motor

#### Note - 1:

- (i) List of Experiments and Demonstrations suggested above are already available in the Laboratory of the electrical department. No need to purchase any extra equipment except Demonstration2 equipments
- (ii) Procurement of Demonstration 2 equipments can be done during the course work of that semester. It can be included in the laboratory.

#### Note - 2:

(i) Experiments 9, 10 and Demonstration 3 can be incorporated in the Lab syllabus if the topics concerned to the above experiments are considered in new BEE syllabus.

- 1. J.B. Gupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2002.
- 2. J.B. Gupta, "Utilization of Electric Power and Electric Traction" S.K. Kataria & Sons Publications, 2010
- 3. Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sudipta Nath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Elactrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill, Publications,2009
- 4. Hughes, "Electrical Technology", VII Edition, International Student -on, Addison Welsey Longman Inc., 1995.

Course Code		Core / Elective					
ES 156 CE		Core					
Prerequisite	Cont	Contact Hours per Week				SEE	Credits
-	1	-	4	-	50	50	3

- To prepare you to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- To prepare you to communicate effectively
- > To prepare you to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

# **Course Outcomes**

The students will able to

- Introduction to engineering design and its place in society
- Exposure to the visual aspects of engineering design
- Exposure to engineering graphics standards
- Exposure to solid modelling
- Exposure to computer-aided geometric design
- Exposure to creating working drawings
- > Exposure to engineering communication

Sheet	Description of the Tonia	Contact Hours		
No	Description of the Topic	Lecture	Drawing	
1	Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of drawing instruments.	1		
2	<b>Conic Sections – I</b> Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola given focus and eccentricity.	1	2	
3	<b>Conic Sections – II</b> Construction of ellipse (given major and minor axis), parabola (given base and height), rectangular hyperbola.		2	
4	Cycloids (cycloid & epicycloid)	1	2	
5	Involutes (involute of triangle, square & circle)		2	
6	Scales (plain & diagonal scales)	1	2 + 2	
7	<b>Introduction to AutoCAD</b> Basic commands and simple drawings.		2 + 2	
8	<b>Orthographic Projection</b> Projections of points situated in different quadrants.	1	2	
9	<b>Projections of straight lines – I</b> Line parallel to both the reference planes, line perpendicular or inclined to one reference plane.	1	2	
10	<b>Projections of straight lines – II</b> Line inclined to both the reference planes.	1	2	

11	Projections of planes – I Perpendicular planes	1	2
12	<b>Projections of planes – II</b> Oblique planes		2
13	<b>Projections of solids – I</b> Polyhedra and solids of revolution, Projections of solids in simple position.	1	2
14	<b>Projection of solids – II</b> Projections of solids when the axes inclined to one or both the reference planes.	1	2+2
15	Section of solids – I When the sectional plane is parallel or perpendicular to one reference plane.	1	2
16	Section of solids – II When the sectional plane is inclined to one reference plane.		2
17	<b>Development of surfaces – I</b> Prisms and Cylinders	1	2
18	<b>Development of surfaces – II</b> Pyramids and Cones		2
19	Intersection of surfaces – I Intersection of cylinder and cylinder	1	2
20	Intersection of surfaces – II Intersection of cylinder and cone		2
21	<b>Isometric projection</b> – <b>I</b> planes and simple solids	1	2
22	Isometric projection – II combination of two or three solids		2
23	Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views	1	2
24	<b>Floor plans</b> of 2 or 3 rooms including windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc.	1	2

#### **Suggested Text:**

- 1. Bhatt N.D., Panchal V.M. & Ingle P.R., (2014), Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
- 2. Shah, M.B. & Rana B.C. (2008), Engineering Drawing and Computer Graphics, Pearson Education
- 3. S.N Lal, Engineering Drawing with Introduction to Auto CAD, Cengage Learning India Pvt Lid, New Delhi, 2018.
- 4. Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics, TMH Publication
- 5. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers
- 6. (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals

#### NOTE:

- 1. At least 20 sheets must be covered.
- 2. Sheet number 1 to 6 (Graph sheets / drawing sheets)
- 3. Sheet number 7 to 24 (AutoCAD drawings.

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION **B.E.** (Computer Science and Engineering) III – SEMESTER

		Course Title		Sch Inst	eme o ructio	f n	Scheme of Examination			
S. No.	Course Code			Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses									
-										-
1	HS204ME	Operations Research	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
2	BS206BZ	Biology for Engineers	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
3	ES214EC	Basic Electronics	3	I	-	3	30	70	3	3
4	ES216EC	Digital Electronics	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	PC221CS	Data Structures and Algorithms	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
6	PC222CS	Discrete Mathematics	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
7	PC223CS	Programming Languages	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
Practical/	/ Laboratory									
8	ES251EC	Basic Electronics Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
9	PC252CS	Data Structures and Algorithms Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
10	PC253CS	Advanced Computer Skills Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
			21	-	06	27	285	640		24

HS: Humanities and Social Sciences MC: Mandatory Course

**BS:** Basic Science PC: Professional Core

ES: Engineering Science

T: Tutorial L: Lecture

P: Practical D: Drawing

CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation

SEE: Semester End Evaluation (Univ. Exam) PY: Philosophy, BZ: Biology/Life Sciences, CE: Civil Engineering, CS: Computer Science and Engineering

EC: Electronics and Communication Engineering, ME: Mechanical Engineering.

# Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a clock hour
- 2. The duration of the practical class is two hours, however it can be extended wherever necessary, to enable the student to complete the experiment.
- 3. All the mentioned Mandatory Courses should be offered either in I-Semester or II-Semester only from the academic year 2019-2020.
- 4. For those of the students admitted during the academic year 2018-2019, since the Mandatory Courses were not offered during the I-Semester or II-Semester, they should be offered either in III-Semester or IV-Semester of the academic year 2019-2020.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
HS204ME			Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Cradita
	L	Т	D	Р			Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives**

- ➤ Use variables for formulating complex mathematical models in management science, industrial engineering and transportation models.
- > Use the basic methodology for the solution of linear programming problems.
- Understand the mathematical tools that are needed to solve optimization problems like Transportation models and Assignment models.
- Understand the replacement models with change in money value considering with time and without time.
- > Model a system as a queuing model and compute important performance measures

# **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Prepare the students to have the knowledge of Linear Programming Problem in Operations
- 2. Research at the end students would be able to understand the concept and develop the models for different applications.
- 3. Make students understand the concept Replacement models at the end students would able to explain various features and applications of replacement models in real time scenario.
- 4. Prepare the students to understand theory of Game in operations research at the end students would able to explain application of Game theory in decision making for a conflict
- 5. Prepare the students to have the knowledge of Sequencing model at the end student would able to develop optimum model for job scheduling.
- 6. Prepare students to understand Queuing theory concepts and various optimization techniques at the end students would able to develop models for waiting line cases.

# UNIT-I

Introduction: Definition and Scope of Operations Research.

**Linear Programming:** Introduction, Formulation of linear programming problems, graphical method of solving LP problem, simplex method, maximization and minimization, Degeneracy in LPP, Unbounded and, Infeasible solutions.

# UNIT-II

**Duality:** Definition, Relationship between primal and dual solutions, Economic Interpretation, Post optimal of sensitivity analysis, Dual Simplex Method.

# UNIT-III

**Transportation Models:** Finding an initial feasible solution - North West corner method, least cost method, Vogel's Approximation method, Finding the optimal solution, optimal solution by stepping stone and MODI methods, Special cases in Transportation problems - Unbalanced Transportation problem.

Assignment Problems: Hungarian method of Assignment problem, Maximization in Assignment problem, unbalanced problem, problems with restrictions, travelling salesman problems.

# UNIT-IV

**Replacement Models:** Introduction, replacement of items that deteriorate ignoring change in money value, replacement of items that deteriorate considering change in money value with time, replacement of items that fail suddenly - Individual replacement policy, Group replacement policy.

**Game Theory:** Introduction, 2 person zero sum games, Maximin - Minimax principle, Principle of Dominance, Solution for mixed strategy problems, Graphical method for 2 x n and m x 2 games.

# UNIT-V

**Sequencing Models:** Introduction, General assumptions, processing n jobs through 2 machines, processing 'n' jobs through m machines, Processing 2 jobs through m machines

**Queuing Theory:** Introduction, single channel - Poisson arrivals - exponential service times with infinite population & finite population, Multi-channel - Poisson arrivals - Exponential service times with infinite population.

**Introduction to Optimization Techniques:** Single objective & Multi objective optimization Techniques like G.A, NSGA, P.Q.O & MPSO Techniques.

- 1. Hamdy, A. Taha, Operations Research-An Introduction, Sixth Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1997.
- 2. S.D. Sharma, Operations Research, Kedarnath, Ramnath & Co., Meerut, 2009.
- 3. Hrvey M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research, Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd., 1980.
- 4. V.K. Kapoor, Operations Research, S. Chand Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 5. R. Paneer Selvam, Operations Research, Second Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 6. Data Reconciliation by Prof. Shanker Narasimha

Course Code		Core/Elective						
BS206BZ			Core					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Cradita	
Pielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

# **Course Objectives**

Gain vivid knowledge in the fundamentals and uses of biology, human system and plant system.

# **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply biological engineering principles, procedures needed to solve real-world problems.
- 2. Understand the fundamentals of living things, their classification, cell structure and biochemical constituents.
- 3. Apply the concept of plant, animal and microbial systems and growth in real life situations.
- 4. Comprehend genetics and the immune system.
- 5. Know the cause, symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of common diseases.
- 6. Apply basic knowledge of the applications of biological systems in relevant industries.

# UNIT-I

**Introduction to Life:** Characteristics of living organisms, Basic classification, cell theory, structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, Introduction to Biomolecules: definition, general classification and important functions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, vitamins and enzymes.

# UNIT-II

**Biodiversity:** Plant System: basic concepts of plant growth, nutrition, photosynthesis and nitrogen fixation. Animal System: Elementary study of digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory systems and their functions. Microbial System: History, types of microbes, economic importance and control of microbes.

# UNIT-III

**Genetics and Evolution:** Theories of evolution and Evidences; cell division–mitosis and meiosis; evidence of laws of inheritance; variation and speciation; nucleic acids as a genetic material; central dogma; Mendel laws, gene and chromosomes.

# UNIT-IV

**Human Diseases:** Definition, causes, symptoms, diagnosis, treatment and prevention of diabetes, cancer, hypertension, influenza, AIDS and Hepatitis. Immunity immunization, antigen – antibody immune response

# UNIT-V

**Biology and its Industrial Applications:** Transgenic plants and animals, stem cell and tissue engineering, bioreactors, bio pharming, recombinant vaccines, cloning, drug discovery, biological neural networks, bioremediation, biofertilizer, biocontrol, biofilters, biosensors, biopolymers, bioenergy, biomaterials, biochips, basic biomedical instrumentation.

- 1. A Text book of Biotechnology, R.C.Dubey, S. Chand Higher Academic Publications, 2013
- 2. Diseases of the Human Body, Carol D. Tamparo and Marcia A. Lewis, F.A. Davis Company, 2011.
- 3. Biomedical instrumentation, Technology and applications, R. Khandpur, McGraw Hill Professional, 2004
- 4. Biology for Engineers, Arthur T. Johnson, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis, 2011
- 5. Cell Biology and Genetics (Biology: The unity and diversity of life Volume I), Cecie Starr, Ralph Taggart, Christine Evers and Lisa Starr, Cengage Learning, 2008
- 6. Biotechnology Expanding horizon, B.D. Singh, Kalyani Publishers, 2012.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
ES214EC			Core				
Prerequisite	С	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Cradita
	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SLL	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives**

The objectives of this course is to impart knowledge

- > To understand the characteristics of diodes and transistor configurations
- > To understand the design concepts of biasing of BJT and FET
- > To understand the design concepts of feedback amplifiers and oscillators
- > To study the design concepts of OP Amp and data converters

# **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Study and analyse the rectifiers and regulator circuits.
- 2. Study and analyse the performance of BJTs, FETs on the basis of their operation and working.
- 3. Ability to analyse & design oscillator circuits.
- 4. Ability to analyse different logic gates & multi-vibrator circuits.
- 5. Ability to analyse different data acquisition systems

# UNIT-I

**PN Junction Diode:**Characteristics, Half wave rectifier, Full wave rectifier, filters, ripple, regulation, TIF and efficiency, Zener diode and Zener diode regulators. CRT construction and CRO applications

# UNIT-II

**Transistors:** BJT construction and working, modes of operation, configurations of BJT (CB, CE, CC), small signal h-parameter model of CE, CE amplifier analysis. Construction and working of JFET, V-I characteristics of JFET.

# UNIT-III

**Feedback concepts:** Types of negative feedback – modification of gain, bandwidth, input and output impedances, applications.

Oscillators: RC Phase shift, Wein bridge, LC and crystal Oscillators (Qualitative treatment only).

# UNIT-IV

**Operational Amplifier:** OP-AMP Block diagram, Ideal OP-AMP, DC and AC Characteristics, Inverting and Non-Inverting Amplifiers, Adder/Subtractor, Integrator, Differentiator.

**Logic gate circuits -** Introduction to Digital systems- AND, NAND, NOR, XOR gates, Binary half adder, full adder.

# UNIT-V

**Data Acquisition Systems:** Construction and Operation of transducers- Strain guage LVDT, Thermocouple, Instrumentation systems.

Data Converters: R-2R Ladder DAC, Successive approximation and Flash ADC.
- 1. Robert Boylestad L. and Louis Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, PHI, 2007
- 2. Helfrick D and David Cooper, *Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements Techniques*, 1st edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 3. Salivahanan, Suresh Kumar and Vallavaraj, *Electronic Devices and Circuits*, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2010.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
ES216EC			Core				
Praraquisita	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn the principles of digital hardware and support given by it to the software.
- > To explain the operation and design of combinational and arithmetic logic circuits.
- > To design hardware for real world problems.

## **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the deign process of digital hardware, use Boolean algebra to minimize the logical expressions and optimize the implementation of logical functions.
- 2. Understand the number representation and design combinational circuits like adders, MUX etc.
- 3. Design Combinational circuits using PLDS and write Verilog HDL code for basic gates and combinational circuits.
- 4. Analyse sequential circuits using flip-flops and design registers, counters.
- 5. Represent a sequential circuit using Finite State machine and apply state minimization techniques to design a FSM

# UNIT – I

**Design Concepts:** Digital Hardware, Design process, Design of digital hardware. Introduction to logic circuits – Variables and functions, Logic gates and networks. Boolean algebra, Synthesis using gates, Design examples. Optimized implementation of logic functions using K-Map and Quine-McCluskey Tabular method

# UNIT – II

Number representation: Addition and Subtraction of signed and unsigned numbers.

**Combinational circuit building blocks:** Half adder, Full adder, Multiplexers. Decoders. Encoders. Code converters, BCD to 7-segment converter, Arithmetic comparator circuits.

# UNIT – III

**Design of combinational circuits using Programmable Logic Devices (PLDs):** General structure of a Programmable Array Logic (PAL), Programmable Logic Arrays (PLAs), Structure of CPLDs and FPGAs, 2-input and 3-input lookup tables (LUTs)

Introduction to Verilog HDL: Verilog code for basic logic gates, adders, decoders.

# UNIT – IV

**Sequential Circuits:** Basic Latch, Gated SR Latch, gated D Latch, Master-Slave edge triggered flip-flops, T Flip-flop, JK Flip-flop, Excitation tables. Registers, Counters, Verilog code for flip-flops

#### UNIT – V

**Synchronous Sequential Circuits:** Basic Design Steps, Finite State machine (FSM) representation using Moore and Mealy state models, State minimization, Design of FSM for Sequence Generation and Detection, Algorithmic State Machine charts.

- 1. Moris Mano and Michael D CIletti, Digital Design, Pearson, fourth edition, 2008
- 2. Zvi Kohavi, Switching and Finite Automata Theory, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., Cambridge University Press-New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. R. P Jain, Modern Digital Electronics,4<sup>th</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2003
- 4. Ronald J.Tocci, Neal S. Widmer & Gregory L.Moss, "Digital Systems: Principles and Applications," PHI, 10/e, 2009.
- 5. Samir Palnitkar, "Verilog HDL A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis," 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC221CS		Dat	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To teach the importance of structuring the data for easy access and storage.
- > To teach the implementation of various data structures.
- > To acquire skills in using generic principles for data representation and manipulation with a view for efficiency, maintainability and code reuse.
- > To introduce the basic concepts of advanced data structures.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the importance of abstract data type and implementing the concepts of data structure using abstract data type.
- 2. Evaluate an algorithm by using algorithmic performance and measures.
- 3. Distinguish between linear and non-linear data structures and their representations in the memory using array and linked list.
- 4. Develop applications using Linear and Non-linear data structures.
- 5. Apply the suitable data structure for a real world problem and think critically for improvement in solutions.
- 6. Determine the suitability of the standard algorithms: Searching, Sorting and Traversals.

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction to C++ and Algorithms:** Object oriented Design, Data Abstraction and Encapsulation, Basics of C++: Program organization in C++, Input/output in C++, Classes and Constructors, Access Modifiers, Dynamic Memory Allocation in C++, Templates in C++, Exception Handling.

**Algorithms:** Introduction, Algorithm Specifications, Recursive Algorithms, Performance Analysis of an algorithm- Time and Space Complexity, Asymptotic Notations.

#### UNIT-II

**Stacks and Queues:** ADT Stack and its operations: Algorithms and their complexity analysis, **Applications of Stacks:** Expression Conversion and evaluation –corresponding algorithms and complexity analysis, Queue ADT and its operations: Linear Queue, Circular Queue, Algorithms and their analysis.

#### UNIT-III

Linked Lists: Singly linked lists: Representation in memory, Algorithms of several operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion into, Deletion from linked list; Linked representation of Stack and Queue, Header nodes,

**Doubly linked list:** Operations on it and algorithmic analysis; Circular Linked Lists: all operations their algorithms and the complexity analysis.

#### UNIT-IV

**Trees:** Basic Tree Terminologies, Different types of Trees: Binary Tree, Threaded Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree, AVL Tree; Tree operations on each of the trees and their algorithms with complexity analysis, Heaps.

## UNIT-V

**Sorting and Searching:** Objective and properties of different sorting algorithms: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort; Performance and Comparison among all the methods, Linear and Binary Search algorithms, and their complexity analysis, Hashing

Graph: Basic Terminologies and Representations, Graph search and traversal algorithms and complexity analysis.

- 1. "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C++", Illustrated Edition by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Dinesh Mehta, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Universities Press.
- 2. Algorithms, Data Structures, and Problem Solving with C++", Illustrated Edition by Mark Allen Weiss, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson India.
- 3. "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Illustrated Edition by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Computer Science Press.
- 4. "How to Solve it by Computer", 2nd Impression by R.G. Dromey, Pearson Education.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC222CS			Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To Learn mathematical concepts as applied in computer science for solving logical problems.
- > To model relationships, analyse data, apply probability concepts and use functions to solve problems.
- > To develop the mathematical skills needed for advanced quantitative courses.

## **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply Propositional and Predicate logic for a variety of problems in various domains.
- 2. Understand Set Theory, Venn Diagrams, relations, functions and apply them to Real-world scenarios.
- 3. Model and solve the real world problems using Generating Functions and Recurrence Relations.
- 4. To identify the basic properties of graphs and trees and use these concepts to model simple applications.
- 5. Understand General properties of Algebraic systems and study lattices as partially ordered sets and their applications.
- 6. Apply the knowledge and skills obtained to investigate and solve a variety of discrete mathematics problems.

# UNIT – I

**Logic** – **Sets and Functions** – Logic, Propositional equivalences – Predicates and quantifiers – Nested Quantifiers-Sets-Set Operations, Functions.

**Algorithms- Integers** – **Matrices:** Algorithms, Complexity of Algorithms. The Integers and Division, Integers and Algorithms, Applications of Number Theory, Matrices.

# UNIT – II

Mathematical Reasoning, Induction, and Recursion: Proof Strategy, Sequence and Summation, Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions and Structural Induction, Recursive Algorithms.

**Counting** – Basics, Pigeonhole principle, Permutations and combinations – Binomial Coefficients, Generalized Permutations and combinations, Generating permutations and combinations.

#### UNIT – III

Discrete Probability: An Introduction to Discrete Probability theory, Expected Value and Variance.

Advanced Counting Techniques: Recurrence relations – Solving Recurrence Relations, - Divide and conquer relations – and Recurrence Relations, Generating function – Inclusion – Exclusion – Applications of Inclusion – Exclusion.

# UNIT – IV

**Relations:** Relations & their Properties, n-ray relations and applications, Representing relations – Closures, equivalence relations, partial orderings.

**Graphs:** Introduction, Graph terminology, representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamiltonian paths, Shortest path problems, Planar graphs, Graph colouring.

# UNIT –V

**Trees:** Introduction to Trees, Application of Trees, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees. **Boolean Algebra:** Boolean function, Representing Boolean functions, Logic Gates

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen Discrete Mathematics and its Application 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 2. J. K. Sharma, Discrete Mathematics, Second Edition, Macmillan, 2005.
- 3. J.P. Tremblay, R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structure with Application to Computer Science, McGraw Hill 1997.
- 4. Joel. Mott. Abraham Kandel, T.P. Baker, Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientist & Mathematicians, Prentice Hail N.J., 2nd Edition, 1986.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC223CS		I	Core				
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week						Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To briefly describe various programming paradigms.
- > To provide conceptual understanding of High level language design and implementation.
- > To introduce the power of scripting languages.
- > To provide an introduction to formalisms for specifying syntax and semantics of programming languages.
- > To provide an exposure to core concepts and principles in contemporary programming languages.
- > To analyse and optimize the complexity of the programming languages.

## **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Ability to express syntax and semantics in formal notation.
- 2. Ability to apply suitable programming paradigm for the application.
- 3. Gain Knowledge and comparison of the features programming languages
- 4. program in different language paradigms and evaluate their relative benefits.
- 5. Identify and describe semantic issues associated with variable binding, scoping rules, parameter passing, and exception handling.
- 6. Understand the design issues of object-oriented and functional languages.

#### UNIT-I

**Preliminary Concepts**: Reasons for studying, concepts of programming languages, Programming domains, Language Evaluation Criteria, influences on Language design, Language categories, Programming Paradigms – Imperative, Object Oriented, functional Programming, Logic Programming. Programming Language Implementation – Compilation and Virtual Machines, programming environments. Syntax and Semantics: general Problem of describing Syntax and Semantics, formal methods of describing syntax -BNF, EBNF for common programming languages features, parse trees, ambiguous grammars, attribute grammars, denotational semantics and axiomatic semantics for common programming language features.

#### UNIT- II

**Data types**: Introduction, primitive, character, user defined, array, associative, record, union, pointer and reference types, design and implementation uses related to these types. Names, Variable, concept of binding, type checking, strong typing, type compatibility, named constants, variable initialization. Expressions and Statements: Arithmetic relational and Boolean expressions, Short circuit evaluation mixed mode assignment, Assignment Statements, Control Structures – Statement Level, Compound Statements, Selection, Iteration, Unconditional Statements, guarded commands.

#### UNIT-III

**Subprograms Blocks and Fundamentals of sub-programs**: Scope and lifetime of variable, static and dynamic scope, Design issues of subprograms and operations, local referencing environments, parameter passing methods, overloaded sub-programs, generic sub-programs, parameters that are subprogram names, design issues for functions user defined overloaded operators, co routines.

## UNIT- IV

**Abstract types**: Data Abstractions and encapsulation, introductions to data abstraction, design issues, language examples, C++ parameterized ADT, object oriented programming in small talk, C++, Java, C#, Ada 95 Concurrency: Subprogram level concurrency, semaphores, monitors, massage passing, Java threads, C# threads. Exception handling: Exceptions, exception Propagation, Exception handler in Ada, C++ and Java. Logic Programming Language: Introduction and overview of logic programming, basic elements of prolog, application of logic programming.

## UNIT- V

**Functional Programming Languages**: Introduction, fundamentals of FPL, LISP, ML, Haskell, application of Functional Programming Languages and comparison of functional and imperative Languages. Scripting Language: Pragmatics, Key Concepts, Case Study: Python – Values and Types, Variables, Storage and Control, Bindings and Scope, Procedural Abstraction, Data Abstraction, Separate Compilation, Module Library.

- 1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert W. Sebesta 8/e, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley dreamtech, rp-2007
- 3. Programming Languages, 2nd Edition, A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, TMH.
- 4. Programming Languages, K. C.Louden, 2nd Edition, Thomson, 2003.
- 5. LISP, Patric Henry Winston and Paul Horn, Pearson Education.
- 6. Programming in Prolog, W.F. Clocksin,& C.S.Mellish, 5th Edition, Springer.
- 7. Programming Python, M.Lutz, 3rd Edition, O'reilly, SPD, rp-2007.
- 8. Core Python Programming, Chun, II Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 9. Guide to Programming with Python, Michael Dawson, Thomson, 2008

Course Code			Core/Elective				
ES251EC			Core				
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week						Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Credits
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To understand the characteristics of diodes and transistor configurations
- > To understand the design concepts of biasing of BJT and FET
- > To understand the design concepts of feedback amplifiers and oscillators
- > To study the design concepts of OP Amp and data converters

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Ability to design diode circuits & understand the application of Zener diode.
- 2. Ability to analyse characteristics of BJTs & FETs.
- 3. Ability to understand the different oscillator circuits.
- 4. Ability to understand operation of HWR & FWR circuits with & without filters.
- 5. Ability tom design Analog-to-Digital converters & Digital-to-Analog converters.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. CRO-Applications, Measurements of R, L and C using LCR meter, Colour code method and soldering practice.
- 2. Characteristics of Semiconductors diode (Ge,Si and Zener)
- 3. Static Characteristics of BJT-Common Emitter
- 4. Static Characteristics of BJT-Common Base
- 5. Static Characteristics of FET
- 6. RC-Phase Shift Oscillator
- 7. Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators
- 8. Common Emitter Amplifier
- 9. Astable Multivibrator
- 10. Full-wave rectifier with and without filters using BJT
- 11. Operational Amplifier Applications
- 12. Strain Gauge Measurement
- 13. Analog-to-Digital and Digital to Analog Converters

- 1. Maheshwari and Anand, *Laboratory Experiments and PSPICE Simulations in Analog Electronics*, 1st edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. David Bell A., Laboratory Manual for Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC252CS		Data S	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р		Credits	
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

#### **Course Objectives**

- > Design and construct simple programs by using the concepts of structures as abstract data type.
- > To have a broad idea about how to use pointers in the implement of data structures.
- > To enhance programming skills while improving their practical knowledge in data structures.
- > To strengthen the practical ability to apply suitable data structure for real time applications.

## **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Implement the abstract data type and reusability of a particular data structure.
- 2. Implement linear data structures such as stacks, queues using array and linked list.
- 3. Understand and implements non-linear data structures such as trees, graphs.
- 4. Implement various kinds of searching, sorting and traversal techniques and know when to choose which technique.
- 5. Understanding and implementing hashing techniques.
- 6. Decide a suitable data structure and algorithm to solve a real world problem.

#### **Programming Exercise using C++:**

- 1. C++ Programs to implement: Classes, Constructors, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Dynamic Memory Allocation, Class Templates, Exception Handling.
- 2. Implementation of Stacks, Queues (using both arrays and linked lists).
- 3. Implementation of Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List and Circular List.
- 4. Implementation of Infix to Postfix conversion and evaluation of postfix expression.
- 5. Implementation of Polynomial arithmetic using linked list.
- 6. Implementation of Linear search and Binary Search
- 7. Implementation of Hashing Technique
- 8. Implementation of Binary Tree and Binary tree traversal techniques (inorder, preorder, postorder, level-order)
- 9. Implementation of Binary search tree and its operations
- 10. Implementation of Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Heap Sort
- 11. Implementation of operations on AVL trees.
- 12. Implementation of Graph Search Methods.

Note: It is recommended to use a debugging tool to debug the programs.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC253CS		Adv	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	creatis
-	-	2 25 50					

#### **Course Objectives**

- Introducing a new object oriented programming
- > Enabling students to learn Big Data, Machine Learning etc.
- Preparing students to cope up with new Market tendencies
- > To learn programs in MATLAB environment
- > To handle Functions, Polynomials by using MATLAB commands
- > Ability to solve any Mathematical functions
- > To learn Mathematical Modelling in a new approach
- ➤ To plot Graphics (2-D) easily and effectively

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Implement basic syntax in python.
- 2. Analyse and implement different kinds of OOP concept in real world problems.
- 3. Implement MATLAB operations and graphic functions.

#### List of Programming Exercises:

- 1. Python Variables, Executing Python from the Command Line, Editing Python Files, Python Reserved Words.
- 2. Comments, Strings and Numeric Data Types, Simple Input and Output.
- 3. Control Flow and Syntax, Indenting, if Statement, Relational Operators, Logical Operators, Bit Wise Operators, while Loop, break and continue, for Loop, Lists, Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries.
- 4. Functions: Passing parameters to a Function, Variable Number of Arguments, Scope, Passing Functions to a Function, Mapping Functions in a Dictionary, Lambda, Modules, Standard Modules.
- 5. OOP concepts: Classes, File Organization, Special Methods, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Special Characters, Character Classes, Quantifiers, Dot Character, Greedy Matches, Matching at Beginning or End, Match Objects, Compiling Regular Expressions.
- 6. MATLAB Menus, Toolbars, Computing with MATLAB, Script Files and the Editor/Debugger, MATLAB help System.
- 7. MATLAB controls: Relational Logical Variables. Conditional Statements: if else elseif, switch 2 10. Loops: for while break, continue. User-Defined Functions.
- 8. Arrays, Matrices and Matrix Operations Debugging MATLAB Programs. Working with Data Files, and Graphing Functions: XY Plots Sub-plots.

- 1. Mark Summerfield, "Programming in Python: A Complete Introduction to the Python Language", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2009.
- 2. Martin C. Brown," PYTHON: The Complete Reference", McGraw-Hill, 2001.
- 3. W.J. Palm III, Introduction to MATLAB 7 for Engineers, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2005.
- 4. Wesley J Chun," Core Python Applications Programming", Prentice Hall, 2012.
- 5. Allen B Downey," Think Python", O'Reilly, 2012.
- Stormy Attaway, "MATLAB: A Practical Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving".3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION B.E. (Computer Science and Engineering) IV – SEMESTER

				Sch Inst	eme o ructio	f n	So Exa	cheme aminat	of tion	70
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses	- -	T							
1	HS201EG	Effective Technical Communication in English	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
2	HS202CM	Finance and Accounting	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
3	BS207MT	Mathematics – III (Probability & Statistics)	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
4	ES215EC	Signals and Systems	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	PC231CS	OOP using JAVA	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
6	PC232CS	Computer Organization	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
7	PC233CS	Database Management Systems	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
Practical	/ Laboratory	Courses								
8	PC261CS	Computer Organization Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
9	PC262CS	OOP using JAVA Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
10	PC263CS	Database Management Systems Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
			23	-	06	29	315	710		24

HS: Humanities and Social Sciences

BS: Basic Science

ES: Engineering Science

MC: Mandatory Course L: Lecture T: Tutorial PC: Professional Core P: Practical

CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation

ctical D: Drawing SEE: Semester End Evaluation (Univ. Exam)

PO: Political Science, EG: English, CM: Commerce, MT: Mathematics,

CS: Computer Science and Engineering, EC: Electronics and Communication Engineering,

#### Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a clock hour
- 2. The duration of the practical class is two hours, however it can be extended wherever necessary, to enable the student to complete the experiment.
- 3. All the mentioned **Mandatory Courses** should be offered either in I–Semester or II–Semester only **from the academic year 2019-2020**.
- 4. For those of the students admitted during the academic year 2018-2019, since the Mandatory Courses were not offered during the I–Semester or II–Semester, they should be offered either in III–Semester or IV–Semester of the **academic year 2019-2020**.
- 5. The students have to undergo a Summer Internship of two-week duration after IV Semester and credits will be awarded in V Semester after evaluation.

Course Code			Core/Elective								
HS201EG	Effe	ective Tee	Core								
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits				
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	creatis				
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3				
<b>Course Objectives</b>											
To expose the stude	nts to:	ts to:									
Features of technical communication											
<ul> <li>Types of professional correspondence</li> </ul>											

- Techniques of report writing
- Basics of manual writing
- > Aspects of data transfer and presentations.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students would be able to:

- 1. Handle technical communication effectively
- 2. Use different types of professional correspondence
- 3. Use various techniques of report writing
- 4. Acquire adequate skills of manual writing
- 5. Enhance their skills of information transfer and presentations

#### UNIT-I

**Definition and Features of Technical communication:** Definition and features of technical communication (precision, relevance, format, style, use of visual aids), Differences between general writing and technical writing, Types of technical communication (oral and written)

#### UNIT-II

Technical Writing-I (Official correspondence): Emails, IOM, Business letters, Business proposals.

#### UNIT-III

Technical writing-II (Reports): Project report, Feasibility report, Progress report, Evaluation report.

#### UNIT-IV

Technical writing- III (Manuals): Types of manuals, User manual, Product manual, Operations manual.

#### UNIT-V

**Information Transfer and Presentations:** Non-verbal (bar diagram, flow chart, pie chart, tree diagram) to verbal (writing), Verbal (written) to non-verbal, Important aspects of oral and visual presentations.

- 1. Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta. (2015). *Technical Communication: Principles and Practice* (3rd ed.). New Delhi, OUP.
- 2. Rizvi, Ashraf, M. (2017). *Effective Technical Communication* (2nd ed.). New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Sharma, R. C., & Mohan, Krishna. (2017). Business Correspondence and Report Writing: A Practical Approach to Business & Technical Communication (4th ed.). New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Tyagi, Kavita & Misra, Padma. (2011). Advanced Technical Communication. New Delhi, PHI Learning.
- 5. Jungk, Dale. (2004). Applied Writing for Technicians. New York, McGraw-Hill Higher Education.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
HS202CM		F	Core				
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week						Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives**

The course will introduce the students

- > To provide basic understanding of Financial and Accounting aspects of a business unit
- > To provide understanding of the accounting aspects of business
- > To provide understanding of financial statements
- > To provide the understanding of financial system
- > To provide inputs necessary to evaluate the viability of projects
- > To provide the skills necessary to analyse the financial statements

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Evaluate the financial performance of the business unit.
- 2. Take decisions on selection of projects.
- 3. Take decisions on procurement of finances.
- 4. Analyse the liquidity, solvency and profitability of the business unit.
- 5. Evaluate the overall financial functioning of an enterprise.

#### UNIT-I

**Basics of Accounting:** Financial Accounting–Definition- Accounting Cycle – Journal - Ledger and Trial Balance-Cash Book-Bank Reconciliation Statement (including Problems)

#### UNIT-II

**Final Accounts**: Trading Account-Concept of Gross Profit- Profit and Loss Account-Concept of Net Profit-Balance Sheet (including problems with minor adjustments)

#### UNIT-III

**Financial System and Markets:** Financial System-Components-Role-Considerations of the investors and issuers- Role of Financial Intermediaries. Financial Markets-Players- Regulators and instruments - Money Markets Credit Market- Capital Market (Basics only)

#### UNIT-IV

**Basics of Capital Budgeting techniques:** Time Value of money- Compounding- Discounting- Future Value of single and multiple flows- Present Value of single and multiple Flows- Present Value of annuities-Financial Appraisal of Projects– Payback Period, ARR- NPV, Benefit Cost Ratio, IRR (simple ratios).

#### UNIT-V

**Financial statement Analysis:** Financial Statement Analysis- Importance-Users-Ratio Analysis-liquidity, solvency, turnover and profitability ratios.

- 1. Satyanarayana. S.V. and Satish. D., Finance and Accounting for Engineering, Pearson Education
- 2. Rajasekharan, Financial Accounting, Pearson Education
- 3. Sharma.S.K. and Rachan Sareen, Financial Management, Sultan Chand
- 4. Jonathan Berk, Fundamentals of Corporate Finance, Pearson Education
- 5. Sharan, Fundamentals of Financial Management, Pearson Education

Course Code			Core/Elective				
BS207MT	N	<b>Iathema</b>	Core				
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week						Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

#### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce the solution methodologies for second order Partial Differential Equations with applications in engineering
- > To provide an overview of probability and statistics to engineers

## **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Solve field problems in engineering involving PDEs.
- 2. They can also formulate and solve problems involving random variables and apply statistical methods for analysing experimental data.

**UNIT-I**: Introduction of Probability, Conditional probability, Theorem of Total probability, Baye's Theorem and its applications, Random variables, Types of random variables, Probability mass function and Probability density function, Mathematical expectations.

**UNIT-II:** Discrete probability distributions: Binomial and Poisson distributions, Mean, variance, moment generating function and evaluation of statistical parameters for these distributions, Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis.

**UNIT-III:** Continuous probability distributions, Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions, Mean, variance, moment generating function and evaluation of statistical parameters for these distributions

**UNIT-IV:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares: Fitting of straight lines, second degree parabolas and more general curves, Correlation, regression and Rank correlation. Test of significance: Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions, single mean, difference of means, and difference of standard deviations.

**UNIT-V:** Test for single mean, difference of means and correlation coefficients, test for ratio of variances, Chi-square test for goodness of fit and independence of attributes.

- 1. R.K.Jain & Iyengar, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications.
- 2. B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, 2000.
- 3. P.Sivaramakrishna Das & C.Vijaya Kumar, "Engineering Mathematics", Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. N.P. Bali & M. Goyal, "A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi Publications, 2010.
- 5. S.C.Gupta & V.K.Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S.Chand Pub.
- 6. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port & C. J. Stone, "Introduction to Probability Theory", Universal Book Stall, 2003.
- 7. W. Feller, "An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications", Vol. 1, Wiley, 1968.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
ES215EC			Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To explain signals and systems representations/classifications and also describe the time and frequency domain analysis of continuous time signals with Fourier series, Fourier transforms and Laplace transforms.
- To understand Sampling theorem, with time and frequency domain analysis of discrete time signals with DTFS, DTFT and Z-Transform.
- To present the concepts of convolution and correlation integrals and also understand the properties in the context of signals/systems and lay down the foundation for advanced courses.

## **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Define and differentiate types of signals and systems in continuous and discrete time
- 2. Apply the properties of Fourier transform for continuous time signals
- 3. Relate Laplace transforms to solve differential equations and to determine the response of the Continuous Time Linear Time Invariant Systems to known inputs
- 4. Apply Z-transforms for discrete time signals to solve Difference equations
- 5. Obtain Linear Convolution and Correlation of discrete time signals with graphical representation

## UNIT-I

**Some useful operations on signals:** Time shifting, Time scaling, Time inversion. Signal models: Impulse function, Unit step function, Exponential function, Even and odd signals. Systems: Linear and Non-linear systems, Constant parameter and time varying parameter systems, Static and dynamic systems, Causal and Non-causal systems, Lumped Parameter and distributed parameter systems, Continuous-time and discrete-time systems, Analog and digital systems.

# UNIT-II

**Fourier series:** Signals and Vectors, Signal Comparison: correlation, Signal representation by orthogonal signal set, Trigonometric Fourier Series, Exponential Fourier Series, LTI system response to periodic inputs.

#### UNIT-III

**Continuous-Time Signal Analysis:** Fourier Transform: Aperiodic signal representation by Fourier integral, Fourier Transform of some useful functions, Properties of Fourier Transform, Signal transmission through LTI Systems, ideal and practical filters, Signal energy. Laplace transform: Definition, some properties of Laplace transform, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform.

# UNIT-IV

**Discrete-time signals and systems:** Introduction, some useful discrete-time signal models, Sampling continuous-time sinusoids and aliasing, Useful signal operations, examples of discrete-time systems. Fourier analysis of discrete-time signals, periodic signal representation of discrete-time Fourier series, aperiodic signal representation by Fourier integral.

## UNIT-V

**Discrete-time signal analysis:** Z-Transform, some properties of Z-Transform, Solution to Linear difference equations using Z-Transform, System realization. Relation between Laplace transform and Z-Transform. **DTFT:** Definition, Properties of DTFT, comparison of continuous-time signal analysis with discrete-time signal analysis.

- 1. B. P. Lathi, *Linear Systems and Signals*, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009
- 2. Alan V O P Penheim, A. S. Wlisky, Signals and Systems, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall
- 3. Rodger E. Ziemer, William H Trenter, D. Ronald Fannin, *Signals and Systems*, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson 1998.
- 4. Douglas K. Linder, Introduction to Signals and Systems, McGraw Hill, 1999
- 5. P. Ramakrishna Rao, Signals and Systems, TMH.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PC231CS			Core					
Promouisito	C	Contact Hours per Week				SEE	Credits	
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Cicuits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand fundamentals of object-oriented programming in Java which includes defining classes, invoking methods, difference between applet and application programs, using class libraries
- To create Java application programs using sound OOP practices such as interfaces, exception handling, multithreading.
- > Use Collection framework, AWT and event handling to solve real world problems.
- > Exploring Swing, and implementing Servlets.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Identify classes, objects, members of a class and the relationships needed to solve a problem.
- 2. Use interfaces and creating user-defined packages.
- 3. Utilize exception handling and Multithreading concepts to develop Java programs.
- 4. Compose programs using the Java Collection API.
- 5. Design a GUI using GUI components with the integration of event handling.
- 6. Create files and read from computer files.

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** OOP concepts, history of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java programs.

**Classes and Objects:** Concept of classes, objects, constructors, methods, this keyword, super keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, parameter passing, Arrays

String handling: String, StringBuffer, StringBuilder

# UNIT -II

Inheritance: Base class object, subclass, member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, method overriding, abstract classes.

**Interfaces:** Defining and implementing an interface, differences between classes and interfaces and extending interfaces Polymorphism.

Packages: Defining, creating and accessing a package, importing packages, exploring packages

# UNIT -III

**Exception handling:** Concepts and benefits of exception handling, exception hierarchy, checked and unchecked exceptions, usage of-try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating User defined exceptions.

**Multithreading:** Difference between multi-threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, synchronizing threads, daemon threads, thread groups.

#### UNIT -IV

Basic I/O Streams: Java I/O classes and interfaces, Files, Stream and Byte classes, Character streams, Serialization

Exploring java.lang: Object class, Wrapper classes

Exploring java.util: Scanner, StringTokenizer, BitSet, Date, Calendar, Timer

Regular Expressions: Pattern class, Matcher class, Split method. Enum and Internationalization

# UNIT -V

**AWT & Event Handling:** The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components - labels, buttons, canvas, scrollbars, text components, checkbox, checkbox groups, choices, lists.

Events, event sources, event classes, event listeners, delegation event model, handling mouse and key board events, adapter classes.

Layout manager: Border, Grid, Flow, Card and Grid Bag layouts.

Swings: Introduction, limitations of AWT, components, containers,

Exploring Swing Components - JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, Text fields, JButton class, Checkboxes, Radio buttons, ScrollPanes.

- 1. Java The complete reference, 8th edition, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 2. Understanding OOP with Java, up dated edition, T. Budd, Pearson education.
- 3. Head First Java, 2nd Edition by Bert Bates, Kathy Sierra Publisher: O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 4. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons.
- 5. An Introduction to OOP, second edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.
- 6. Introduction to Java programming 6th edition, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 7. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development, R. A. Johnson-Thomas.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PC232CS			Core					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Credits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To understand basic components of computers.
- > To explore the I/O organizations in depth.
- > To explore the memory organization.
- > To understand the basic chip design and organization of 8086 with assembly language

#### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. After this course students understand in a better way the I/O and memory organization in depth.
- 2. Ability to understand the merits and pitfalls in computer performance measurements.
- 3. Identify the basic elements and functions of 8086 microprocessors.
- 4. Understand the instruction set of 8086 and use them to write assembly language programs.
- 5. Demonstrate fundamental understanding on the operation between the microprocessor and its interfacing devices.

#### UNIT-I

**Basic Computer Organization**: Functions of CPU, I/O Units, Memory: Instruction: Instruction Formats-One address, two addresses, zero addresses and three addresses and comparison; addressing modes with numeric examples: Program Control- Status bit conditions, conditional branch instructions, Program Interrupts: Types of Interrupts.

#### UNIT-II

**Input-Output Organizations**: I/O Interface, I/O Bus and Interface modules: I/O Vs Memory Bus, Isolated Vs Memory-Mapped I/O, Asynchronous data Transfer- Strobe Control, Hand Shaking: Asynchronous Serial transfer- Asynchronous Communication interface, Modes of transfer Programmed I/O, Interrupt Initiated I/O,DMA; DMA Controller, DMA Transfer, IOP-CPU-IOP Communication, Intel 8089 IOP.

#### UNIT-III

**Memory Organizations**: Memory hierarchy, Main Memory, RAM, ROM Chips, Memory Address Map, Memory Connection to CPU, associate memory, Cache Memory, Data Cache, Instruction cache, Miss and Hit ratio, Access time, associative, set associative, mapping, waiting into cache, Introduction to virtual memory.

#### UNIT-IV

**8086 CPU Pin Diagram**: Special functions of general purpose registers, Segment register, concept of pipelining, 8086 Flag register, Addressing modes of 8086.

#### UNIT-V

**8086-Instruction formats**: assembly Language Programs involving branch & Call instructions, sorting, evaluation of arithmetic expressions.

- 1. Computer system Architecture: Morris Mano (UNIT-1,2,3).
- 2. Advanced Micro Processor and Peripherals- Hall/ A K Ray(UNIT-4,5).
- 3. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
- 4. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson.
- 5. Fundamentals or Computer Organization and Design, Sivaraama Dandamudi Springer Int. Edition.
- 6. Computer Architecture a quantitative approach, John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Fourth Edition Elsevier.
- 7. Computer Architecture: Fundamentals and principles of Computer Design, Joseph D. Dumas II, BS Publication.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PC233CS		Data		Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Credits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To Learn mathematical concepts as applied in computer
- > To introduce three scheme architecture and DBMS functional components.
- > To learn formal and commercial query languages of RDBMS
- > To Study different file organization and indexing techniques
- > To familiarize theory of serializablity and implementation of concurrency control, and recovery

## **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Understand the mathematical foundations on which RDBMS are built
- 2. Model a set of requirements using the Extended Entity Relationship Model (EER), transform an EER model into a relational model and refine the relational model using theory of normalization
- 3. Develop Database application using SQL and Embedded SQL
- 4. Use the knowledge of file organization and indexing to improve database application performance
- 5. Understand the working of concurrency control and recovery mechanisms in RDBMS

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Database System Application, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Values, Nested Subqueries, Complex Queries views, Modification of the Databaae, Joined Relations

Data, Database Language, Relational Databases, Database Design, Object-Based and Semi-Structured Databases, Data Storages and Querying, Transaction Management, Data Mining and Analysis, Database Architecture, Database Users and Administrators.

**Database Design and the E-R Model:** Overview of the Design Process, The Entity Relationship Model Constraints, Entity-Relationship Design issues, Weak Entity Sets Extended E-R Features Database Design for banking Enterprise, Reduction to Relational Schemas, Other Aspects of Database Design

#### UNIT-II

**Relational Model:** Structure of Relational Databases, Fundamental Relational-Algebra Operations, Additional Relational-Algebra Operations, Extended Relational-Algebra Operations, Null Values, Modification of the Databases

**Structured Query Language:** Data Definition, Basic Structure of SQL Queries, Set Operations, Aggregate Functions, Null

#### UNIT-III

Advanced SQL: SQL Data Types and Schemes, Integrity constraints, Authorization, Embedded SQL, Dynamic SQL, Functions and Procedural Constructs, Recursive Queries, Advanced SQL Features.

**Relational Database Design:** Features of Good Relational Design, Atomic Domains and First Normal Form, Functional Dependency Theory, Decomposition using Functional Dependencies.

#### UNIT-IV

**Indexing and Hashing:** Basic Concepts, Ordered Indices, B\*-tree index files, B-tree index files, multiple key access, static hashing, dynamic hashing, comparison of ordered indexing and hashing bitmap indices. **Index definition in SQL transactions:** Transaction concepts, transaction state, implementation of atomicity and durability, concurrent executions, serializability, recoverability, implementation of isolation, testing for serializability.

#### UNIT-V

**Concurrency Control:** Lock based protocols, timestamp based protocols, validation based protocols, multiple granularity, multi version schemes, deadlock handling, insert and delete operations, weak levels of consistency, concurrency of index structures.

**Recovery system:** Failure classification, storage structure, recovery and atomicity, log-based recovery, recovery with concurrent transactions, buffer management, failure with loss of non-volatile storage, advanced recovery techniques, remote backup systems.

- Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F Korth, S Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, McGraw-Hill, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010
- 2. Ramakrishnan, Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw-Hill, 3rd Edition, 2003
- 3. Elmasri, Navathe, Somayajulu, Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2004.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PC261CS		Co	Core					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Credits	
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1	

#### **Course Objectives**

The objectives of the course are to impart knowledge of the:

- > To become familiar with the architecture and Instruction set of Intel 8086 microprocessor.
- > To provide practical hands on experience with Assembly Language Programming.
- > To familiarize the students with interfacing of various peripheral devices with 8085 microprocessors.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Interpret the principles of Assembly Language Programming, instruction set in developing microprocessor based applications.
- 2. Develop Applications such as: 8-bit Addition, Multiplication, Division, array operations, swapping, negative and positive numbers.
- 3. Analyse the interfaces like serial ports, digital-to-analog Converters and analog-to-digital converters etc.
- 4. Build interfaces of Input-output and other units like stepper motor with 8086.
- 5. Analyse the function of traffic light controller.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Tutorials with 8086 kit / MASM software tool.
- 2. Fixed-point multiplication and division.
- 3. Floating-point multiplication and division.
- 4. Sorting hexadecimal array.
- 5. Code conversion from hexadecimal to decimal.
- 6. Sum of set of BCD numbers.
- 7. Searching.
- 8. Display a string of characters using 8279.
- 9. Interfacing traffic light controller using 8255.
- 10. Interfacing seven-segment LED using 8255.
- 11. Interfacing stepper motor using 8255.
- 12. Interfacing 8253 counter.
- 13. D/A conversion using 8255.
- 14. A/D conversion using 8255.

- 1. Yu-cheng Liu, Glenn A. Gibson, "Microcomputer Systems: The 8086/8088 Family", 2nd Edition, PHI Learning 2011.
- 2. Douglas Hall. "Microprocessor and Interfacing programming and Hardware", Tata Mc Graw Hill, Revised 2nd Edition, 2007.
- Brey B. Brey, "The Intel Microprocessor, 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium and Pentium ProProcessors-Architecture, Programming and interfacing", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 1993.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PC262CS			Core					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rielequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Credits	
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To build software development skills using java programming for real world applications.
- > To implement frontend and backend of an application
- > To implement classical problems using java programming.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Design interfaces and packages.
- 2. Compose program for implementation of multithreading concepts.
- 3. Develop program using Collection Framework.
- 4. Develop small GUIs using GUI components with the integration of event handling.
- 5. Handle I/O Streams from various sources.
- 6. Write programs using the Java Concepts.

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Write a Java program to illustrate the concept of class with method overloading
- 2. Write a Java Program that reads a line of integers, and then displays each integer, and the sum of all the integers (Use String Tokenizer class of java. util)
- 3. Write a Java program to illustrate the concept of Single level and Multi level Inheritance.
- 4. Write a Java program to demonstrate the Interfaces & Abstract Classes.
- 5. Write a Java program to implement the concept of exception handling.
- 6. Write a Java program to illustrate the concept of threading using Thread Class and runnable Interface.
- 7. Write a Java program to illustrate the concept of Thread synchronization.
- 8. Write a Java program that correctly implements producer consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.
- 9. Write a Java program to illustrate collection classes like Array List, Linked List, Tree map and Hash map.
- 10. Write a Java program to illustrate Legacy classes like Vector, Hashtable, Dictionary & Enumeration interface
- 11. Write a Java program to implement iteration over Collection using Iterator interface and List Iterator interface
- 12. Write a Java program that reads a file name from the user, and then displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, whether the file is writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes.
- 13. Write a Java program to illustrate the concept of I/O Streams
- 14. Write a Java program to implement serialization concept
- 15. Write a Java applet program to implement Colour and Graphics class
- 16. Write a Java applet program for handling mouse & key events
- 17. Write a Java applet program to implement Adapter classes

Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -, \*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result.

Course Code				Core/Elective				
PC263CS		Datab	Core					
Proroquisito	Contact Hours per Week					SEE	Credite	
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Credits	
-	-	2 25 50					1	
<b>Course Objectives</b>				· ·				
<ul><li>To practice</li></ul>	various Dl	DL comma	ands in SQ	L				
To write sin	nple and co	omplex qu	eries in SQ	2L				
To familiari	ze PL/SQ	Ĺ						
<b>Course Outcomes</b>								
After the completion	After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:							
1. Design and implement a database schema for a given problem								
2. Populate an	d query a o	database u	sing SQL a	and PL/SQ	Ĺ			

3. Develop multi-user database application using locks

Creation of database (exercising the commands for creation)

- 1. Simple to complex condition query creation using SQL Plus.
- 2. Usage of triggers and stored procedures
- 3. Creation of forms for student information, library information, pay roll etc.
- 4. Writing PL/SQL procedures for data validation.
- 5. Report generation using SQL reports.
- 6. Creating password and security features for applications.
- 7. Using of file locking, table locking facilities in applications.
- 8. Creation of small full-fledged database application spreading over 3 sessions.
- **Note:** The creation of sample database for the purpose of the experiments is expected to be pre-decided by the instructor.

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION BE (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING) AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM

# CSE - SEMESTER - V (Proposed for the academic year 2020-21)

			Sc In	heme struc	of tion		Scheme of Examination			
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	D/P	Contact Hrs/W	CIE	SEE	Duratio n in Hrs	Credits
Theory	Course									
1.	PC 501 CS	Software Engineering	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
2.	PC 502 CS	Operating Systems	3	1	_	4	30	70	3	3
3.	PC 503 CS	Automata Languages & Computation	3	1	_	4	30	70	3	3
4.	PE-I	Professional Elective-I	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5.	PE-II	Professional Elective-II	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
6.	PE-III	Professional Elective-III	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
		Practical/I	Labor	atory	Cours	se				
7.	PC531 CS	Software Engineering Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1.5
8.	PC532 CS	Operating Systems Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1.5
9.	PW533 CS	Mini Project	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
Total			18	03	06	27	255	570		22

Profession Elective – I					
Course Code	Course Title				
PE 511 CS	Artificial Intelligence				
PE 512 CS	Advanced Computer Architecture				
PE 513 CS	Image Processing				

Profession Elective – II					
Course Code Course Title					
PE 521 CS	Web and Internet Technologies				
PE 522 CS	Embedded Systems				
PE 523 CS	Graph Theory				
- PE 524 CS	Data Analytics				

Profession Elective – III						
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title					
PE 531 CS	Block Chain Technologies					
PE 532 CS	Information Retrieval Systems					
PE 533 CS	Soft Computing					
PE 534 CS	Computer Graphics					

				Sche Instr	eme o ructio	f n	E	Scheme xaminat	of tion	dits
S. No	Cours e Code	Course Title	L	Т	D/P	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs/Wk	Cre
		Т	heory (	Cours	se		-	-		
1.	PC 601 CS	Compiler Design	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
2.	PC 602 CS	Computer Networks	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
3.	PC 603 CS	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	1	-	3	30	70	3	3
4.	PE-IV	Professional Elective - IV	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	PE - V	Professional Elective - V	3	-	-	- 3	30	70	3	3
6	OE-I	Open Elective-I	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	3
		Practical	/Labor	atory	v Cou	irse	-	-		
7	PC631 CS	Compiler Design Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
8	PC632 CS	Computer Networks Lab	_	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
9	PC 633 CS	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	_	_	2	2	25	50	3	1
10	SI 671 IT	Summer Internship*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Tota	ıl	18	3	6	27	205	570		21

# CSE - SEMESTER - VI (Proposed for the academic year 2020-21)

Profession Elective – IV							
Course Code	<b>Course Title</b>						
PE 627CS	Advanced Operating Systems						
PE 628 CS	Cloud Computing						
PE 629 CS	Speech and Natural Language Processing						
PE 630 CS	Machine Learning						

Profession Elective – V				
Course Code	Course Title			
PE 651 CS	Data Mining			
PE 652CS	Human Computer Interaction			
PE 653 CS	Digital Forensics			
PE 654 CS	Internet of Things			

<b>Open Elective - I</b>					
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title				
OE 601 EG	Soft Skills & Interpersonal Skills				
OE 602 MB	Human Resource Development and Organizational Behaviour				
OE 601 LW	Cyber Law and Ethics				
OE 601 EE	Electrical Energy Conservation and Safety				
OE 602 EE	Reliability Engineering				
OE 611 AE	Basics of Automobile Engineering				
OE 611 ME	Entrepreneurship				
OE 601 CS	Operating Systems				
OE 602 CS	OOP Using JAVA				
OE 601 IT	Database Systems				
OE 602 IT	Data Structures				
OE 601 CE	Disaster Mitigation				

Course Code		Core/ Elective					
PC 501 CS		CORE					
Prerequisite	Cor	s Per Week	CIE	SEE	Credits		
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

# Course Objectives

To introduce the basic concepts of software development processes from defining a product to shipping and maintaining

- To impart knowledge on various phases, methodologies and practices of software development
- To understand the importance of testing in software development, study various testing strategies along with its relationship with software quality and metrics

# Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Acquired working knowledge of alternative approaches and techniques for each phase of software development
- Judge an appropriate process model(s) assessing software project attributes and analyze necessary requirements for project development eventually composing SRS
- Creation of visual models to describe (non-) algorithmic solutions for projects using various design principles.
- Acquire skills necessary as an independent or as part of a team for architecting a complete software project by identifying solutions for recurring problems exerting knowledge on patterns.
- Concede product quality through testing techniques employing appropriate metrics by understanding the practical challenges associated with the development of a significant software system.

# UNIT-I

**Introduction to Software Engineering: A generic view of Process:** Software Engineering, Process Framework, CMM Process Patterns, Process Assessment.

**Process Models:** Prescriptive Models, Waterfall Model, Incremental Process Models, Evolutionary Process Models, Specialized Process Models, The Unified Models, Personal and Team Process Models, Process Technology, Product and Process.

An Agile view of Process: Introduction to Agility and Agile Process, Agile Process Models.

# UNIT-II

**Software Engineering Principles:** SE Principles, Communication Principles, Planning Principles, Modeling Principles, Construction Principles, Deployment.

**System Engineering:** Computer-based Systems, The System Engineering Hierarchy, Business Process Engineering, Product Engineering, System Modeling.

**Requirements Engineering:** A Bridge to Design and Construction, Requirements Engineering Tasks, Initiating Requirements Engineering Process, Eliciting Requirements,

Developing Use-Cases, Building the Analysis Model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements.

# UNIT-III

**Building the Analysis Model:** Requirements Analysis Modeling Approaches, Data Modeling Concepts, Object-Oriented Analysis, Scenario-based Modeling, Flow-oriented Modeling, Class-based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

**Design Engineering:** Design within the context of SE, Design Process and Design Quality, Design Concepts, The Design Model, Pattern-based Software Design.

# UNIT-IV

**Creating an Architectural Design:** Software Architecture, Data Design, Architectural Styles and Patterns, Architectural Design.

**Modeling Component-Level Design:** Definition of Component, Designing Class-based Components, Conducting Component-level Design, Object Constraint Language, Designing Conventional Components.

**Performing User Interface Design:** The Golden Rules, User Interface Analysis and Design, Interface Analysis, Interface Design Steps, Design Evaluation.

# UNIT-V

**Testing: Strategies:** A Strategic Approach to Conventional Software Testing, Test Strategies for O-O Software. **Tactics:** Software Testing Fundamentals, Black-box and White-box Testing, Basis Path Testing, Control Structure Testing, O-O Testing Methods.

**Debugging:** Debugging Techniques, The Art of Debugging.

**Product Metrics:** A Framework for Product Metrics, Metrics for each phase of software development.

**Software Quality:** Definition, **Quality Assurance:** Basic Elements, Formal Approaches, Statistical Software Quality Assurance, Software Reliability, ISO9000 Quality Standards, SQA Plan.

# Suggested Books:

- 1. Roger S. Pressman, *Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach*, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009
- 2. Ali Behforooz and Frederick J. Hudson, *Software Engineering Fundamentals*, Oxford University Press, 1996
- 3. PankajJalote, *An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Narosa Publishing House, 2008

Course Code	Course Title OPERATING SYSTEMS							
PC 502 CS								
Prerequisite	Contact Hours Per Week						Credits	
	L	Т	D	Р				
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	3	
<ul> <li>To learn the fundamentals of Operating Systems.</li> <li>To learn the mechanisms of OS to handle processes and threads and their communication</li> <li>To learn the mechanisms involved in memory management in contemporary OS</li> <li>To gain knowledge on distributed operating system concepts that includes architecture, Mutual exclusion algorithms, deadlock detection</li> <li>To know the components and management aspects of concurrency management <i>Course Outcomes</i></li> <li>Identify System calls and evaluate process scheduling criteria of OS.</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>Develop procedures for process synchronization of an OS.</li> <li>Demonstrate the concepts of memory management and of disk management</li> <li>Solve issues related to file system interface and implementation, I/O systems</li> </ul>							nt ns	

> Describe System model for deadlock, Methods for handling deadlocks.

# UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Concept of Operating Systems, Generations of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, OS Services, System Calls, Structure of an OS - Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operating Systems, Concept of Virtual Machine.

# UNIT-II

**Processes:** Definition, Process Relationship, Different states of a Process, Process State transitions, Process Control Block (PCB), Context switching

Thread: Definition, Various states, Benefits of threads, Types of threads, Concept of multithreads,

**Process Scheduling:** Foundation and Scheduling objectives, Types of Schedulers, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms, multiprocessor scheduling

# UNIT-III

**Process Synchronization:** Inter-process Communication: Critical Section, Race Conditions, Mutual Exclusion, Peterson's Solution, classical problems of synchronization: The Bounded

buffer problem, Producer\Consumer Problem, reader's & writer problem, Dinning philosopher's problem. Semaphores, Event Counters, Monitors, Message Passing,

**Deadlocks:** Definition, Necessary and sufficient conditions for Deadlock, Methods for Handling: Deadlocks: Deadlock prevention, Deadlock Avoidance: Banker's algorithm, Deadlock detection and Recovery.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Memory Management:** Basic concept, Logical and Physical address map, Memory allocation: Contiguous Memory allocation, fragmentation and Compaction; Paging: Principle of operation – Page allocation – Hardware support for paging, structure of page table, Protection and sharing, Disadvantages of paging.

**Virtual Memory**: Basics of Virtual Memory – Hardware and control structures – Locality of reference, Page fault, Working Set, Dirty page/Dirty bit – Demand paging, Page Replacement algorithms, Trashing

## UNIT-V

**I/O Hardware:** I/O devices, Device controllers, Direct memory access Principles of I/O Software: Goals of Interrupt handlers, Device drivers, Device independent I/O software,

**File Management:** Concept of File, Access methods, File types, File operation, Directory structure, File System structure, Allocation methods, Free-space management, directory implementation, efficiency and performance.

Secondary-Storage Structure: Disk structure, Disk scheduling algorithms, Disk Management, RAID structure

#### Suggested books:

- 1. AviSilberschatz, Peter Galvin, Greg Gagne, *Operating System Concepts Essentials*, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley Asia Student Edition, 2017.
- 2. William Stallings, *Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles*, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2016.
- 3. Maurice Bach, *Design of the Unix Operating Systems*, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, 2009.
- 4. Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, *Understanding the Linux Kernel*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, , O'Reilly and Associates.
| Course<br>Code   | Course Title Core/<br>Electi  |  |  |  |  |  |                          |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| PC 503 CS  | AUTOMATA LANGUAGES & COMPUTATION  |  |  |  |  |  |                          |  |  |
| Prerequisite   | CIE SEE   |  |  |  | SEE  | Credits                                    |                          |  |  |
| Trerequisite   | L   | Т  | D  | P  |  | <b>SEE</b>                                 | Creatis                  |  |  |
| -  | 3   | 1  | -  | -  | 30   | 70   | 3                        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Course Objectives</li> <li>Develop a formal notation for strings, languages and machines.</li> <li>Design finite automata to accept a set of strings of a language.</li> <li>Prove that a given language is regular and apply the closure properties of languages.</li> </ul> |   |  |  |  |  |  |                          |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Desig<br/>Conv</li> <li>Prove<br/>gener</li> </ul>  | sign context free grammars to generate strings from a context free language and<br>nvert them into normal forms.<br>ove equivalence of languages accepted by Push down Automata and languages<br>herated by context free grammars |  |  |  |  |  |                          |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Ident:</li> <li>Distinunded</li> </ul>  | ify the hierarch<br>nguish betwee<br>cidability.  | y of forma<br>n comput   | ll language<br>ability and   | s, gramma<br>1 non-con   | rs and mach<br>nputability   | and Decid                                  | lability and             |  |  |
| Course Outc  | romes   |  |  |  |  |  |                          |  |  |
| <ul> <li>&gt; Write</li> <li>&gt; Desig</li> <li>&gt; For a</li> <li>&gt; Desig</li> <li>&gt; Deter gener</li> <li>&gt; Write</li> </ul>   | e a formal notat<br>gn finite automa<br>given language<br>gn context free<br>mine equivaler<br>ated by contex   | ion for stri<br>ata to accept<br>e determin-<br>grammars<br>ace of lang<br>t free gram | ings, langua<br>pt a set of s<br>e whether t<br>to generate<br>guages acco<br>mars | ages and m<br>strings of a<br>the given la<br>e strings of<br>epted by P | hachines.<br>language.<br>anguage is f<br>context fre<br>ushdown A | regular or ne<br>e languages<br>utomata an | ot.<br>3.<br>d languages |  |  |

Distinguish between computability and non-computability and Decidability and undecidability.

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Finite state automata, Non-deterministic finite state automata, FA with  $\in$  -transitions, Regular expressions, Applications of FA, Properties of regular sets, Pumping Lemma, Closure properties, Myhill-Nerode Theorem, Minimization of FA.

## UNIT-II

**Context Free Grammars and Languages:** Derivations, Parse-trees, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages. Pushdown Automata–Definitions, The languages of PDA, Equivalence of PDAs and CFGs, Deterministic Pushdown Automata.

## UNIT-III

Properties of CFLs: Normal forms for CFGs, Pumping Lemma, Closure properties,

Deterministic Context Free Languages, Decision properties.

## UNIT-IV

**Turing Machines:** Introduction, Computational Languages and Functions, Techniques for construction of Turing machines. Modifications of TM, TM as enumerator, Restricted TM.

### UNIT-V

**Undecidability:** Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages, UTM and undecidable problem, Rice Theorem, Post's correspondence problem. Chomsky's Hierarchy– Regular grammars, Unrestricted grammar, CSL, Relationship between classes of languages.

#### Suggested Books:

- 1. John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani and Jeffrey D. Ullman, *Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation,* 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Asia,2007
- 2. John Martin, *Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PC 531 CS		SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB							
Prerequisite	Co	ntact Hours	CIE	SEE	Credits				
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Creans		
-	-	-	-	2					
<ul> <li>Course Object</li> <li>To un</li> <li>To g Engin</li> <li>To de</li> <li>Course Outco</li> <li>Student will I</li> <li>Analy</li> <li>Use o</li> </ul>	<i>ctives</i> derstand the se gain knowledg eering (CASE velop test plan <i>omes</i> be able to: vze and design pen source cas	oftware eng ge about ). is and test of software re se tools to of	gineering n open sour cases to per equirement levelop sof	nethodolog rce tools form vario s in an effi tware	gies for proj for Comp ous testing. icient mann	ect develop outer Aideo er.	ment. d Software		

## I. FORWARD ENGINEERING

Students have to form a team with a batch size of two or three and take up a **case study based project** to analyze, plan, design UML models and create a prototypical model (identifying deliverables) by coding the developed designs and finally documenting considering any one example of the following domains:-

- 1. Academics (Course Registration System, Student marks analyzing system)
- 2. Health Care (Expert system to prescribe medicines for given symptoms, Remote Diagnostics, Patient/Hospital Management System)
- 3. Finance (Banking:ATM/NetBanking, UPI:PayTM/PhonePay, Stocks:Zerodha)
- 4. E-Commerce (various online shopping portals like FlipKart/Amazon/Myntra)
- 5. Logistics (Postal/Courier:IndiaPost/DTDC/UPS/FedEx, Freight:Maersk)
- 6. Hospitality (Tourism Management:Telangana Tourism/Incredible India, Event Management: MeraEvents/BookMyShow/Explara/EventBrite)
- 7. Social Networking (LinkedIn, FaceBook, Shaadi.com, BharatMatrimony, Tinder)
- 8. Customer Support (Banking Ombudsman, Indian Consumer Complaints Forum)
- Booking/Ticketing(Food:Zomato/Swiggy/BigBasket/Grofers/JioMart, Hotel:OYO/Trivago or Travel: {Cars:Uber/OLA/Zoom, Railways:IRCTC, Buses:OnlineTSRTC/RedBus/AbhiBus, Flights:MakeMyTrip/Goibibo, Ships:Lakport})

REVERSE **ENGINEERING:** refer П. Students have project to any repository:GitLab/GitHub. the code in order observe execute to its functionalities/features/requirements and by the help of any tool derive the designs from the code for understanding the relationships among various subsystems/classes/components and

if the tool partially generates models then identify by associating elements to judge/mark the appropriate relationships.

**III. TESTING:** Prepare Test Plan and develop Test Case Hierarchy to monitor or uncover/report errors using manual/automated testing tools

Software Required: StarUML/Umbrello, NetBeans/Eclipse IDE, XAMPP/MEAN stack, JUnit, JMeter, Selenium, Bugzilla

Course Code		Core/ Elective						
PC 532 CS		CORE						
Prerequisite	usite Contact Hours Per Week CIE SEE						Credits	
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р				
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	2	
<ul> <li>Learn</li> <li>Demo</li> <li>Under</li> <li>occur</li> <li>Under</li> <li>Learn</li> <li>Course Outor</li> <li>Evalu</li> </ul>	different types onstrate the usa rstand memory in them and va rstand Banker' various disk s <i>omes</i> ate the perform	s of CPU so ge of sema managem arious page s algorithm cheduling a nance of di	cheduling a phores for ent techniq replacement used for c algorithms.	algorithms solving sy ues and di ent policies leadlock a es of CPU	vnchronizati fferent type s voidance scheduling	on problem s of fragme algorithms	n entation that	
<ul> <li>Evaluate the performance of different types of CPU scheduling algorithms</li> <li>Implement producer-consumer problem, reader-writers problem, Dining philosopher problem</li> <li>Simulate Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance</li> <li>Implement paging replacement and disk scheduling techniques</li> </ul>								

> Use different system calls for writing application programs.

## I. CASE STUDY

Perform a case study by installing and exploring various types of operating systems on a physical or logical (virtual) machine

## II. List of Experiments (preferred programming language is C)

- 1. Write a C programs to implement UNIX system calls and file management
- 2. Write C programs to demonstrate various process related concepts.
- 3. Write C programs to demonstrate various thread related concepts.
- 4. Write C programs to simulate CPU scheduling algorithms: FCFS, SJF, Round Robin
- 5. Write C programs to simulate Intra & Inter-Process Communication (IPC) techniques: Pipes, Messages Queues, Shared Memory.
- 6. Write C programs to simulate solutions to Classical Process Synchronization Problems: Dining Philosophers, Producer-Consumer, Readers-Writers
- 7. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance.
- 8. Write C programs to simulate Page Replacement Algorithms: FIFO, LRU
- 9. Write C programs to simulate implementation of Disk Scheduling Algorithms: FCFS, SSTF

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PW 533 CS		CORE							
Prerequisite	Co	SEE	Credits						
	L	Т	D	Р		~			
-	_	2 25 50							
Course Obje	ectives: To prepare the students								

To enhance practical and professional skills.

- > To familiarize tools and techniques of systematic literature survey and documentation
- > To expose the students to industry practices and team work.
- > To encourage students to work with innovative and entrepreneurial ideas

## Course Outcomes

- Demonstrate the ability to synthesize and apply the knowledge and skills acquired in the academic program to the real-world problems.
- > Evaluate different solutions based on economic and technical feasibility
- > Effectively plan a project and confidently perform all aspects of project management
- > Demonstrate effective coding, written, presentation and oral communication skills

The students are required to carry out mini projects in any of the areas such as Data Structures, Microprocessors and Interfacing, Database Management Systems, Operating Systems, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Software Engineering, Data Communications, Web Programming & Services, Computer Networks, Compiler Construction, and Object Oriented System Development.

Problems Statements are suggested to be taken from Smart India Hackathon (SIH) Portal invited from the Ministries / PSUs / MNCs / NGOs to be worked out through.

The project could be classified as hardware, software, modeling, simulation etc. The project should involve one or many elements of techniques such as analysis, design, and synthesis.

The department will appoint a project coordinator who will coordinate the following:

- 1. Grouping of students (maximum of 3 students in a group)
- 2. Allotment of projects and project guides.
- 3. All projects allotment is to be completed by the 4th week of the semester so that the students get sufficient time for completion of the project.
- 4. Disseminate guidelines given by monitoring committee comprising of senior faculty members to the students and their guides.

Sessional marks are to be awarded by the monitoring committee.

Common norms will be established for the final presentation and documentation of the project report by the respective departments.

Students are required to submit a presentation and report on the mini project at the end of the semester.

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PE 511 CS		ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE							
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	2	CIE	SEE	Credits		
	L	L T D P							
-	3	3 30 70							

- Understand the importance of the field of AI by discussing its history and various applications.
- > Learn about one of the basic applications of A.I, search state formulations.
- Learn methods of expressing knowledge by a machine with appropriate reasoning and different mathematics involved behind it
- > Learn how to reason when an agent has only uncertain information about its task.
- > Know various supervised and unsupervised learning algorithms

## Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- > Formalize a problem in the language/framework of different AI methods
- Illustrate basic principles of AI in solutions that require problem solving, search, inference
- Represent natural language/English using Predicate Logic to build knowledge through various representation mechanisms
- Demonstrate understanding of steps involved in building of intelligent agents, expert systems, Bayesian networks
- Differentiate between learning paradigms to be applied for an application

## UNIT-I

**Problem Solving & Search: Introduction-** What is intelligence? Foundations of artificial intelligence (AI). History of AI, Structure of Agents;

Problem Solving - Formulating problems, problem types, states and operators, state space;

**Search Strategies. -** Informed Search Strategies- Best first search, A\* algorithm, heuristic functions, Iterative deepening A\*;

Adversarial Search/ Game playing - Perfect decision game, imperfect decision game, evaluation function, alpha-beta pruning;

## UNIT-II

**Knowledge, Reasoning & Planning : Reasoning -** Knowledge based agent, Propositional Logic, Inference, Predicate logic (first order logic), Resolution

**Structured Knowledge Representation** – Frames, Semantic Nets

**Planning -** A Simple Planning Agent, Form Problem Solving to Planning, Basic representation of plans, partial order planning, hierarchical planning

### **UNIT-III**

**Expert Systems, Reasoning with Uncertainty: Expert System and Applications:** Introduction, Phases in Building Expert Systems, Expert System Architecture, Applications;

**Uncertainty** - Basic probability, Bayes rule, Belief networks, Inference in BayesianNetworks, Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic: Fuzzy logic system architecture, membership function;

Decision Making- Utility theory, utility functions;

### **UNIT-IV**

**Learning: Machine-Learning Paradigms:** Introduction, Machine Learning Systems, Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Inductive Learning, Learning Decision Trees

Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Artificial Neural Networks, Single-Layer Feed-Forward Networks, Multi-Layer Feed-Forward Networks

**Reinforcement learning** – Learning from rewards, Passive and Active reinforcement learning, Applications

#### **UNIT-V**

**Communicating & Perceiving: Introduction to NLP-** Progress & applications of NLP, Components of NLP, Grammars, Parsing

Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR) – Speech Processing, Ex: DRAGON, HARPY, Machine Vision – Applications, Basic Principles of Vision, Machine vision techniques: Low, Middle and High level vision

AI Today & Tomorrow - Achievements, ubiquitous AI

- 1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig. *Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Press, 2009.
- 2. Kevin Knight, Elaine Rich, B. Nair, *Artificial Intelligence*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 3. Nils J. Nilsson, *The Quest for Artificial Intelligence*, Cambridge University Press, 2009

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 512 CS	ADV.	ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits			
1	L	Т	D	Р						
	3	-	-	-	30	70	-			

• An overview of computer architecture, which stresses the underlying design principles and the impact of these principles on computer performance. General topics include design methodology, processor design, control design, memory organization, system organization, and parallel processing.

### Course Outcomes

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- > Know the classes of computers, and new trends and developments in computer architecture
- > Understand pipelining, instruction set architectures, memory addressing.
- Understand the performance metrics of microprocessors, memory, networks, and disks
- > Understand the performance and efficiency in advanced multiple-issue processors.
- > Understand symmetric shared-memory architectures and their performance.

## UNIT-I

**Introduction** - What is computer architecture? Software-hardware interface. Performance and Power. Performance metrics. Performance measurement. Benchmark programs.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Instructions-** Instruction Set. Operations. Operands and addressing modes. Role of compilers and system software. Understanding implementation of function calls and returns, array references, pointers.

#### UNIT-III

**Computer Arithmetic-** Signed integers. Floating point. Rounding and accuracy. Addition and Subtraction. Multiplication. Division

**Processor** - Data path elements. Data path control.

#### UNIT-IV

**Pipelining -** Speedup. Pipeline hazards. Stalling. Forwarding. Branch prediction. Exceptions. Speculation. Multiple issue.

**Dynamic scheduling**; Cache memory- Locality of reference. Cache organization and access. Multilevel caches. Performance. Cache coherence.

## UNIT-V

**Virtual Memory-** Hardware support for address translation, page fault handling. Translation look aside buffer, Hardware-software interface.

**Input/Output-** Hard disk. Flash memory. I/O interfacing. Memory mapped I/O. Interrupt driven I/O. Direct memory access. Redundant arrays of inexpensive disks; Introduction to Multi-core architecture, Multi-processors. Clusters.

- 1. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, *Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware and Software Interface,* Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition.(2009)
- 2. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: *A Quantitative Approach*, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers (2007)

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PE 513 CS		IMAGE PROCESSING							
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits		
1	L	Т	D						
DS,DM	3	3 30 70							

### **Objectives of the course**

- To introduce basics of visual perception, sampling, quantization and representation of digital images
- To introduce spatial domain and frequency domain filtering techniques necessary for image processing operations.
- To learn advanced image analysis techniques such as image restoration, image compression, image segmentation
- To learn techniques of multi resolution methods, wavelets and morphological processing.
- To understand the applications of image processing.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Understand the basic image enhancement techniques in spatial & frequency domains.
- Understand the basics of multi-resolution techniques.
- Understand the basics of segmentation methods.
- Apply this concept for image handling in various fields.
- Knowledge about Morphological operations.

#### UNIT-I

**Fundamentals of Image Processing**: Introduction, examples, fundamental steps, components, elements of visual perception, light and electromagnetic spectrum, image sensing and acquisition, image sampling and quantization, basic relationships between pixels. **Intensity Transformations And Spatial Filtering**: Background, some basic intensity transformation functions, histogram processing, fundamentals of spatial filtering, smoothing spatial filters, sharpening spatial filters, combining spatial enhancement methods.

#### UNIT-II

**Filtering In The Frequency Domain**: Background, preliminary concepts, sampling and Fourier transform of sampled functions, discrete Fourier transform (DFT) of one variable, extension to functions of two variables, some properties of the 2-D discrete Fourier transform, basics of filtering in the frequency domain, image smoothing, image sharpening, homo-morphic filtering.

## UNIT –III

**Image Restoration**: Noise models, restoration in the presence of noise only-spatial filtering, periodic noise reduction by frequency domain filtering, linear degradation, position-invariant degradation, estimating the degradation function, inverse filtering, minimum mean square error filtering, constrained least squares filtering, geometric mean filter.

## UNIT - IV

**Wavelets And Multi Resolution Processing**: Background, multi-resolution expansions, wavelet transforms in one dimension, the fast wavelet transform, wavelet transforms in two dimensions, wavelet packets.

Image Compression: Fundamentals, image compression models, elements of information theory, error free compression, lossy compression, image compression standards.

### UNIT-V

**Image Segmentation**: Fundamentals, point, line and edge detection, thresholding, regionbased segmentation, segmentation using morphological watersheds, the use of motion in segmentation.

**Morphological Image Processing**: Preliminaries, erosion and dilation, opening and closing, the Hit-or-Miss transformation, some basic morphological algorithms, some basic gray-scale morphological algorithms.

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, *Digital Image Processing*, PHI Learning Pvt. Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008.
- 2. Rafael C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods and Steven L.Eddins, *Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 3. AL. Bovik, *The Essential Guide to Image processing*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2009.
- 4. Anil K.Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", PHI, 2006.
- 5. William K. Pratt, *Digital Image Processing*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2001

Course Code		Core/ Elective					
PE 521 CS	V	ELECTIVE					
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	<u>C</u>	CIE	SEE	Credits
1	L	Т	D	Р			
C, C++, Java, DC	3	-					
C, C++, Java, DC	L 3	T -	D -	Р -	30	70	

- > Learn various client side technologies for developing web based applications.
- > Learn the concepts of JavaScript and Angular JS for adding rich GUI.
- > To Know about XML applications with DTD and Schema.
- > To familiarize the concepts about Servlets and JSPs in dynamic web applications.
- > To learn how to establish database connectivity in web applications.

## **Course Outcomes**

- > Understand the concepts of HTML and CSS.
- > Acquire the knowledge to build AJAX based applications using Javascript.
- > Understand and apply the concepts of servlet framework
- > Implement JSP to build interactive web applications
- > Acquire the knowledge of database connectivity in web applications

## UNIT-I

A Brief Introduction to Internet, The World Wide Web, Web Browsers, Web Servers, Uniform Resource Locators, MIME, HTTP

**HTML5:** Evolution of HTML and XHTML, Basic Syntax, Document Structure, Links, Images, Multimedia, Lists, Tables, Creating Forms. Cascading Style sheets.

## UNIT-II

**JavaScript:** Overview, Object Orientation and JavaScript, Syntactic Characteristics, Primitives, Operators, Expressions, Input and Output, Control Statements, Objects Creation and modification, Arrays, Functions, Constructors, Pattern Matching. Manipulating DOM, HTML DOM Events, Basics of AJAX with example.

## **UNIT-III**

**XML:** Introduction to XML, Syntax, XML document structure, Document Type Definition, Name spaces, XML Schemas, Display in raw XML documents, Displaying XML documents with CSS, XPath Basics, XSLT, XML Processors.

**J2EE:** Exploring Enterprise architecture styles, Features of EE platform, Web servers and application servers.

**Database programming with JDBC:** JDBC Drivers, Exploring JDBC Processes with the java.sql Package.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Servlets Technology:** Exploring the Features of Java Servlet, Exploring the Servlet API, Explaining the Servlet Life Cycle, Creating a Sample Servlet, Working with ServletConfig and ServletContext Objects, Implementing Servlet Collaboration, Exploring the Session Tracking Mechanisms.

## UNIT-V

**JSP Technology:** Advantages of JSP over Java Servlet, Architecture of a JSP Page, Life Cycle of a JSP Page, Working with JSP Basic Tags and Implicit Objects, Working with Action Tags in JSP, Exploring EL, Exploring the Elements of Tag Extensions, Tag Extension API, Working with Simple Tag Handlers, Accessing Database from Servlet and JSP.

- 1. Robert W.Sebesta: *Programming the World Wide Web*, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2009
- 2. Java Server Programming Java EE7 (J2EE 1.7): Black Book, (2014), Dreamtech Press
- 3. Porter Scobey, PawanLingras: *Web Programming and Internet Technologies an E-Commerce Approach*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2009.
- 4. Bryan Basham, Kathy Sierra, Bert Bates: Head first Servlets & JSP, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, OREILLY, 2008.

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 522 CS		EMBEDDED SYSTEMS								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	X	CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	L T D P OIL SIL								
-	3	3								

- To provide an overview of Design Principles of Embedded System.
- Understand the fundamentals of Microcontroller based systems, basic hardware components, selection methods and attributes of an embedded system.
- To introduce and discuss Interfacing of various real world devices with 8051 microcontroller
- Comprehend the real time operating system used for the embedded system
- To expose students to the recent trends in embedded system design.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Demonstrate the role of individual components involved in a typical embedded system.
- Describe the architectural features and instructions of Intel 8051 Microcontroller
- Apply the knowledge gained for Programming ARM for different applications.
- Expected to visualize the role of Real time Operating Systems in Embedded Systems
- Interpret the basic hardware components and their selection method based on the characteristics and attributes of an embedded system.

## UNIT-I

Embedded Computing: Introduction, Complex Systems and Microprocessor; Embedded

System Design Process, Design Examples.

**The 8051 Microcontrollers**: Introduction, 8051 Micro Controller Hardware, Input/Output Ports and Circuits, External Memory, Counter and Timers, Serial data Input/Output, interrupts.

## UNIT-II

## Basic Assembly Language Programming Concepts: Assembly Language Programming

Process, Programming Tools and Techniques, Programming the 8051, Data Transfer

and Logical Instructions. Arithmetic Operations, Decimal Arithmetic, Jump and Call Instructions, Further Details on Interrupts.

## UNIT-III

### Interfacing real world devices with 8051 microcontroller:

Analog to Digital converters (ADC) & Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) basics. ADC, DAC and Temperature Sensor interfacing with 8051 microcontroller. LCD and Matrix Keyboard interfacing with 8051microcontroller.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Introduction to Real-Time Operating Systems:** Tasks and Task States, Tasks and Data, Semaphores, Shared Data, Message Queues, Mailboxes and Pipes, Timer Functions, Events, Memory Management, Interrupt Routines in an RTOS Environment.

## UNIT-V

**Embedded Software Development Tools:** Host and Target machines, Linker/Locators for Embedded Software, Getting Embedded Software into the Target System.

**Debugging Techniques:** Testing on Host Machine, Using Laboratory Tools, An Example System.

- 1. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components-Principles of Embedded Computer System Design, Morgan Kaufmann publishers, Third edition, 2012.
- 2. Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi, RolinMcKinlay, *The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson education, 2011.
- 3. Raj Kamal, Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), 2014.

Course Code		Course Title							
PE 523 CS			ELECTIVE						
Prerequisite	Con	Credits							
	L	Т	D	Р					
-	3	3							
<ul> <li>Course Object</li> <li>To co</li> <li>To int</li> <li>To leat</li> <li>To un</li> <li>Course Outer</li> <li>Upon complet</li> <li>Write</li> <li>Differ</li> <li>Devel</li> </ul>	<i>ctives</i> mprehend gra- troduce variou arn a variety o derstand and a <i>comes</i> etion of the cou- mathematical rentiate the po- lop algorithms	phs as moo s data stru f different analyze va urse, the st definition tential use based on	deling and ctures with problems rious graph udents will is involving of directed diverse ap	analysis to n graph the in graph th hs l be able to g basic gra d and undi plications	ool eory neory o: aphs rected grap of graphs i	ohs n different	domains.		

Validate and critically assess a mathematical proof related with graphs

## UNIT-I

**BASICS OF GRAPHS AND TREES**: Graphs – Introduction – Isomorphism – Sub Graphs – Walks, Paths, Circuits – Connectedness– Components – Euler Graphs – Hamiltonian paths and circuits – Trees – Properties of Trees– Distance and Centers in Tree – Rooted and Binary Trees.

## UNIT-II

**TREES, CONNECTIVITY & PLANARITY:** Spanning Trees – Fundamental Circuits – Spanning Trees in a Weighted Graph – Cut Sets – Properties of Cut Set – All Cut Sets – Fundamental Circuits and Cut Sets – Connectivity and Separability – Combinational and Geometric Graphs – Planer Graphs – Different Representation of a Planer Graph.

## UNIT-III

**COLOURING AND DIRECTED GRAPH:** Chromatic Number – Chromatic Partitioning – Chromatic Polynomial – Edge Coloring & Vertex Coloring –Vizing's Theorem – Directed Graphs – Types of Directed Graphs – Digraphs and Binary Relations – Directed Paths and Connectedness – Euler Graphs.

### UNIT-IV

**MATCHINGS & COVERS:** Matchings– Matchings& Coverings in Bipartite Graphs – Perfect Matching – Maximum Matching – Hall's Theorem & Consequences– Min – Max Theorems – Independent Sets & Edge Covers – Cuts & Connectivity

### UNIT-V

**PLANAR GRAPHS:** Plane & Planar graphs – Dual Graphs – Euler Formula – Kuratowski's Theorem – The five-color theorem and four color conjecture.

- 1. Douglas B. West, *Introduction to Graph Theory*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India,2015.
- 2. Narsingh Deo, *Graph Theory: With Application to Engineering and Computer Science*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 3. F. Harry, *Graph Theory*, Narosa Publications, 2001.
- 4. Rosen K.H., —Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, McGraw Hill, 2007.

Course Code		Course Title									
PE 524 CS		DATA ANALYTICS									
Prerequisite	Contact Hours Per Week					SEE	Credits				
	L	Т	D	Р							
Any One Programming Language, Data Base & Basic Statistics	3	-	-	-	30	70	3				

- > Overview of Data and Data analytics on huge datasets.
- Prepare Qualitative Data to perform different strategies of analytics
- Explore Data Analysis using R Software
- Able to realistically assess the application of data analytics technologies for different usage scenarios

#### Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- > Demonstrate proficiency with statistical analysis of data.
- > Develop the ability to build and assess data-based models.
- > Execute statistical analyses with professional statistical software.
- Demonstrate skill in data management.
- Apply data science concepts and methods to solve problems in real-world contexts and will communicate these solutions effectively

## UNIT - I

Getting to Know Your Data - Data Objects and Attribute Types - Attribute, Nominal Attributes, Binary Attributes, Ordinal Attributes, Numeric Attributes, Discrete versus Continuous Attributes. Basic Measuring Data Similarity and Dissimilarity - Data Matrix versus Dissimilarity Matrix, Proximity Measures for Nominal Attributes, Proximity Measures for Binary Attributes, Dissimilarity of Numeric Data: Minkowski Distance, Proximity Measures for Ordinal Attributes, Dissimilarity for Attributes of Mixed Types, Cosine Similarity.

#### UNIT - II

**Introduction to Data Analytics** - Big Data and Data Science, Small Data, A Short Taxonomy of Data Analytics, Examples of Data Use, Breast Cancer in Wisconsin, Polish Company Insolvency Data, A Little History on Methodologies for Data Analytics.

**Descriptive Statistics** - Scale Types, Descriptive Univariate Analysis, Univariate Frequencies, Contents, Univariate Data Visualization, Univariate Statistics, Common Univariate Probability Distributions, Descriptive Bivariate Analysis, Two Quantitative Attributes, Two Qualitative Attributes, at Least one of them Nominal, Two Ordinal Attributes.

#### UNIT - III

**Descriptive Multivariate Analysis** - Multivariate Frequencies, Multivariate Data Visualization, Multivariate Statistics, Location Multivariate Statistics, Dispersion Multivariate Statistics.

**Data Quality and Preprocessing -** Data Quality, Missing Values, Redundant Data, Inconsistent Data, Noisy Data, Outliers, Converting to a Different Scale Type, Converting Nominal to Relative, Converting Ordinal to Relative or Absolute, Converting Relative or Absolute to Ordinal or Nominal, Converting to a Different Scale.

### UNIT - IV

**Data Analytics Lifecycle Overview** - Key Roles for a Successful Analytics Project, Background and Overview of Data Analytics Lifecycle - Discovery, Data Preparation, Model Planning, Model Building, Communicate Results, Operationalize and Case Study.

**Data Analytics Methods using R -** Introduction to R, R Graphical User Interfaces, Data Import and Export, Attribute and Data Types, Descriptive Statistics, Exploratory Data Analysis, Visualization Before Analysis, Dirty Data Visualizing a Single Variable Examining Multiple Variables, Data Exploration Versus Presentation.

#### UNIT - V

**Data Visualization Basics -** Key Points Supported with Data, Evolution of a Graph, Common Representation Methods, How to Clean Up a Graphic, Additional Considerations.

**Applications of Data Analytics on Text & Web:** Working with Texts, Data Acquisition, Feature Extraction, Tokenization, Stemming, Conversion to Structured Data, Trends, Sentiment Analysis, Web Mining, & Recommender Systems.

#### Suggested Text Books:

- 1. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques Second Edition Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber Morgan KaufMan Publisher, 2011
- 2. A General Introduction to Data Analytics, Joao Mendes Moreira, Andre C.P.L.F.de Carvalho, Tomas Horvath, Wiley Publications., 2018.
- *3.* David Dietrich, Barry Hiller, "Data Science & Big Data Analytics", EMC education services, Wiley publications, 2012.

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PE 531 CS		<b>BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGY</b>							
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits		
	L	Т	D						
-	3	3 30 70							

- > Understand how block chain systems (mainly Bitcoin and Ethereum) work,
- ➤ To securely interact with them,
- > Design, build, and deploy smart contracts and distributed applications,
- > Integrate ideas from block chain technology into their own projects.

*Course Outcomes:* Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- > Explain design principles of Bitcoin and Ethereum.
- Explain Nakamoto consensus.
- > Explain the Simplified Payment Verification protocol.
- > List and describe differences between proof-of-work and proof-of-stakeconsensus.
- > Interact with a block chain system by sending and reading transactions.
- > Design, build, and deploy a distributed application.
- > Evaluate security, privacy, and efficiency of a given block chain system.

## UNIT - I

**Basics:** Distributed Database, Two General Problem, Byzantine General problem and Fault Tolerance, Hadoop Distributed File System, Distributed Hash Table, ASIC resistance, Turing Complete.

**Cryptography:** Hash function, Digital Signature - ECDSA, Memory Hard Algorithm, Zero Knowledge Proof.

## UNIT - II

**Blockchain:** Introduction, Advantage over conventional distributed database, Block chain Network, Mining Mechanism, Distributed Consensus, Merkle Patricia Tree, Gas Limit, Transactions and Fee, Anonymity, Reward, Chain Policy, Life of Block chain application, Soft & Hard Fork, Private and Public block chain.

## UNIT - III

**Distributed Consensus:** Nakamoto consensus, Proof of Work, Proof of Stake, Proof of Burn, Difficulty Level, Sybil Attack, Energy utilization and alternate.

## Unit - IV

**Cryptocurrency:** History, Distributed Ledger, Bitcoin protocols - Mining strategy and rewards, Ethereum -

Construction, DAO, Smart Contract, GHOST, Vulnerability, Attacks, Sidechain, Namecoin

## Unit – V

**Cryptocurrency Regulation:** Stakeholders, Roots of Bit coin, Legal Aspects-Crypto currency Exchange, Black Market and Global Economy.

**Applications:** Internet of Things, Medical Record Management System, Domain Name Service and future of Block chain.

*Case study :* Naive Blockchain construction, Memory Hard algorithm - Hashcash implementation, Direct Acyclic Graph, Play with Go-ethereum, Smart Contract Construction, Toy application using Blockchain, Mining puzzles

- 1. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller and Steven Goldfeder, Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction, Princeton University Press, 2016.
- 2. Satoshi Nakamoto, Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System
- 3. DR. Gavin Wood, "ETHEREUM: A Secure Decentralized Transaction Ledger," Yellow paper.2014.
- 4. Nicola Atzei, Massimo Bartoletti, and TizianaCimoli, A survey of attacks on Ethereum smart contracts

Code		Core/ Elective							
PE 532 CS	INF	ELECTIVE							
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hours	Per Week	-	CIE	SEE	Credits		
1	L	Т	D	Р					
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	-		
<ul> <li><i>Course Objectives</i></li> <li>To understand indexing and querying in information retrieval systems</li> <li>To learn the different models for information retrieval</li> <li>To expose the students to text classification and clustering</li> <li>To learn about web searching</li> <li>Course Outcomes</li> </ul>									

- indexing and retrieval, query processing)Quantitatively evaluate information retrieval systems
- Classify and cluster documents
- Understand the practical aspects of information retrieval such as those in web search engines.

## UNIT-I

**Introduction to Information Retrieval Systems**: Definition of Information Retrieval System, Objectives of Information Retrieval Systems, Functional Overview, Relationship to Database Management Systems, Digital Libraries and Data Warehouses.

**Boolean Retrieval:** An example information, Building an inverted index, processing Boolean queries, the extended Boolean model versus ranked retrieval.

The term vocabulary and postings lists: Document delineation and character sequence decoding, determining the vocabulary of terms, Faster postings list intersection via skip pointers, Positional postings, and Phrase queries.

**Dictionaries and tolerant retrieval:** Search structures for dictionaries, Wildcard queries, spelling correction.

## UNIT-II

**Index construction:** Hardware basics, blocked sort-based indexing, Single-pass inmemory indexing, Distributed indexing, Dynamic indexing, Other types of indexes. **Index compression:** Statistical properties of terms in information retrieval, Dictionary compression, Postings filecompression.

**Cataloging and Indexing**: History and Objectives of Indexing, Indexing Process, Automatic Indexing, Information Extraction.

**Scoring, term weighting and the vector space model:** Parametric and zone indexes, Term frequency and weighting, the vector space model for scoring, and Variant tf-idf functions.

## UNIT-III

**Evaluation in information retrieval:** Information retrieval system evaluation, Standard test collections, Evaluation of unranked retrieval sets, Evaluation of ranked retrieval results, Assessing relevance.

**Relevance feedback and query expansion:** Relevance feedback and pseudo relevance feedback, Global methods for query reformulation.

**Probabilistic information retrieval:** Basic probability theory, The Probability Ranking Principle, The Binary Independence Model.

Language models for information retrieval: Language models, The query likelihood model.

## UNIT-IV

**Text classification and Naive Bayes:** The text classification problem, Naive Bayes text classification, The Bernoulli model, Properties of Naive Bayes, and Feature selection.

**Vector space classification:** Document representations and measures of relatedness in vector spaces, Rocchio classification, k- nearest neighbour, Linear versus nonlinear classifiers.

**Flat clustering:** Clustering in information retrieval, Problem statement, Evaluation of clustering, k-means. **Hierarchical clustering:** Hierarchical agglomerative clustering, Single-link and complete-link clustering, Group-average agglomerative clustering, Centroid clustering, Divisive clustering.

## UNIT-V

**Matrix decompositions and Latent semantic indexing:** Linear algebra review, Term-document matrices and singular value decompositions, Low-rank approximations, Latent semantic indexing.

**Web search basics:** Background and history, Web characteristics, Advertising as the economic model, The search user experience, Index size and estimation, Near-duplicates and shingling.

Web crawling and Indexes: Overview, Crawling, Distributing indexes, Connectivity servers.

Link analysis: The Web as a graph, Page Rank, Hubs and Authorities.

- Christopher D. Manning, PrabhakarRaghavan, HinrichSchütze, *An Introduction to Information Retrieval*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England,2008
- 2. David A. Grossman, OphirFrieder, *Information Retrieval–Algorithms and Heuristics*, Springer, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (Distributed by Universities Press),2004.
- 3. Gerald J Kowalski, Mark T Maybury. *Information Storage and Retrieval Systems*, Springer, 2000
- 4. SoumenChakrabarti, *Mining the Web: Discovering Knowledge from Hypertext Data*, Morgan- Kaufmann Publishers,2002.

Course Code		Core/ Elective					
PE 533 CS		ELECTIVE					
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hours	s Per Week	CIE	SEE	Credits	
	L	Т	D	Р		~==	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

## **Objectives of the course**

- Classify the various soft computing frame works
- Be familiar with the design of neural networks, fuzzy logic and fuzzy systems
- Learn mathematical background for optimized genetic programming

## **Course Outcomes**

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Learn about soft computing techniques and their applications.
- Learn about fuzzy logic, various fuzzy systems and their functions.
- Use fuzzy rules and reasoning to develop decision making and expert system
- Choose and design suitable neural network for real time problems
- Understand the genetic algorithm concepts and their applications

## UNIT-I

**Introduction to Soft Computing**: Soft computing constituents, characteristics of neurocomputing and soft computing, difference between hard computing and soft computing, some applications of soft computing techniques, concepts of learning and adaptation.

## UNIT-II

**Fuzzy logic:** Introduction to classical/crisp sets and fuzzy sets, classical/crisp relations and fuzzy relations, tolerance and equivalence relations, non-iterative fuzzy sets.

**Membership functions:** fuzzification, methods of membership value assignments, defuzzification, lambda cuts for fuzzy sets and fuzzy relations, defuzzification methods.

## **UNIT-III**

**Fuzzy arithmetic and fuzzy measures:** Fuzzy rule base and approximate reasoning, truth values and tables in fuzzy logic, fuzzy propositions, formation of rules, decomposition and aggregation of rules, fuzzy reasoning, fuzzy inference systems, fuzzy decision making, fuzzy logic control systems, fuzzy expert systems.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Introduction Neural Network:** Fundamental concept, evolution of neural networks, models of artificial neural networks, important technologies, applications, McCulloch, Pitts Neuron, linear separability, Hebb network.

**Supervised learning network:** Perception networks, adaptive linear neuron, multiple adaptive linear neurons, back propagation network, radial basis function network.

**Unsupervised learning networks:** Kohonenself-organizing feature maps, learning vector quantization, counter propagation networks, adaptive resonance theory network.

#### UNIT-V

**Genetic Algorithm:** Difference between traditional algorithms and GA, genetic algorithm and search space, general genetic algorithm, operators, generational cycle, in genetic algorithm, stopping condition for genetic algorithm flow, constraints in genetic algorithm, schema theorem, classification of genetic algorithm, genetic programming, multilevel optimization.

- 1. J.S.R.Jang, C.T.Sun and E.Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Pearson Education 2004.
- 2. S.N.Sivanandam, S.N.Deepa "Principles of Soft Computing" Second Edition, Wiley Publication.
- 3. Timothy J.Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", McGraw-Hill, 1997.
- 4. Davis E.Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms: Search, Optimization and Machine Learning", Addison Wesley, N.Y.
- 5. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.VijayalakshmiPai "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms" PHI Learning.

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PE 534 CS		COMPUTER GRAPHICS							
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hour	s Per Wee	k	CIE	SEE	Credits		
1 terequisite	L	Т	D	Р		JLL	Credits		
Mathematics, Engg.Drawing	3	-	-	-	30	70	3		
<ul> <li>Course Objectit</li> <li>To intro OpenGL</li> <li>To stud geometr</li> <li>To unde</li> <li>To study</li> <li>Course Outconse</li> <li>After completin</li> <li>Describe</li> <li>Write in</li> <li>Apply a</li> </ul>	ves oduce the con API y different in ic objects rstand differe different ras ves g this course, e the steps in teractive grap ffine transfor	ncept of s nteraction ent transfo terization , the stude graphics p phics appl	synthetic of modes a rmations i and rende ent will be programm ications us	camera m and data in 2-D and ering algon able to:- ing pipelin sing Open	nodel , pro structures 1 3-D rithms ne GL geome	grammable that store tric primiti	e pipeline and 2-D and 3-D ves		

create realistic images of 3-d objects that involve lighting shading aspects

## UNIT-I

**Graphics Systems and Models:** Graphics system, Images, Physical and Synthetic, Imaging system, Synthetic camera model, Programming interface, Graphics architectures, Programmable pipelines.

**Graphics Programming:** Programming two-dimensional applications, OpenGL API, Primitives and attributes, Color, Viewing and Control functions.

## UNIT-II

**Input and Interaction:** Input devices, Display lists & modeling, Programming event-driven input, Picking, Building interactive models, Animating interactive programs, Logic operations.

**Geometric Objects:** Three-dimensional primitives, Coordinate systems and frames, Frames in OpenGL, Modeling colored cube.

## UNIT-III

**Transformations:** Affine transformations, Transformations in homogeneous coordinates, Concatenation of transformations, OpenGL transformation matrices.

**Viewing:** Classical and Computer views, Viewing with a computer, Positioning of camera, Simple projections, Projections in OpenGL, Hidden surface removal, Parallel-projection matrices, Perspective-projection matrices.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Lighting and Shading:** Light sources, The Phong lighting model, Computational vectors, Polygonal shading, Light sources in OpenGL, Specification of matrices in OpenGL, Global illumination.

**From Vertices to Frames:** Basic implementation strategies, Line-segment clipping, Polygon clipping, Clipping in three dimensions, Rasterization, Anti-aliasing.

## UNIT-V

**Modeling & Hierarchy:** Hierarchal models, Trees and traversal, Use of tree data structure, Animation, Graphical objects, Scene graphs, Simple scene graph API, Open Scene graph, Other tree structures.

- 1. Edward Angel, Interactive Computer Graphics: A Top-Down Approach Using OpenGL, Pearson Education, 5th edition, 2009
- 2. Francis S Hill Jr., Stephen M Kelley, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Prentice-Hall Inc., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007
- 3. Jim X. Chen, Foundations of 3D Graphics Programming using JOGL and Java3D, Springer Verlag, 2006
- 4. Hearn Donald, Pauline M Baker, Computer Graphics, 2nd edition, 1995

			Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination			dits	
S. No	Cours e Code	Course Title	L	Т	D/P	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs/Wk	Cre
		Т	heory (	Cours	e	-	-			
1.	PC 601 CS	Compiler Design	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
2.	PC 602 CS	Computer Networks	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
3.	PC 603 CS	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	1	-	3	30	70	3	3
4.	PE-IV	Professional Elective - IV	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	PE - V	Professional Elective - V	3	-	-	- 3	30	70	3	3
6	OE-I	Open Elective-I	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	3
		Practical	/Labor	atory	v Cou	irse	-			
7	PC631 CS	Compiler Design Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
8	PC632 CS	Computer Networks Lab	_	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
9	PC 633 CS	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	-	_	2	2	25	50	3	1
10	SI 671 IT	Summer Internship*	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
	Tota	l	18	3	6	27	205	570		21

# CSE - SEMESTER - VI (Proposed for the academic year 2020-21)

Profession Elective – IV							
Course Code	Course Title						
PE 627CS	Advanced Operating Systems						
PE 628 CS	Cloud Computing						
PE 629 CS	Speech and Natural Language Processing						
PE 630 CS	Machine Learning						

<b>Profession Elective – V</b>						
Course Code	Course Title					
PE 651 CS	Data Mining					
PE 652CS	Human Computer Interaction					
PE 653 CS	Digital Forensics					
PE 654 CS	Internet of Things					

<b>Open Elective - I</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title						
OE 601 EG	Soft Skills & Interpersonal Skills						
OE 602 MB	Human Resource Development and Organizational Behaviour						
OE 601 LW	Cyber Law and Ethics						
OE 601 EE	Electrical Energy Conservation and Safety						
OE 602 EE	Reliability Engineering						
OE 611 AE	Basics of Automobile Engineering						
OE 611 ME	Entrepreneurship						
OE 601 CS	Operating Systems						
OE 602 CS	OOP Using JAVA						
OE 601 IT	Database Systems						
OE 602 IT	Data Structures						
OE 601 CE	Disaster Mitigation						

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PC 601 CS	COMPILER DESIGN								
Prerequisite	Cor	Per Week	CIE	SEE	Credits				
	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Creatio		
-	3	1	-	-	30	30 70			
Course Object To un Identi Desig Identi Devel Devel Course Outco	<i>ctives</i> derstand and lif fy different me n top-down an fy synthesized op syntax dire op algorithms <i>omes</i>	st the diffe ethods of le d bottom-u and inheri cted transla to generate	erent stages exical analy up parsers ted attribut ation schen e code for a	in the pro vsis es nes target ma	ocess of com	pilation.			

- > For a given grammar specification, develop the lexical analyzer.
- > For a given parser specification, design top-down and bottom-up parsers.
- > Develop syntax directed translation schemes.
- Develop algorithms to generate code for target machine.

## **UNIT-I**

**Introduction:** The Structure of a Compiler, Phases of Compilation, The Translation Process, Major Data Structures in a Compiler, Bootstrapping and Porting.

Lexical Analysis (Scanner): The Role of the Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Specification of Tokens, Recognition of Tokens, The Lexical Analyzer Generator Lex.

## **UNIT-II**

Syntax Analysis (Parser): The Role of the Parser, Syntax Error Handling and Recovery, Top-Down Parsing, Bottom-Up Parsing, Simple LR Parsing, More Powerful LR Parsing, Using Ambiguous Grammars, Parser Generator Yaac.

## **UNIT-III**

Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's Applications of Syntax-Directed Translation.

Symbol Table: Structure, Operations, Implementation and Management.

## **UNIT-IV**

Intermediate Code Generation: Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code, Types and Declarations, Translation of Expressions, Type Checking, Control Flow, Backpatching, Switch-statements, Intermediate Code for Procedures.

Run-time environment: Storage Organization, Stack Allocation of Space, Access to Nonlocal Data on the Stack, Parameter passing, Heap Management and Garbage Collection.

## UNIT-V

Code Generation: Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The Target Language,

Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, Peephole Optimization, Register Allocation and Assignment.

**Machine-Independent Optimizations:** The Principal Sources of Optimizations, Introduction to Data-Flow Analysis.

## Suggested Books:

- 1. Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, & Jeffrey D. Ullman, *Compilers :Principles, Techniques and Tools*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 2. Kenneth C. Louden, *Compiler Construction: Principles and Practice, Thomson Learning Inc., 1997.*
- **3.** P.Trembley and P.S.Sorenson, *The Theory and Practice of Compiler Writing*, TMH-1985.

Course Code		Core/ Elective							
PC 602 CS		COM	IPUTER N	NETWOR	KS		CORE		
Prerequisite	Со	ntact Hours	s Per Week		CIE	SEE	Credits		
	L	Т	D	Р					
	3	1	-	-	30	70	-		
<ul> <li>&gt; To de a de</li> <li>&gt; To un</li> <li>&gt; To int</li> <li>&gt; To un</li> <li>&gt; To pr</li> <li>Course Outco</li> <li>After completion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Course Objectives</li> <li>To develop an understanding of communication in modern network architectures from a design and performance perspective.</li> <li>To understand Data Transmission standards and MAC protocols.</li> <li>To introduce the protocols functionalities in Network Layer and Transport Layer.</li> <li>To understand DNS and supportive application protocols.</li> <li>To provide basic concepts of Cryptography.</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>Explain the functions of the different layer of the OSI and TCP/IP Protocol.</li> <li>Understand wide-area networks (WANs), local area networks (LANs) and Wireless LANs (WLANs) describe the function of each block.</li> <li>Illustrate network layer and transport layer protocols. For a given problem related TCP/IP protocol developed the network programming.</li> <li>Configure DNS, EMAIL, SNMP, Bluetooth, Firewalls using open source available software and tools.</li> <li>Identify the types of encryption techniques.</li> </ul>									

## UNIT - I

**Data communication Components:** Representation of data communication, flow of Networks,Layered architecture, OSI and TCP/IP model, Transmission Media. (William stalling)

**Techniques for Bandwidth utilization:** Line configuration, Multiplexing - Frequency division, Time division and Wave division, Asynchronous and Synchronous transmission, XDSL, Introduction to Wired and Wireless LAN

## UNIT - II

Data Link Layer and Medium Access Sub Layer: Error Detection and Error Correction -

Fundamentals, Block coding, Hamming Distance, CRC;

**Flow Control and Error control protocols:** Stop and Wait, Go back – N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, Sliding Window, Piggybacking.

Multiple access protocols: Pure ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, CSMA/CD,CDMA/CA

## UNIT - III

**Network Layer:** Switching techniques (Circuit and Packet) concept ,**Logical addressing**: IPV4(Header), IPV6(Header), NAT , Sub-Netting concepts .

**Inter-Networking:**Tunnelling, Fragmentation, congestion control (Leaky Bucket and Token Bucket algorithm), Internet control protocols: ARP, RARP, BOOTP and DHCP.

**Network Routing Algorithms:** Delivery, Forwarding and Unicast Routing protocol, Gateway protocols.

## UNIT - IV

Transport Layer: Process to Process Communication, Elements of transport protocol,

Internet Transport Protocols: UDP, TCP.

Congestion and Quality of Service, QoS improving techniques.

## UNIT - V

Application Layer: Domain Name Space (DNS), EMAIL, SNMP, Bluetooth.

**Basic concepts of Cryptography:** Network Security Attacks, firewalls, symmetric encryption, Data encryption Standards, public key Encryption (RSA), Hash function, Message authentication, Digital Signature.

## Suggested books:

- 1. Data Communication and Networking, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Behrouz A. Forouzan, McGrawHill.
- 2. Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, William Stallings, Pearson Prentice Hall India.
- 3. W. Richard Stevens, Unix Network Programming, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, 2009

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PC 603 CS	DES	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Week	CIE	SEE	Credits				
	L	Т	D	Р						
Problem Solving Skills, Data Structures, Discrete Structures	3	-	-	-	30	70	-			

- Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms
- > Write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms
- > Demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data structures.
- > Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis
- > Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations.

## **Course Outcomes**

- > Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms.
- > Ability to choose appropriate algorithm design techniques for solving problems.
- Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods impact the performance of programs

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Algorithm definition, and specification, asymptotic analysis – best, average, and worst-case behavior; Performance measurements of Algorithms, Time and Space complexities, Analysis of recursive algorithms.

**Basic Data Structures:** Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, Dictionaries, Graphs, Trees.

## UNIT-II

**Divide and Conquer:** General method, Control abstraction, Merge sort, Quick Sort – Worst, Best and average case. Binary search.

**Brute Force:** Computing an– String Matching – Closest-Pair and Convex-Hull Problems - Exhaustive Search – Travelling Salesman Problem – Knapsack Problem – Assignment problem.

**Greedy method:** General method, applications- Knapsack problem, Job sequencing with deadlines, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

## UNIT-III

**Dynamic Programming:** General Method, applications- All pairs shortest path problem, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, Reliability design, Traveling sales person problem.

**Backtracking:** General method, Recursive backtracking algorithm, Iterative backtracking method. 8-Queen problem, Hamiltonian Cycle, 0/1 Knapsack Problem.
**Branch and Bound:** Control abstractions for Least Cost Search, Bounding, FIFO branch and bound, LC branch and bound, 0/1 Knapsack problem – LC branch and bound and FIFO branch and bound solution, Traveling sales person problem.

# UNIT-IV

**Graph Algorithms:** Graph Traversals DFS, BFS, Transitive Closure, Directed Acyclic Graphs - Topological Ordering, Network Flow algorithms.

**Tries:** Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix Tries, Search Engine Indexing. **External Searching and B-Trees:** (a, b) Trees, B-Trees

# UNIT-V

**Computational Complexity:** Non Deterministic algorithms, The classes: P, NP, NP Complete, NP Hard, Satisfiability problem, Proofs for NP Complete Problems: Clique, Vertex Cover.

**Parallel Algorithms:** Introduction, models for parallel computing, computing with complete binary tree,

# References:

- 1. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms.
- 2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft and Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
- 3. M T Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design, John Wiley, 2002.
- 4. Thomas H.Cormen, Charles E.Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2012.

Course Code		Course Title								
PC 631 CS		COMPILER DESIGN LAB								
Prerequisite	Cor	Contact Hours Per Week								
	L	L T D P								
-	-	2 25 50								

- ➢ To learn usage of tools LEX, YAAC
- > To develop a code generator
- > To implement different code optimization schemes

# Course Outcomes

- ➤ Generate scanner and parser from formal specification.
- Generate top down and bottom up parsing tables using Predictive parsing, SLR and LR Parsing techniques.
- Apply the knowledge of YACC to syntax directed translations for generating intermediate code – 3 address code.
- Build a code generator using different intermediate codes and optimize the target code.

# List of Experiments to be performed:

- 1. Sample programs using LEX.
- 2. Scanner Generation using LEX.
- 3. Elimination of Left Recursion in a grammar.
- 4. Left Factoring a grammar.
- 5. Top down parsers.
- 6. Bottom up parsers.
- 7. Parser Generation using YACC.
- 8. Intermediate Code Generation.
- 9. Target Code Generation.
- 10. Code optimization.

Course Code		Course Title								
PC 632 CS		COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	Per Week		CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	L T D P								
DC	-	-	-	2	30	70	-			

- > Learn to communicate between two desktop computers.
- > Learn to implement the different protocols
- > Be familiar with socket programming.
- > Be familiar with the various routing algorithms
- > Be familiar with simulation tools.
- > To use simulation tools to analyze the performance of various network protocols

# Course Outcomes

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- > Implement various protocols using TCP and UDP.
- > Program using sockets.
- > Use simulation tools to analyze the performance of various network protocols.
- > Implement and Analyze various routing algorithms.
- 1. Running and using services/commands like tcpdump, netstat, ifconfig, nslookup, FTP,

TELNET and traceroute. Capture ping and trace route PDUs using a network protocol

analyzer and examine.

2. Configuration of router, switch . (using real devices or simulators)

3. Socket programming using UDP and TCP (e.g., simple DNS, data & time client/server, echo client/server, iterative & concurrent servers)

4. Network packet analysis using tools like Wireshark, tcpdump, etc.

5. Network simulation using tools like Cisco Packet Tracer, NetSim, OMNeT++, NS2, NS3, etc.

6. Study of Network simulator (NS) and Simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS. Performance evaluation of Routing protocols using Simulation tools.

7. Programming using raw sockets

8. Programming using RPC

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner.

# LABORATORY REQUIREMENT FOR STUDENTS:

# HARDWARE:

1. Standalone desktops

# **SOFTWARE:**

- 1. C / C++ / Java / Python / Equivalent Compiler
- 2. Network simulator like NS2/NS3/OPNET/ CISCO Packet Tracer / Equivalent

Course Code		Course Title									
PC 633 CS	DESIG	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LAB									
Prerequisite	Cor	Contact Hours Per Week CIE SEE									
1	L	Т	D	Р							
Problem Solving Skills, Data Structures, Discrete Structures	-	-	-	2	30	70	-				

Course Objectives

- To learn the importance of designing an algorithm in an effective way by considering space and time complexity
- > To learn graph search algorithms.
- > To study network flow and linear programming problems
- > To learn the dynamic programming design techniques.
- > To develop recursive backtracking algorithms.

# Course Outcomes

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- > Design an algorithm in a effective manner
- > Apply iterative and recursive algorithms.
- > Design iterative and recursive algorithms.
- > Implement optimization algorithms for specific applications.
- > Design optimization algorithms for specific applications.

1. Sort a given set of elements using the Quicksort method and determine the time required to sort the elements. Repeat the experiment for different values of n, the number of elements in the list to be sorted and plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.

2. Implement Merge Sort algorithm to sort a given set of elements and determine the time required to sort the elements. Repeat the experiment for different values of n, the number of

elements in the list to be sorted and plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.

3.Obtain the Topological ordering of vertices in a given digraph and

Compute the transitive closure of a given directed graph using Warshall's algorithm

4. Implement 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming.

5. From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.

6. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm.

7. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using BFS method

and Check whether a given graph is connected or not using DFS method.

8. Find a subset of a given set  $S = \{sl, s2,....,sn\}$  of n positive integers whose sum is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if  $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$  and d = 9 there are two solutions  $\{1, 2, 6\}$  and  $\{1, 8\}$ . A suitable message is to be displayed if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution

9. Implement any scheme to find the optimal solution for the Traveling Salesperson problem and then solve the same problem instance using any approximation algorithm and determine the error in the approximation.

10. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

11. Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths Problem using Floyd's algorithm.

12. Implement N Queen's problem using Back Tracking.

Course Code		Course Title								
SI 671 CS		SUMMER INTERNSHIP								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	Per Week		CIE	SEE	Credits			
1	L	L T D P								
-	-	2 50 -								

### Course Objectives: To prepare the students

- To give an experience to the students in solving real life practical problems with all its constraints.
- To give an opportunity to integrate different aspects of learning with reference to real life problems.
- > To enhance the confidence of the students while communicating with industry engineers and give an opportunity for useful interaction with them and familiarize with work culture and ethics of the industry.

*Course Outcomes:* On successful completion of this course student will be

- > Able to design/develop a small and simple product in hardware or software.
- Able to complete the task or realize a pre-specified target, with limited scope, rather than taking up a complex task and leave it.
- Able to learn to find alternate viable solutions for a given problem and evaluate these alternatives with reference to pre-specified criteria.
- > Able to implement the selected solution and document the same.

**Summer Internship** is introduced as part of the curricula for encouraging students to work on problems of interest to industries. A batch of two or three students will be attached to a person from an Industry / R & D Organization / National Laboratory for a period of 4 weeks. This will be during the summer vacation following the completion of the VI semester course. One faculty member will act as an internal guide for each batch to monitor the progress and interacts with the Industry guide.

After the completion of the project, students will submit a brief technical report on the project executed and present the work through a seminar talk to be organized by the department. Award of sessional marks are based on the performance of the student at the work place and awarded by industry guide and internal guide (25 Marks) followed by presentation before the committee constituted by the department (25 Marks). One faculty member will coordinate the overall activity of Summer Internship.

*Note: \* Students have to undergo summer internship of 4 weeks duration at the end of semester VI and credits will be awarded after evaluation in VII semester.* 

Course Code			Core/ Elective								
PE 641 CS	А	ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS									
Prerequisite	Cor	tact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits				
1	L	Т	D	Р							
Operating System	3	-	-	30	70	3					

- To study, learn, and understand the main concepts of advanced operating systems (parallel processing systems, distributed systems, real time systems, network operating systems, and open source operating systems);
- > To learn hardware and software features that support these systems.

# Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- > Understand the design approaches of advanced operating systems
- > Analyse the design issues of distributed operating systems.
- > Evaluate design issues of multiprocessor operating systems.
- > Identify the requirements of database operating systems.
- > Formulate the solutions to schedule the real time applications

# UNIT-I

**Architecture of Distributed Systems:** Types, Distributed Operating System, Issues in Distributed Operating Systems, Theoretical Foundations: Global Clock, Lamport's Logical Clock, Vector Clocks, Global State, and Termination Detection.

# UNIT-II

**Distributed Mutual Exclusion:** Classification, requirement, performance, non-token based algorithms, Lamport's algorithm, the Richart-Agarwala algorithm, token-based algorithm-Suzuki Kasami's broadcast algorithm, Singhal's heuristic algorithm.

**Deadlock Detection:** Resource vs Communication deadlock, A graph- theoretic model, prevention, avoidance, detection, control organization, centralized deadlock-detection algorithm, the completely centralized algorithm, the HO-Ramamoorthy algorithm. Distributed deadlock detection algorithm - path - pushing, edge-chasing, hierarchical deadlock detection algorithm, menace-muntz and Ho-Ramamoorthy algorithm. Agreement Protocols: The system model, the Byzantine agreement, and the consensus problem.

#### UNIT-III

**Distributed File System:** Mechanisms, Design Issues, *Case Studies: Sun NFS, Sprite File System, DOMAIN, Coda File System.* 

**Distributed Shared Memory:** Algorithms for Implementing DSM, Memory Coherence, Coherence Protocols, Design Issues, *Case Studies: IVY, Mirage, Clouds.* 

**Distributed Scheduling:** Issues in Load Distribution, Components of Algorithm, Stability Load Distributing Algorithm, Performance.

### UNIT-IV

**Failure Recovery:** Backward, Forward Error Recovery in Concurrent Systems, Consistent Set of Checkpoints, Synchronous and Asynchronous Checkpointing and Recovery.

Fault Tolerance: Commit Protocols, Non-Blocking Commit Protocols, Voting Protocols.

Protection and Security: Access Matrix, Private Key, Public key, and Kerberos System.

### UNIT-V

**Multiprocessor Operating Systems:** Motivation, Basic Multiprocessor System Architecture, Interconnection Networks for Multiprocessor Systems, Caching, Hypercube Architecture. Threads, Process Synchronization, Processor Scheduling, and Memory Management.

**Database Operating System:** Concurrence Control, Distributed Databases, and Concurrency Control Algorithms.

- 1. Singhal M, Shivaratri N.G, Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, McGraw-Hill Intl., 1994.
- 2. Pradeep K Sinha, Distributed Operating Systems Concepts and Design, PHI, First Edition, 2002.
- 3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Distributed Operating Systems, Pearson Education India, First Edition, 2011.

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 642 CS		<b>CLOUD COMPUTING</b>								
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	L T D P OIL SEE								
-	3	3 30 70								

- > To understand the concept of cloud computing.
- > To understand the various issues in cloud computing.
- > To familiarize themselves with the lead players in cloud.
- > To appreciate the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.

# Course Outcomes

- Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing. Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy and interoperability.
- > illustrate the use of various cloud services available online

# UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION** - Historical Development - Cloud Computing Architecture – The Cloud Reference Model – Cloud Characteristics – Cloud Deployment Models: Public, Private, Community, Hybrid Clouds - Cloud Delivery Models: IaaS, PaaS, SaaS.

# UNIT-II

**CLOUD COMPUTING MECHANISM**: Cloud Infrastructure Mechanism: Cloud Storage, Cloud Usage Monitor, Resource Replication – Specialized Cloud Mechanism: Load Balancer, SLA Monitor, Hypervisor, Resource Cluster, Multi Device Broker,

# UNIT-III

**STATE MANAGEMENT DATABASE** – Cloud Management Mechanism: Remote Administration System, Resource Management System, SLA Management System, State Management Database – Cloud Management Mechanism: Remote Administration System, Resource Management System, SLA Management System,.

# UNIT-IV

**SECURITY IN THE CLOUD**: Basic Terms and Concepts – Threat Agents – Cloud Security Threats – Cloud Security Mechanism: Encryption, Hashing, Digital Signature,

Public Key Infrastructure, Identity and Access Management. Data Security : Application Security –Virtual Machine Security .

# UNIT-V

**CASE STUDIES** :Google App Engine(GAE) – GAE Architecture – Functional Modules of GAE – Amazon Web Services(AWS) – GAE Applications – Cloud Software Environments – Eucalyptus – Open Nebula – Open Stack

- *I.* Thomas Erl, ZaighamMahood, Ricardo Puttini, —Cloud Computing, Concept, Technology and Architecturel, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert C. Elsenpeter, —Cloud Computing, A Practical Approachl, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2010.
- 3. Rittinghouse, John W., and James F. Ransome, "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, And Security", CRC Press, 2017.

Course Code		Course Title								
PE 629 CS	SPEECH	ELECTIVE								
Prerequisite	Cor	ntact Hours	s Per Weel	CIE	SEE	Credits				
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Citatio			
-	3	-	-	-	30	3				
<ul> <li>Make langu above</li> <li>Teacl under</li> <li>Enab proce</li> <li>Course Oute</li> <li>To ta</li> </ul>	e them understage and that the mentioned control of the mentioned control of the mention of the	stand the othey are ablestand the othey are ablestancepts. The cognize the cognize the cognize the cognize the cognize the beside with basic with basic	concepts of e to give t the signif e to descri bints of syr Language	of morpho he approprise icance of ibe the app ntactic and features	logy, synta riate examp pragmatic plication ba semantic p	ax and ser bles that wi cs for nat ased on na processing.	nantics of the ll illustrate the ural language tural language			
<ul> <li>To de</li> <li>To in</li> <li>To de</li> <li>To co of NI</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To tag a given text with basic Language features</li> <li>To design an innovative application using NLP components</li> <li>To implement a rule based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language</li> <li>To design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications</li> <li>To compare and contrast the use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications</li> </ul>									

> Perform various language phonetic analysis

# UNIT I

**Introduction of NLP:** Origins and challenges of NLP, Language Modeling: Grammar-based LM,

Statistical LM – Regular Expressions, Automata , Morphology and Finite State Transducers, Tokenization, stemming, Normalization, Detecting and Correcting Spelling Errors, Minimum Edit

Distance.

# UNIT II

**WORD LEVEL ANALYSIS:** N-grams, Evaluating N-grams, Smoothing, Word Classes, Part-of-Speech Tagging, Rule-based, Stochastic and Transformation-based tagging, Issues in PoS tagging – Entropy, Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy models, ; Named Entities

# UNIT-III

**SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS:** Context free rules and trees – The noun Phrase – Co-ordination – Verb

phrase – context free grammars – Parsing with context free grammars, Shallow parsing – Probabilistic CFG , Dependency Grammar , Semantic Analysis: Meaning Representation-

Lexical

Semantics- Ambiguity-Word Sense Disambiguation. Discourse Processing: cohesion-Reference Resolution- Discourse Coherence and Structure.

# UNIT\_IV

**Speech Fundamentals:** Phonetics – speech sounds and phonetic transcription – articulatory phonetics – phonological categories and pronunciation variation – acoustic phonetics and signals –

phonetic resources - articulatory and gestural phonology

# UNIT-V

**Speech synthesis** – text normalization – phonetic analysis – prosodic analysis – diphone waveform

synthesis - unit selection waveform synthesis - evaluation

# **Text Books**:

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin—Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, Pearson Publication, 2014.
- 2. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, —Natural Language Processing with Python, First Edition, OReilly Media, 2009.

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 630 CS		MACHINE LEARNING								
Prerequisite	Cor	SEE	Credits							
	L	L T D P								
-	3	3								

- > To learn the concept of how to learn patterns and concepts from data correlation.
- To design and analyze various machine learning algorithms and techniques with a modern outlook focusing on recent advances.
- > Explore supervised and unsupervised learning paradigms of machine learning.
- > To explore Deep learning technique and various feature extraction strategies.

### Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Extract features that can be used for a particular machine learning approach in various applications.
- To compare and contrast pros and cons of various machine learning techniques and to get an insight of when to apply a particular machine learning approach.
- > To mathematically analyze various machine learning approaches and paradigms.

# UNIT-I

Supervised Learning (Regression/Classification) - Basic methods: Distance-based methods, Nearest-Neighbours, Decision Trees, Naive Bayes, Linear models: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Generalized Linear Models, Support Vector Machines, Nonlinearity and Kernel Methods, Beyond Binary.

Classification: Multi-class/Structured Outputs, Ranking.

# UNIT-II

Unsupervised Learning - Clustering: K-means/Kernel K-means, Dimensionality Reduction: PCA and kernel PCA, Matrix Factorization and Matrix Completion, Generative Models (mixture models and latent factor models)

# UNIT-III

Evaluating Machine Learning algorithms and Model Selection, Introduction to Statistical Learning Theory, Ensemble Methods (Boosting, Bagging, Random Forests)

#### UNIT-IV

Sparse Modelling and Estimation, Modelling Sequence/Time-Series Data, Deep Learning and Feature Representation Learning

## UNIT-V

Scalable Machine Learning (Online and Distributed Learning) A selection from some other advanced topics, e.g., Semi-supervised Learning, Active Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Inference in Graphical Models, Introduction to Bayesian Learning and Inference. Recent trends in various learning techniques of machine learning and classification methods for IOT applications. Various models for IOT applications.

- 1. Kevin Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, MIT Press, 2012
- 2. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer 2009 (freely available online)
- 3. Christopher Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2007.

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 651 CS		DATA MINING								
Prerequisite	Cor	tact Hours	CIE	SEE	Credits					
	L	Т	D	Р						
-	3	3								
Course Okin	adies an									

- > To introduce the basic concepts of data Mining and its applications
- > To understand different data mining like classification, clustering and Frequent Pattern mining
- > To introduce current trends in data mining
- > To understand, pre-process and analyze the basic concepts of Data Attributes
- To explore the various data mining techniques (Association Analysis, Classification, Clustering) adapted on data as per the requirement

### **Course Outcomes**

- > Organize and Prepare the data needed for data mining using preprocessing techniques
- Implement the appropriate data mining methods like classification, clustering or Frequent Pattern mining on a given data set
- > Define and apply metrics to measure the performance of various data mining algorithms
- Understanding the importance of data mining application and using the most appropriate approach or trend for the realistic strategy

# UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION**: What is Data Mining? The process of knowledge discovery in databases, predictive and descriptive data mining techniques, supervised and unsupervised learning techniques. Major issues in Data Mining. Getting to know your data: Data objects and attributed types. Basic statistical descriptions of data. Data visualization, Measuring data similarity and dissimilarity.

### UNIT-II

**MINING FREQUENT PATTERNS, ASSOCIATIONS AND CORRELATIONS:** Basic concepts and methods, Frequent Item set Mining Methods, Sequential Pattern Mining concepts and Pattern evaluation methods.

### UNIT-III

**CLASSIFICATION:** Basic concepts, Decision tree, Decision rules, Bayes classification methods, Advance methods, Bayesian Belief Network, K-Nearest Neighbor (KNN)

classifier, Classification by back propagation, Support vector machine.

# UNIT-IV

**CLUSTER ANALYSIS:** Concepts and Methods: Type of data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, Density-Based Methods, Grid-Based Methods, Evaluation of clustering.

## UNIT-V

**DATA MINING TRENDS AND RESEARCH FRONTIERS:** Mining Complex Data Types, Other Methodologies of Data Mining, Data Mining Applications, Data Mining and Society, Data Mining trends.

- 1. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jin Pei, Data Mining: Concepts & Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition., MorgonKoffman,2011
- 2. VikramPudi, P. Radha Krishna, Data Mining, Oxford University Press, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition,2009.
- 3. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, AKarpatne, and Vipin Kumar, Introduction to Data Mining, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Pearson Education, 2018.
- 4. J Zaki Mohammed and Wagner Meira, Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 2014

Course Code		Course Title								
PE 652 CS	Н	UMAN C	OMPUTE	R INTER	RACTION		ELECTIVE			
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	Т	D	Р						
-	3	3 30 70								
Course Object > Learm > Be fan > Be aw > Learm Course Outo > Under Vision	Course Objectives         > Learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction         > Be familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities         > Be aware of mobile human computer interaction         > Learn the guidelines for human interface         Course Outcomes         > Understand the structure of models and theories of Human Computer Interaction and									
$\rightarrow$ Desig	n an interactiv	ve Web int	erface on t	he basis o	f model stu	died				

# UNIT-I

Human: I/O Channels – Memory- Reasoning and Problem Solving;

Interaction: Models - Frameworks - Ergonomics- styles - elements - interactivity-

paradigms

 $Interactive \ Design \ Basics - process-scenarios-navigation-screen \ design - iteration \ and \ prototyping$ 

# UNIT-II

HCI in software process – usability engineering – prototyping in practice – design rationale

Design rules – principles, standards, guidelines, rules,

Evaluation techniques- Universal design

# UNIT-III

Cognitive models - Socio-Organizational issues and stake holder requirements

Communication and collaboration models – Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW

### UNIT-IV

Mobile Ecosystem: platforms, Application frameworks -

Types of mobile applications: Widgets, applications, Games - Mobile information architecture,

Mobile 2.0, Mobile Design: elements of mobile design, tools,

# UNIT- V

Design of Web interfaces - Drag and Drop, Direct selection, Contextual tools,

Overlays, inlays and virtual pages, process flow, case studies,

Recent trends: Speech recognition and translation, multimodal system

# References:

- 1. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russel Beale," Human Computer Interaction", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education 2004
- 2. Brain Fling, "Mobile Design and Development" First edition Orielly Media Inc. 2009
- 3. Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, "Designing Web Interfaces", First edition, Orielly 2009

Course Code		Core/ Elective								
PE 653 CS		DIGITAL FORENSICS								
Prerequisite	Cor	tact Hours	s Per Week	Σ.	CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	L T D P								
-	3	3 30 70								

- > To understand the basic digital forensics and techniques for conducting the forensic examination on different digital devices.
- > To understand how to examine digital evidences such as the data acquisition, identification analysis.

# Course Outcomes

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- Apply forensic analysis tools to recover important evidence for identifying computer crime.
- > Be well-trained as next-generation computer crime investigators.

# UNIT -I

Computer forensics fundamentals, Benefits of forensics, computer crimes, computer forensics evidence and courts, legal concerns and private issues.

# UNIT-II

**Understanding Computing Investigations** – Procedure for corporate High-Tech investigations, understanding data recovery work station and software, conducting and investigations.

# UNIT-III

**Data acquisition-** understanding storage formats and digital evidence, determining the best acquisition method, acquisition tools, validating data acquisitions, performing RAID data acquisitions, remote network acquisition tools, other forensics acquisitions tools.

# UNIT-IV

Processing crimes and incident scenes, securing a computer incident or crime, seizing digital evidence at scene, storing digital evidence, obtaining digital hash, reviewing case.

# UNIT-V

**Current computer forensics tools-** software, hardware tools, validating and testing forensic software, addressing data-hiding techniques, performing remote acquisitions, E-Mail investigations- investigating email crime and violations, understanding E-Mail servers, specialized E-Mail forensics tool.

# Text Books

- 1. Warren G. Kruse II and Jay G. Heiser, "Computer Forensics: Incident Response Essentials", Addison Wesley, 2002.
- 2. Nelson, B, Phillips, A, Enfinger, F, Stuart, C., "Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations, 2nd ed., Thomson Course Technology, 2006.
- **3.** Vacca, J, Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Scene Investigation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Charles River Media, 2005.

Course Code		Course Title								
PE 654 CS		INT	ERNET (	OF THIN	GS		ELECTIVE			
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hours	s Per Weel	K	CIE	SEE	Credits			
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Credits			
Programming in C, OS, CN, WT	3	3 30 70								
Course Object Students under > Explora > Exposu Course Outcon After completi > Able to > Able to Networ	<i>tives</i> estanding will ation towards are in understa- <i>mes</i> ng this course o understand the realize the re- ks	be enhance the integrate anding how e, the stude the applica evolution c	ed by:- ation of th v IoT devi ent will be tion areas of Internet	e physical ces are de able to:- of IOT in Mobile	and logica signed & d Devices, (	l worlds eveloped	ensor			

# UNIT I

**Introduction & Concepts:** Introduction to Internet of Things (IoT), Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT Enabling Technologies, IoT Levels

# UNIT II

Architecture of IoT, Taxonomy, Sensors and Actuators, Preprocessing, Communication, Middleware, Applications of IoT

# UNIT III

Introduction to ARDUINO: Getting Started with ARDUINO products, Built-In Examples

ARDUINO IoT Cloud: ARDUINO IoT Cloud Components

# UNIT IV

**Developing Internet of Things & Logical Design using Python:** Introduction, IoT Design Methodology.

**Basics of Python:** Python Data Types & Data Structures, Control Flow, Functions, Modules, Packages, File Handling, Date/ Time Operations, Classes.

# UNIT V

**IoT Physical Devices & Endpoints:** What is an IOT Device, Exemplary Device, Board, Linux on Raspberry Pi,

Interfaces, and Programming & IOT Devices.

### Suggested Reading

1. Adrian McEwen, "Designing the Internet of Things", Wiley Publishers, 2013.

Course Code		Core/Elective					
OE601EE	I	Electrical	Elective				
	Co	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	<b>CIT</b>	0EE	
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- > To understand the concepts of basic energy and various forms of energy.
- $\succ$  To understand the energy management and need of energy audit.
- > To understand the energy efficiency technologies.

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the current energy scenario and importance of energy conservation.
- 2. Understand the concepts of energy management.
- 3. Understand the methods of improving energy efficiency in different electrical systems.
- 4. Understand the concepts of different energy efficient devices.

#### UNIT-I

**Energy Scenario:** Commercial and Non-commercial energy, primary energy resources, commercial energy production, final energy consumption, energy needs of growing economy, long term energy scenario, energy pricing, energy sector reforms, energy and environment, energy security, energy conservation and its importance, restructuring of the energy supply sector, energy strategy for the future, air pollution, climate change. Energy Conservation Act-2001 and its features.

#### UNIT-II

**Basics of Energy and its various forms:** Electricity tariff, load management and maximum demand control, power factor improvement, selection & location of capacitors, Thermal Basics-fuels, thermal energy contents of fuel, temperature & pressure, heat capacity, sensible and latent heat, evaporation, condensation, steam, moist air and humidity & heat transfer, units and conversion.

#### UNIT-III

**Energy Efficiency in Electrical Systems:** Electrical system: Electricity billing, electrical load management and maximum demand control, power factor improvement and its benefit, selection and location of capacitors, performance assessment of PF capacitors, distribution and transformer losses. Electric motors: Types, losses in induction motors, motor efficiency, factors affecting motor performance, rewinding and motor replacement issues, energy saving opportunities with energy efficient motors.

#### UNIT-IV

**Energy Efficient Technologies in Electrical Systems:** Maximum demand controllers, automatic power factor controllers, energy efficient motors, soft starters with energy saver, variable speed drives, energy efficient transformers, electronic ballast, occupancy sensors, energy efficient lighting controls, energy saving potential of each technology.

#### UNIT-V

**Electrical Safety:** Physiological effects of Electricity, Important Susceptibility parameters, Distribution of Electric Power, Macro shock hazards, Micro Shock hazards, Electrical - Safety codes and Standards, Basic Approaches to protection against shock, Protection: Power distribution, Protection: Equipment Design, Electrical Safety Analyzers, Testing the Electrical System. Test of Electric Appliances.

- 1. Guide books for National Certification Examination for Energy Manager / Energy Auditors Book-1, General Aspects (available online).
- 2. Guide books for National Certification Examination for Energy Manager / Energy Auditors Book-3, Electrical Utilities (available online).
- 3. S. C. Tripathy, Utilization of Electrical Energy and Conservation, McGraw Hill, 1991.
- 4. Success stories of Energy Conservation by BEE, New Delhi (www.bee-india.org).

Course Code		Core/Elective					
OE602EE	Reliability Engineering (Open Elective-I)						Elective
	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek			
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- To understand the concepts of different types of probability distributions. importance of reliability evaluation of networks.
- To make the students understand about Reliability, availability model of Power Systems and markov modeling of Power Plants. with identical and nonidentical units.

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the meaning of discrete and continuous random variables and their significance, causes of failures of a system.
- 2. Acquire the knowledge of different distribution functions and their applications.
- 3. Able to develop reliability block diagrams and evaluation of reliability of different systems.

# UNIT-I

Discrete and continuous random variables. Probability density function and Cumulative distribution function. Mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson, Exponential and Weibull distributions.

### UNIT-II

Failure and causes of failure. Failure rate and failure density. Reliability function and MTTF. Bath tub curve for different systems. Parametric methods for above distributions. Non - Parametric methods from field data.

### UNIT-III

Reliability block diagram. Series and parallel systems. Network reduction technique, Examples. Evaluation of failure rate, MTTF and reliability, Active and Standby Redundancy, r out of n configuration. Non-series – parallel systems. Path based and cut set methods.

### UNIT - IV

Availability, MTTR and MTBF, Markov models and State transition matrices. Reliability models for single component. two components, Load sharing and standby systems. Reliability and availability models of two unit parallel system with repair and standby systems with repair.

# UNIT – V

Repairable Systems. maintainability. Preventive maintenance, Evaluation of reliability and J1TTF. Overhauling and replacement. Optimum maintenance policy. Markov model of a power plant with identical units and non-identical units. Capacity outage probability table. Frequency of failures and Cumulative frequency.

- 1. Charles E. Ebeling, *Reliability and Maintainability Engineering*, McGraw Hill International Edition, 1997.
- 2. Balaguruswamy, Reliability Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 1984.
- 3. R.N. Allan, Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems, Pitman Publishing, 1996.
- 4. Endrenyi, Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems, John Wiley & Sons, 1978.

# **BASICS OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING**

**OE 611 AE** Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3

Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

# **Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the Working of Fuel, Ignition, and cooling Systems
- 2. Understand the Working of Lubrication and Electrical Systems.
- 3. Understand the Working of transmission, Suspension, Steering and Braking Systems
- 4. To provide broad introduction to Alternative Energy Sources, Euro norms and Bharat Norms

### **Outcomes:**

- 1. Generalize the different types of automobiles and engine components
- 2. Differentiate the Fuel system and electrical system
- 3. Describe and differentiate the Transmission Systems
- 4. To identify different components and working of Steering, Brakes and Suspension systems
- 5. Adapt techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary to control the pollution

# UNIT – I

*Vehicle Structure and Engines*: Types of Automobiles, Vehicle Construction, Chassis, Frame and Body, Components of Engine, Cooling and Lubrication systems in Engine, Turbo Chargers, Engine Emission Control by 3 Way Catalytic Controller, Electronic Engine Management System.

### UNIT – II

*Engine Auxiliary Systems:*Carburettor working principle, Electronic fuel injection system, single-point and Multi-Point Injection Systems, Electrical systems, Battery, generator, Starting Motor and Lighting and Ignition.

### UNIT – III

*Transmission Systems-Clutch: Types* and Construction, Gear Boxes-Manual and Automatic, , Over Drives, Transfer Box Fluid flywheel Torque convertors, Propeller shaft – Slip Joint – Universal Joints, Differential and Rear Axle, Hotchkiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive. **UNIT – IV** 

Steering, Brakes and Suspension: Wheels and Tires – Wheel Alignment Parameters, Steering Geometry and Types of steering gear box, Power Steering, Types of Front Axle – Suspension systems. Braking Systems, Types and Construction, Antilock Braking System. UNIT – V

*Alternative Energy Sources:* Use of Natural Gas, LPG, Biodiesel, Gasohol and Hydrogen in Automobiles, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Fuel Cells. Euro and Bharat Norms. Recent trends.

- 1 Crouse & Anglin, 'Automotive Mechanics' Tata McGraw Hill, Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, Tenth edition 2004.
- 2 Kirpal Singh, "Automobile Engineering", Vol I & II Standard Publishers, Delhi.
- 3 Joseph Heitner, 'Automotive Mechanics', Affiliated East West Pvt., Ltd
- 4 C.P. Nakra, "Basic Automobile Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co.(P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2003

### ENTREPRENEURSHIP

#### OE611ME

Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3 Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

#### **Objectives:**

1. To motivate students to take up entrepreneurship infuture			
2. To learn nuances of starting an enterprise & projectmanagement			
3. To understand the design principles of solar energy systems, their utilization and			
performance evaluation			
4. To understand the behavioural aspects of entrepreneurs and timemanagement			
Outcomes:			
At the end of the course, the students will be able to			
1. Understand Indian Industrial Environment, Entrepreneurship and Economic growth, Small			
and Large Scale Industries, Types and forms of enterprises.			
2. Identify the characteristics of entrepreneurs, Emergence of first generation entrepreneurs,			
Conception and evaluation of ideas and theirsources.			
3. Practice the principles of project formulation, Analysis of market demand, Financial and			
profitability analysis and Technicalanalysis.			
4. Apply the concepts of Project Management during construction phase, project organization,			
project planning and control using CPM, PERTtechniques			
5. UnderstandtheBehaviouralaspectsofentrepreneurs,TimeManagement,Variousapproachesofti			

 UnderstandtheBehaviouralaspectsofentrepreneurs, TimeManagement, Variousapproachesof me management, their strengths and weakness. The urgency addiction and time management matrix.

### Unit-I

Indian Industrial Environment-competence, Opportunities and Challenges. Entrepreneurship and Economic growth. Small Scale Industry in India, Objectives, Linkage among small, medium and heavy industries. Types of enterprises.

## Unit-II:

Identification and characteristics of entrepreneurs. Emergence of First generation entrepreneurs, environmental influence and women entrepreneurs. Conception and evaluation of ideas and their sources. Choice of Technology - Collaborative interaction for Technology development.

#### Unit-III

Project formulation, Analysis of market demand, Financial and profitability analysis and Technical analysis, project financing in India.

#### Unit-IV

Project Management during construction phase, project organization, project planning and

control using CPM, PERT techniques. Human aspects of project management. Assessment of tax burden.

# Unit-V

Behavioural aspects of entrepreneurs: Personality - determinants, attributes and models. Leadership concepts and models. Values and attitudes. Motivation aspects. Change behaviour. Time Management: Various approaches of time management, their strengths and weaknesses. The urgency addiction and time managementmatrix.

- 1. Vasant Desai, *"Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management"*, Himalaya Publishing House,1997
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, "Project-Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Review", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd. 1995.
- 3. Stephen R. Covey and A. Roger Merrill, *"First Things First"*, Simon and Schuster Publication, 1994.
- 4. G.S. Sudha, "Organizational Behaviour", 1996.
- 5. Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters, *"Entrepreneurship"*, Tata Me Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2005.

# HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

# **OE 602 MB**

Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3 Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

# **Objectives:**

- 1. Understand management process and functions
- 2. Comprehend decision making and negotiations
- 3. Learn psychological contract
- 4. Study the models of organization behaviour
- 5. Managing stress and counseling

# **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Explain various facets of management
- 2. Elaborate on ways of making decision
- 3. Elucidate different motivation content theories
- 4. Describe approaches to leadership
- 5. Suggest methods for stress management and counseling

# UNIT – I

Management Process and Functions, Scientific and Modern Management, 3D Model of Managerial Behavior - MBO - MBWA - Line and Staff - The Peter's Principle - Parkinson's Law - Approaches to Organization Structure-Management - Classical, Human Relations, Systems and Contingency Approaches, Hawthorne's Experiments - Human Engineering.

# UNIT – II

Decision Making and Negotiations: Approaches to Decision making - Rational, Behavioral, Practical, and Personal Approaches - Open and Closed Models of Decision Making, Types and steps in planning, Authority, Responsibility, Centralization, Decentralization and Recentralization, Bureaucracy.

# UNIT – III

Psychological contract - Personality Traits, Big 5 personality traits, MBTI inventory, the Process of Perception - Perceptual distortions and errors, Kelly's personal construct Theory, Motivation-Content Theories: Maslow, Alderfer, Herzberg, McCleland. Process Theories: Vroom, Potter and Lawler, Equity Theory - Goal Theory - Attribution Theory.

# UNIT – IV

Models of Organization Behavior - Autocratic, Custodial, Supportive, Collegial and System Models, Transactional Analysis, Johari Window. Group Dynamics: Typology of Groups - Conflicts in groups - The nature, of conflict - Reactions to conflict - A model of conflict. Trait and Behavioral Approaches to Leadership, Managerial Grid, Path-Goal Theory, Vroom's Decision Tree Approach to Leadership - Hersey and Blanchard Model.

# UNIT – V

Organization Design, Organization culture and organization climate, Stress Management and Counseling, Management of change and organization development. Communication - Emerging aspects of OB.

- 1. Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich, *Essentials of Management*, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
- Curtis W. Cook and Phillip L. Hunsaker, *Management and Organizational Behavior*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill,2010.

# **CYBER LAW AND ETHICS**

**OE 601 LW** Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks

Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

## **Objectives:**

Credits: 3

- 1. To familiarize various Cyber laws and IT Acts
- 2. To give cyber security regulations and forensics
- 3. To study the risk managements and code of ethics

### **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Understand the various Cyber laws and IT Acts
- 2. Learn the cyber security regulations and forensics
- 3. Analyse the risks and assessment of implications and code of ethics

### UNIT – I

*Cyber laws and rights in today's digital age:* IT Act, Intellectual Property Issues connected with use and management of Digital Data The similar Acts of other countries

*Information Warfare*: Nature of information warfare, including computer crime and information terrorism; Threats to information resources, including military and economic espionage,

communications eavesdropping, computer break-ins, denial-of-service, destruction and

modification of data, distortion and fabrication of information, forgery, control and disruption of information How, electronic bombs, and sops and perception management.

### UNIT – II

*Cyberspace and the Law & Cyber Forensics:* Introduction, Cyber Security Regulations, Roles of International Law. The INDIAN Cyberspace, National Cyber Security Policy. Introduction, Historical background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital evidence, Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle, Forensics Investigation, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Techniques for Forensics Auditing

# UNIT – III

Legal, Ethical, and Professional Issues in Information Security Ethical Component in Information System, Codes of Ethics, Certification Security Analysis: Risk Management, Identifying and assessing risk, and Controlling Risk.

### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

**Cyber Security**: Organizational Implications: Introduction, cost of cybercrimes and IPR issues, web threats for organizations, security and privacy implications, social media marketing.

### UNIT – V

Security risks and perils for organizations, social computing and the associated challenges for organizations. Cybercrime and Cyber terrorism: Introduction, intellectual property in the cyberspace, the ethical dimension of cybercrimes the psychology, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals.

- 1. Nina Godboleand Sunit Belpure, Cyber Security Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiley 2017
- 2. B. B. Gupta, D. P. Agrawal, Haoxiang Wang, Computer and Cyber Security: Principles, Algorithm, Applications, and Perspectives, CRC Press, 2018.

# **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

# **OE 601 CS**

Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3 Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

### **Objectives:**

- 1. To understand CPU, Memory, File and Device management
- 2. To learn about concurrency control, protection and security
- 3. To gain knowledge of Linux and Windows NT internals

### **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Explain the components and functions of operating systems
- 2. Analyze various Scheduling algorithms
- 3. Apply the principles of concurrency
- 4. Compare and contrast various memory management schemes
- 5. Perform administrative tasks on Linux Windows Systems

# UNIT-I

Introduction to Operating Systems: OS structure and strategies, Process concepts, Threads, Inter process communication. CPU scheduling algorithms, Process synchronization, Critical section problem, Semaphores, Monitors.

### **UNIT-II**

Memory management, Swapping, Contiguous allocation, Paging, Static and Dynamic partitions, Demand paging, Page replacement algorithms, Thrashing, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging. File system interface: File concepts, Access methods and protection. File system implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, Directory implementation.

#### **UNIT-III**

Deadlocks: Necessary conditions, Resource allocation graph, Methods for handling deadlocks, Prevention, Avoidance, Detection and Recovery. Protection: Goals, Domain of protection, Access matrix. Security: Authentication, Threat monitoring, Encryption.

### UNIT-IV

Device Management: Disk scheduling methods, Disk management, Device drivers and interfaces, CPU- Device interactions, I/O optimization.

### UNIT-V

Case Studies:

The Linux System–Design principles, Kernel modules, Process management, Scheduling, Memory management, File systems, Input and Output, Inter process communication

Windows NT - General Architecture, The NT kernel, The NT executive.

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B Galvin, Operating System Concepts, Addison Wesley, 2006
- 2. William Stallings, Operating Systems-Internals and Design Principles, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, PHI, 2005
- 3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 4th edition, Pearson, 2016

# **OOP USING JAVA**

# **OE 602 CS**

Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3 Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

## **Objectives:**

- 1. To introduce fundamental object oriented concepts of Java programming Language such as classes, inheritance, packages and interfaces
- 2. To introduce concepts of exception handling and multi-threading
- 3. To use various classes and interfaces in java collection framework and utility classes To understand the concepts of GUI programming using AWT controls
- 4. To introduce Java I/O streams and serialization

### **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. develop java applications using OO concepts and packages write multi threaded programs with synchronization
- 2. implement real world applications using java collection frame work and I/O classes
- 3. write Event driven GUI programs using AWT/Swing

# UNIT – I

**Object Oriented System Development**: understanding object oriented development, understanding object oriented concepts, benefits of object oriented development.

Java Programming Fundamentals: Introduction, overview of Java, data types, variables and arrays, operators, control statements.

### UNIT – II

**Java Programming OO concepts**: classes, methods, inheritance, packages and interfaces. Exceptional Handling, Multithreaded Programming

# UNIT – III

I/O Basics, Reading Console Input and Output, Reading and Writing Files, Print Writer Class, String Handling Exploring Java.Lang, Collections Overview, Collection Interfaces, Collection Classes, Iterators, Random Access Interface, Maps, Comparators, Arrays, Legacy Classes and Interfaces, String Tokenizer

# UNIT – IV

# Introducing AWT working With Graphics: AWT Classes, Working with Graphics

.**Event Handling**: Two Event Handling Mechanisms, The Delegation Event Model, Event Classes, Source of Events, Event Listener Interfaces

**AWT Controls**: Control Fundamentals, Labels, Using Buttons, Applying Check Boxes, CheckboxGroup, Choice Controls, Using Lists, Managing Scroll Bars, Using TextField, Using TextArea, Understanding Layout Managers, Menu bars and Menus, Dialog Boxes, FileDialog, Handling events by Extending AWT Components, Exploring the controls, Menus and Layout Managers.

# UNIT – V

Java I/O Classes and Interfaces, Files, Stream and Byte Classes, Character Streams, Serialization.

- 1. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference JAVA, Tata McGraw Hill, 7thEdition, 2005
- 2. James M Slack, Programming and Problem Solving with JAVA, Thomson learning, 2002
- 3. C.Thomas Wu, An Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming with Java, Tata McGraw Hill, 5thEdition, 2005.

# **DATABASE SYSTEMS**

OE 601 IT

Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3 Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

# **Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the basic concept of DBMS
- 2. To learn to design, develop and query the database
- 3. To learn database administration and transaction processing

# **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Apply the basic concept of DBMS
- 2. Design, develop and query the database
- 3. Develop database administration and transaction processing methods

# UNIT – I

Data and Data Management: Role of Data and Databases

*Database and Database Management System:* Key Database concepts-Basic Database Models-Database Components

*Data Modeling*: Database Design-Relational Database Models- Relationships-Comparing Data Models

# UNIT – II

*SQL language:* SQL features- command basics-SELECT Fundamentals-Operators and Functions-DDL Commands-DML Commands.

Data Access and Manipulation: SELECT statement Advanced Syntax-Joins and Sub Queries.

SQL Procedures: SQL procedures and Functions-Triggers

# UNIT – III

*Designing a Database:* Designing Relational Tables-Comparing Relational Designs-Normalizing Data.

*Implementing a Database:* Physical Design and Implementation- Adjusting Design to the Real World-Implementing Database Objects.

# $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

*Improving Data Access:* Performance Rollbacks-Using Indexes and Views-Using Programmable objects.

*Database Administration:* Need for Administration-Administration Responsibilities-Management Task.

# $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

*Transactions and Locking:* Transaction Basics-Managing Concurrency control-SQL server transaction management.

Database Access and Security: Database Connections-Managing Access Control-Protecting data.

- 1. Mark L. Gillenson, Paulraj Ponniah., "Introduction to Database Management", John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2008.
- 2. Lee Chao, "Database Development and Management", Auerbach Publications, 2006.
- 3. Rob Coronel, "Database Systems: Design, Implementation & Management" Thomson Course Technology, 2000.

# DATA STRUCTURES

**OE 602 IT** Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 \*marks Credits: 3

# **Objectives:**

- 1. To develop proficiency in the specification, representation, and implementation of abstract data types and data structures.
- 2. To discuss the linear and non-linear data structures and their applications.
- 3. To introduce the creation, insertion and deletion operations on binary search trees and balanced binary search trees.
- 4. To introduce various internal sorting, searching techniques and their time complexities

# **Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Implement linear, non-linear data structures and balanced binary trees
- 2. Understand the basic data structures arrays and linked lists.
- 3. Analyse time complexity of both iterative and recursive functions.
- 4. Define ADT necessary for solving problems based on Stacks and Queues.
- 5. Develop solutions using binary trees, advanced search trees, tries and graphs.
- 6. Use hash functions and handle collisions.

# UNIT – I

*Performance and Complexity Analysis:* Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic notation (big-Oh), complexity analysis examples.

*Linear list-array representation:* vector representation, multiple lists single array.

*Linear list-linked representation:* singly linked lists, circular lists, doubly linked lists, Applications (polynomial arithmetic).

*Arrays and matrices:* row and column major representations, special matrices, sparse matrices. UNIT – II

*Stacks:* Array representation, linked representation, applications (recursive calls, infix to postfix, postfix evaluation).

Queues: Array representation, linked representation.

*Skip lists and Hashing:* skip lists representation, hash table representation, application- text compression.

# UNIT – III

*Trees:* Definitions and properties, representation of binary trees, operations, binary tree traversal. *Binary Search Trees:* Definitions, and Operations on binary search trees.

Balanced Search Trees: AVL trees, and B-trees.

# UNIT – IV

*Graphs:* Definitions and properties, representation, graph search methods (Depth First Search and Breadth First Search)

Application of Graphs: shortest path algorithm (Dijkstra), minimum spanning tree(Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms).

# $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

*Sorting and Complexity Analysis:* Selection sort, Insertion sort, Quick sort, Merge sort, Closest pair of points, and Heap sort.

Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

- 1. Sartaj Sahni, "Data Structures--Algorithms and Applications in C++" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss, "*Data Structures and Problem Solving using C++"* Pearson Education International, 2003.
- 3. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, David M. Mount "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", John Wiley & Sons, 2010.

# **DISASTER MITIGATION**

**OE 601 CE** Instruction: 3 periods per week CIE: 30 marks Credits: 3

Duration of SEE: 3 hours SEE: 70 marks

# **Objectives:**

- 1) To impart knowledge of the basic principles of disaster management.
- 2) To give knowledge of the various types of disasters.
- 3) To understand the disaster management cycle and framework.
- 4) To become aware of the disaster management systems in India.
- 5) To become aware of the applications of the latest technologies in disaster management

# **Outcomes:**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1) Define and explain the terms and concepts related to disaster management.
- 2) Describe the various categories of disasters and their specific characteristics.
- 3) Explain the pre-disaster, during disaster and post-disaster measures and framework
- 4) Describe the disaster management acts and frameworks specific to India
- 5) List and explain the various technological applications to aid disaster management.

# UNIT-I

*Introduction:* Understanding the Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, and Capacity – Disaster and Development, and disaster management.

# UNIT-II

*Disasters:* Geological Disasters (earthquakes, landslides, tsunami, mining); Hydro-Meteorological Disasters (floods, cyclones, lightning, thunder-storms, hail storms, avalanches, droughts, cold and heat waves) Biological Disasters (epidemics, pest attacks, forest fire); Technological Disasters (chemical, industrial, radiological, nuclear) and Manmade Disasters (building collapse, rural and urban fire, road and rail accidents, nuclear, radiological, chemicals and biological disasters) Global Disaster Trends – Emerging Risks of Disasters – Climate Change and Urban Disasters.

# UNIT-III

*Disaster Management Cycle and Framework:* Disaster Management Cycle – Paradigm Shift in Disaster Management Pre-Disaster – Risk Assessment and Analysis, Risk Mapping, zonation and Microzonation, Prevention and Mitigation of Disasters, Early Warning System; Preparedness, Capacity Development; Awareness.

During Disaster – Evacuation – Disaster Communication – Search and Rescue – Emergency Operation Centre – Incident Command System – Relief and Rehabilitation.

Post-disaster – Damage and Needs Assessment, Restoration of Critical Infrastructure – Early Recovery – Reconstruction and Redevelopment; IDNDR.

# UNIT-IV

*Disaster Management in India:* Disaster Profile of India – Mega Disasters of India and Lessons Learnt Disaster Management Act 2005 – Institutional and Financial Mechanism National Policy on Disaster Management, National Guidelines and Plans on Disaster Management; Role of Government (local, state and national), Non-Government and Inter Governmental Agencies.
#### Faculty of Engineering, O.U. AICTE Model Curriculum with effect from Academic Year 2020-21

#### UNIT-V

Applications of Science and Technology for Disaster Management: Geo-informatics in Disaster Management (RS, GIS, GPS and RS) Disaster Communication System (Early Warning and Its Dissemination) Land Use Planning and Development Regulations Disaster Safe Designs and Constructions Structural and Non-Structural Mitigation of Disasters S&T Institutions for Disaster Management in India.

#### Suggested Reading:

- 1. Rajib, S and Krishna Murthy, R. R, *Disaster Management Global Challenges and Local Solutions*" CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Navele, P & Raja, C. K, Earth and Atmospheric Disasters Management, Natural and Manmade. B. S. Publications.2009
- 3. Battacharya, T., Disaster Science and Management. Tata McGraw hill Company, 2017
- 4. Manual on natural disaster management in India, M C Gupta, NIDM, New Delhi
- 5. An overview on natural & man-made disasters and their reduction, R K Bhandani, CSIR, New Delhi
- 6. Encyclopedia of disaster management, Vol I, II and IIIL Disaster management policy and administration, S L Goyal, Deep & Deep, New Delhi, 2006
- 7. Disasters in India Studies of grim reality, Anu Kapur & others, 2005, 283 pages, Rawat Publishers, Jaipur
- 8. Disaster Management Act 2005, Publisher by Govt. of India
- 9. Publications of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on Various Templates and Guidelines for Disaster Management
- 10. National Disaster Management Policy, 2009, Govt. of India
- 11. Jagbir singh, Disaster management–Future challenges and opportunities, I.K. International publishing house, 1st edition, 2007.

Coppala P Damon, Introduction to International Disaster management, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2015.

### Soft Skills and Interpersonal Skills

**OE 601EG** Instruction: 3 periods per week **Duration of SEE: 3 Hrs** CIE 30 Marks SEE: 70 Marks **Credits 3** 

### **Objectives:**

- 1. To train the students in effective listening skills required for Professional Communication.
- 2. To enable the students to develop the required speaking skills for Professional Communication

3. To equip the students with appropriate reading strategies required professionally

4. To develop professional Writing skills among students

5. To equip the students with the right attitude and coping techniques required professionally

### Outcomes

By the end of the course students will be able to:

1. Listen to a variety of speakers and texts and will be able to comprehend and perform the required tasks.

2. Speak and respond appropriately as per the task requirement.

- 3. Read a variety of texts, comprehend, summarize them and perform the required tasks
- 4. Write and publish a variety of documents such as Letters, Memos, Emails, Blogs, Reports, Cover Letters and Resume

5. Demonstrate the right attitude and skills to cope with organizing and

irperson



### communicating professionally

### Syllabus:

### UNIT 1 Introduction and Skills of Listening

Definition, Nature and scope of Soft Skills / Importance of Soft Skills / Need for soft skills in academic settings and workplaces.

Listening Skills A : Types of listening- Appreciative Listening, Empathetic , comprehensive/ active, Critical / analytical listening. Importance of listening in Academic and Professional Communication.

Listening Skills B : Listening and Watching to a variety of speakers in different contexts: to dialogues from TV/Radio/Ted talks/Podcasts / to lectures, Youtube videos and News programmes, Note Taking

### Unit-2 Skills of Speaking

Speaking Skills: Communication within Teams, Participating in G.Ds, Interview Skills, Presentation Skills and Leadership Skills

### UNIT 3 Skills of Reading for Communication

Effective Reading: Sub skills of Reading and Note making, Reading different genres of texts ranging from newspapers to philosophical treatises.

Reading strategies-graphic organizers and summarizing

UNIT 4 Skills of Effective Writing

Writing Types: Expository, Descriptive, Persuasive and Narrative

Writing for different purposes : Publications, Letters, Memos, Emails, Blogs, Reports, Cover Letters and Resume

### Unit-5 Specific Soft Skills

Time management, Goal setting- Motivation, Stress management, Learning styles and strategies, Emotional intelligence, Creative and Critical Thinking

Chairperson Chairperson Board of Studies (UG & PG) Department of English



Scanned by TapScanner

## Suggested Reading:

- Andrea J. Rutherford. Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson Education, Inc.New Delhi, 2001.
- Anne Dannellon. Team Talk: The Power of Language in Team Dynamics. Harvard Business School Press, Boston, Massachusetts, 1996.
- Antony Jay and Ros Jay. Effective Presentation: How to be a Top Class Presenter. Universities Press (India) Limited, 1999.
- Ashraf.M. Rizvi, Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2005
- 5. Daniel Goldman. Emotional Intelligence. New York, Bantam Books, 1995.
- 6. Friedrike Klippel. Keep Talking. Cambridge University Press, London, 1984.
- K.K. Sinha Business Communication Galgotia Publishing Company GPC, New Delhi, 1999.
- Lewis.Hedwig Body Language: A Guide for Professionals.Response Books (a division of Sage Publications India, Pvt. Ltd.,) New Delhi., 1998.
- Hari Mohan Prasad and Rajnish Mohan. How to prepare for Group Discussion and Interview. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2005
- 10. Mitra, Barun. Personality Development and Soft Skills

11. Goodheart and Willcox. Soft Skills at Workplace

NOU

Chairperson Board of Studies (UG & PG) Department of English Osmania University HYDERABAD-500 007.

148

# Scanned by TapScanner

#### BE(CSE) SEMESTER-VII SCHEME:-

Sl. Course Code	Course	Course Title	s	cheme	of Inst	truction	Schei	Cradits			
	Code	Course Title		Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits	
Theory Courses											
1	PC 701 CS Core-13	Information Security	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3	
2	PC 702 CS Core-14	Data Science Using R Programming	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4	
3	PC 703 CS Core-15	Distributed Systems	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4	
4	OE-II	Open Elective – II	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3	
Practical/ Laboratory Courses											
5	PC 751 CS	Data Science Lab	-	-	3	3	25	50	3	1.5	
6	PC 752 CS	Distributed Systems Lab	-	-	3	3	25	50	3	1.5	
7	PW 761 CS	Project Work – I	-	-	4	4	50	-	-	2	
8	SI 762 CS	Summer Internship	-	-	-	-	25	50	-	2	
			12	02	10	24	245	430	18	21	

PC: Professional CoursePE: ProfessionalElective,HS: Humanities and social ScienceMC: Mandatory CourseL: LectureT: TutorialP: PracticalD: DrawingCIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation,SEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

#### Note:

1. Each contact hour is a Clock Hour

2. The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.

Open Elective II									
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title								
OE 701 CE	Green Building Technologies								
OE 701 CS**	Data Science and Data Analytics								
OE701EE	Non-Conventional Energy Sources								
OE702EE	Transducers and Sensors								
OE701EC	Fundamentals of IoT								
OE701 IT**	Cyber Security								
OE701ME	Start-Up Entrepreneurship								
OE701AE	Automotive Maintenance								

Note-: \*\* Subject is not offered to the students of CSE and IT Department.

#### BE(CSE) SEMESTER-VIII SCHEME:-

C.	Course		So	Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination				
51.	Code			Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits		
Theory Courses												
1	PE-VI	Professional Elective – VI	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3		
2	OE-III	Open Elective – III	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3		
Practical/ Laboratory Courses												
7	PW861 CS	Project Work – II		I	16	16	50	100	-	8		
			06	-	16	22	110	240	06	14		

	Profession Elective – VI										
SI.	Course Code	Course Title									
1	PE 827 CS	Mobile Computing									
2	PE 828 CS	Semantic Web & Social Networking									
3	PE 829 CS	Cyber Security & Forensics									

<b>Open Elective III</b>									
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title								
OE 801 CE	Road Safety Engineering								
OE 801CS**	Fundamentals of AL & ML								
OE801EE	Smart Building Systems								
OE802EE	Programmable Logic Controllers								
OE801EC	Principles of Electronic Communications								
OE801 IT**	Software Engineering								
OE801ME	3D Printing Technologies								
OE801AE	Elements Of Electric And Hybrid Vehicle								

**Note-:** \*\* Subject is not offered to the students of CSE and IT Department.

**PC**: Professional Course **MC**: Mandatory Course

**HS**: Humanities and Sciences

L: Lectures T: Tutorials

**P**: Practical D: Drawing

**CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation

SEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

Note-2: 1) Each contact hour is a Clock Hour

2) The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.

Course Code			Core / Elective					
PC 701 CS		]	[nformati	ity		Core		
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per Wee	ek	CIF	SEE	Credits	
rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	BLL	Credits	
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	3	
<u> </u>								

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn legal and technical issues in building secure information systems
- > To provide an understanding of network security
- > To expose the students to security standards and practices

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Describe the steps in Security Systems development life cycle (SecSDLC)
- 2. Understand the common threats and attack to information systems
- 3. Understand the legal and ethical issues of information technology
- 4. Identify security needs using risk management and choose the appropriate risk control strategy based on business needs
- 5. Use the basic knowledge of security frameworks in preparing security blue print for theorganization
- 6. Usage of reactive solutions, network perimeter solution tools such as firewalls, host solutions such as antivirus software and Intrusion Detection techniques and knowledge of ethical hacking tools
- 7. Use ethical hacking tools to study attack patterns and cryptography and secure communication protocols
- 8. Understand the technical and non-technical aspects of security project implementation and Accreditation

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction:** History, Critical Characteristics of Information, NSTISSC Security Model, Components of an Information System, Securing the Components, Balancing Security and Access,

The SDLC, The Security SDLC.

Need for Security: Business Needs, Threats, Attacks, and Secure Software Development

#### UNIT-II

**Legal, Ethical and Professional Issues:** Law and ethics in Information Security, Relevant U.S. Laws, International Laws and Legal Bodies, Ethics and Information Security.

**Risk Management:** Overview, Risk Identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Control Strategies, selecting a Risk Control Strategy, Quantitative versus Qualitative Risk Control Practices, Risk Management Discussion Points, Recommended Risk Control Practices.

#### UNIT-III

**Planning for Security:** Security policy, Standards and Practices, Security Blue Print, Security Education, Continuity strategies.

Security Technology: Firewalls and VPNs: Physical Design, Firewalls, Protecting Remote connections.

#### UNIT-IV

**Security Technology:** Intrusion Detection, Access Control, and other Security Tools: Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems-Scanning, and Analysis Tools- Access Control Devices.

**Cryptography:** Foundations of Cryptology, Cipher methods, Cryptographic Algorithms, Cryptographic Tools, Protocols for Secure Communications, Attacks on Cryptosystems

#### UNIT-V

**Implementing Information Security:** Information security project management, Technical topics of implementation, Non-Technical Aspects of implementation, Security Certification and Accreditation.

**Information Security Maintenance:** Security management models, Maintenance model **Short case studies in Cryptography and Security:** Secure Multi party calculation, Virtual Elections, Single Sign On, Secure Inter Branch Payment transactions, Cross site scripting vulnerability (**Book 2**)

### Suggested Readings:

#### **Prescribed Books**

- 1. Michael E Whitman and Herbert J Mattord, *Principles of Information Security*, Cengage Learning, 6 th Edition 2018
- 2. Atul khate, Cruptographu and Network Security" 4 th edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2019

#### **Reference Books:**

- 3. Nina Godbole, "Information Systems Security: Security Management, Metrics, Frameworks and Best Practices" Second Edition, WILEY 2017
- 4. Gupta Sarika, "Information and Cyber Security", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi
- 5. V.K. Pachghare, "Cryptography and Information Security", PHI Learning

Course Code			Core / Elective					
PC 702 CS		Data So	Core					
Prorequisite	Co	ontact Hou	rs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE		
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn basics of R Programming environment: R language, R- studio and R packages
- To learn various statistical concepts like linear and logistic regression, cluster analysis, time series forecasting
- > To learn Decision tree induction, association rule mining and text mining

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Use various data structures and packages in R for data visualization and summarization
- 2. Use linear, non-linear regression models, and classification techniques for data analysis
- 3. Use clustering methods including K-means and CURE algorithm

#### UNIT – I

Data Science: Introduction to data science, Linear Algebra for data science, Linear equations, Distance, Hyper planes, Half spaces, Eigen values, Eigenvectors.

#### UNIT II

Statistical Modelling, Random variables, Probability mass/density functions, sample statistics, hypothesis testing.

#### UNIT III

Predictive Modelling: Linear Regression, Simple Linear Regression model building, Multiple Linear Regression, Logistic regression

#### UNIT IV

Introduction to R Programming, getting started with R: Installation of R software and using the interface, Variables and data types, R Objects, Vectors and lists, Operations: Arithmetic, Logical and Matrix operations, Data frames, functions, Control structures, Debugging and Simulation in R.

#### UNIT V

Classification: performance measures, Logistic regression implementation in R, K-Nearest neighbours (KNN), K-Nearest neighbours implementation in R, Clustering: K-Means Algorithm, K-Means implementation in R. Time Series Analysis using R, Social Network Analysis, Reading data from relational databases- MySQL, Reading data from NoSQL databases- MongoDB.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Nina Zumel, Practical Data Science with R, Manning Publications, 2014.
- 2. Peter Bruce and Andrew Bruce, Practical Statistics for Data Scientists, O"Reilly, 2017.
- 3. Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund, R for Data Science, O'Reilly, 2017.
- 4. Roger D Peng, R Programming for Data science, Lean Publishing, 2016.
- 5. Rafael A Irizarry, Introduction to Data Science, Lean Publishing, 2016.
- 6. Vishwa Vishwanathan and Shanthi Vishwanathan, R Data Analysis cookbook 2015

Course Code				Core / Elective							
PC 703 CS			Core								
		Contact Hours per Week									
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits				
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To acquire an understanding of the issues in distributed systems.
- > To learn about Naming and synchronization with different algorithms.
- > To study architectures and working of Distributed file systems, Distributed web-based system
- > To expose the students to distributed transaction management, security issues and replication.
- > To introduce Emerging trends in distributed computing

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. List the principles of distributed systems and describe the problems and challenges associated with these principles
- 2. To know about interposes communication and remote communication.
- 3. Understand Distributed Computing techniques, Synchronous and Processes.
- 4. Understand Distributed File Systems Apply Distributed web-based system. Understand the importance of security in distributed systems
- 5. Student will be able to know distributed service oriented architecture.
- 6. To know about emerging trends in distributed computing.

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Characteristics & Properties of Distributes Systems – Taxonomy - Types of Distributed Systems Design goals – Transparency Issues.

**Architectures:** Architectural Styles, System Architectures, Architectures versus Middleware, and Self- Management in Distributed Systems.

**Processes:** Threads, Virtualization, Software Agents, Clients, Servers, and Code Migration. **Communication:** Inter process communication Mechanisms, Remote Procedure Call, Remote Method Invocation, Message-Oriented Communication, Stream- Oriented Communication, and Multicast Communication.

#### UNIT-II

**Naming:** Names, Identifiers and Addresses, Flat Naming, Structured Naming and Attribute-Based Naming. **Synchronization:** Clock Synchronization, Logical Clocks, Mutual Exclusion, Global Positioning of Nodes, and Election Algorithms.

**Consistency and Replication:** Introduction, Data-Centric Consistency Models, Client-Centric Consistency Models, Replica Management, and Consistency Protocols.

#### **UNIT-III**

**Fault Tolerance:** Introduction to Fault Tolerance, Process Resilience, Reliable Client-Server Communication, Reliable Group Communication, Distributed Commit, and Recovery. **Distributed Object-Based Systems:** CORBA, DCOM, GLOBE -Architecture, Processes, Communication, Naming, Synchronization, Consistency and Replication, Fault Tolerance, and Security.

#### UNIT-IV

**Distributed File Systems:** File system, DFS- definition, Characteristics, Goals, SUN NFS-NFS Architecture, NFS Implementation, Protocols, The CODA file system-Design Overview, An Example, Design Rational, Implementation, The GOOGLE file system-Definition, Architectures, GFS

#### Architecture

**Distributed Web-Based Systems:** Traditional Web-Based Systems, Web Services Fundamentals, The Apache Web Server, Web Server Clusters, Communication, HTTP Fundamentals, Simple Object Access Protocol SOAP, Web Proxy Caching, Replication for Web Hosting Systems-CDN<sup>\*</sup>S, Service-Oriented Architectures, REST and Web Services

#### UNIT-V

Distributed Coordination-Based Systems -- Architecture, Naming and Security

**Emerging Trends in Distributed Systems** - Emerging Trends Introduction, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing and its roots in distributed systems mechanisms and self-management of distributed systems, Virtualization, Service Oriented Architecture, The Future of Emerging Trends. **Map-Reduce**: Example, Scaling, Programming Model, Apache Hadoop, Amazon Elastic Map Reduce, Mapreduce.net, Pig and Hive.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Maarten Van Steen, *Distributed Systems*, PHI 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
- 2. Distributed Computing, Sunita Mahajan and Seema Shah, Oxford University
- 3. R. Hill, L. Hirsch, P. Lake, S. Moshiri, *Guide to Cloud Computing*, Principles and Practicel, Springer, 2013.
- 4. R. Buyya, J. Borberg, A. Goscinski, Cloud Computing-Principles and Paradigms, Wiley, 2013.
- 5. Distributed Operating Systems by P. K. Sinha, PHI

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, Taunenbaum
- 2. Distributed Computing, Fundamentals, Simulations and Advanced topics, 2nd Edition, Hagit Attiya and Jennifer Welch, Wiley India
- 3. Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design, G. Coulouris, J. Dollimore, and T. Kindberg,
- 4. Java Network Programming & Distributed Computing by David Reilly, Michael Reill

Course Code			Core / Elective				
OE701CE		GREE	OE-II				
Prerequisite	Co	ontact Hou	ırs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
•	L	т	D	Р			
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### Course Objectives:

- Learn the principles of green building technologies and rating systems
- Understand the principles of effective energy and resources management in buildings
- Understand the methodologies to reduce, recycle and reuse towards sustainability.

#### Course Outcomes:

- 1. After completing this course, the student will be able to
- 2. Classify the various features, benefits, and rating systems for a green building
- 3. Outline the criteria used for site selection and water efficiency methods
- 4. Select the energy efficiency techniques in designing a green building
- 5. Select materials for sustainable built environment & adopt waste management methods
- 6. Identify an appropriate method for maintaining indoor environmental quality in a green building

#### UNIT-I

Introduction to Green Buildings: Definition of green buildings and sustainable development, typical features of green buildings, benefits of green buildings towards sustainable development. Green building rating systems – GRIHA, IGBC and LEED, overview of the criteria as per these rating systems.

#### UNIT- II

Site selection and planning: Criteria for site selection, preservation of landscape, soil erosion control, minimizing urban heat island effect.

Water conservation and efficiency: Rainwater harvesting methods for roof & non-roof, reducing landscape water demand by proper irrigation systems, water efficient plumbing systems, water metering, waste water treatment, recycle and reuse systems.

#### UNIT-III

Energy Efficiency: Environmental impact of building constructions, Concepts of embodied energy, operational energy and life cycle energy.

Methods to reduce operational energy: Energy efficient building envelopes, efficient lighting technologies, energy efficient appliances for heating and air-conditioning systems in buildings, zero ozone depleting potential (ODP) materials, wind and solar energy harvesting, energy metering and monitoring, concept of net zero buildings.

#### UNIT-IV

Building materials: Methods to reduce embodied energy in building materials: (a) Use of local building materials (b) Use of natural and renewable materials (c) use of materials with recycled content such as blended cements materials from agro and industrial waste. (d) reuse of waste and salvaged materials

Waste Management: Handling of construction waste materials, separation of household waste, on-site and off-site organic waste management

#### UNIT-V

Indoor Environmental Quality for Occupant Comfort and Well being: Day lighting, air ventilation, exhaust systems, low VOC paints, materials & adhesives, building acoustics.

Codes related to green buildings: NBC, ECBC, ASHRAE, UPC etc.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. IGBC Green Homes Rating System, Version 2.0., Abridged reference guide, 2013, Indian Green Building Council Publishers
- 2. GRIHA version 2015, GRIHA rating system, Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment
- 3. 'Alternative building materials and technologies' by K.S. Jagadish, B.V. Venkatarama Reddy and K.S. Nanjunda Rao.
- 4. 'Non-Conventional Energy Resources' by G. D. Rai, Khanna Publishers.
- 5. Sustainable Building Design Manual, Vol.1 and 2, TERI, New Delhi 2004

Course Code			Cou		Core / Elective			
OE 701 CS		Data	Science a		Open Elective-II			
Droroquisito	Со	ntact Hou	irs per We	eek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	JLL	creats	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- To learn basics of Data Science: Linear Algebra, Linear Equations, Matrices, Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors.
- To learn various statistical concepts like linear and logistic regression, cluster analysis, time series forecasting
- To learn Decision tree induction, association rule mining and text mining

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. At the end of the course, the students will be able to
- 2. Use various Mathematical models, and Probability and Statics
- 3. Uselinear, non-linear regression models, and classification techniques for data analysis
- 4. Use clustering methods including K-means and CURE algorithm

#### UNIT – I

Data Science: Introduction to data science, Linear Algebra for data science, Linear equations, Distance, Hyper planes, Half spaces, Eigen values, Eigenvectors.

#### UNIT II

Statistical Modelling, Random variables, Probability mass/density functions, sample statistics, hypothesis testing.

#### UNIT III

Predictive Modelling: Linear Regression, Simple Linear Regression model building, Multiple Linear Regression, Logistic regression

#### UNIT IV

Decision Tree: Introduction, What Is A Decision Tree? Appropriate Problems For Decision Tree Learning, Basic Decision Tree Learning Algorithm, Measuring Features, Hypothesis Space Search In

Decision Tree Learning, Inductive Bias In Decision Tree Learning, Why Prefer Short Hypotheses, Issues In Decision Tree Learning.

Classification: K-Nearest neighbors (KNN), Performance Measures,

#### UNIT V

Clustering: K-Means Algorithm,

**Association Rules:** Introduction, Frequent Itemset, Data Structure Overview, Mining Algorithm Interfaces, Auxiliary Functions, Sampling from Transaction, Generating Synthetic Transaction Data, Additional Measures of Interestingness, Distance Based Clustering Transaction and Association.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Nina Zumel, Practical Data Science with R, Manning Publications, 2014.
- 2. Peter Bruce and Andrew Bruce, Practical Statistics for Data Scientists, O'Reilly, 2017.
- 3. Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund, R for Data Science, O'Reilly, 2017.
- 4. Roger D Peng, R Programming for Data science, Lean Publishing, 2016.
- 5. <u>Rafael A Irizarry</u>, Introduction to Data Science, LeanPublishing, 2016.
- 6. Vishwa Vishwanathan and Shanthi Vishwanathan, R Data Analysis cookbook 2015

Course Code		-	Core / Elective					
OE701EC			Open Elective-II					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Ho	ours per W	Veek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
ei equisite	L	т	D	Р		011		
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

Course Objectives:

- Discuss fundamentals of IoT and its applications and requisite infrastructure
- Describe Internet principles and communication technologies relevant to IoT
- Discuss hardware and software aspects of designing an IoT system
- Describe concepts of cloud computing and Data Analytics
- Discuss business models and manufacturing strategies of IoT products

#### Course Outcomes:

- 1. After completing this course, the student will be able to
- 2. Understand the various applications of IoT and other enabling technologies.
- 3. Comprehend various protocols and communication technologies used in IoT
- 4. Design simple IoT systems with requisite hardware and C programming software
- 5. Understand the relevance of cloud computing and data analytics to IoT
- 6. Comprehend the business model of IoT from developing a prototype to launching a product.

#### UNIT – I

Introduction to Internet of Things: Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT: Things in IoT, IoT protocols, Logical Design of IoT: IoT functional Blocks, Communication Models, APIs, IoT enabling Technologies: Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big Data Analytics (Ref 1)

IoT Applications: Smart Home, Smart Cities, Smart Environment, Smart Energy, Smart Retail and Logistics, Smart Agriculture and Industry, Smart Industry and smart Health (Ref1)

#### UNIT – II

Internet Principles and communication technology: Internet Communications: An Overview – IP, TCP, IP protocol Suite, UDP. IP addresses – DNS, Static and Dynamic IP addresses, MAC Addresses, TCP and UDP Ports, Application Layer Protocols – HTTP, HTTPS, Cost Vs Ease of Production, Prototypes and Production, Open Source Vs Closed Source. Prototyping Embedded Devices – Sensors, Actuators, Microcontrollers, SoC, Choosing a platform, Prototyping Hardware platforms – Arduino, Raspberry Pi. Prototyping the physical design – Laser Cutting, 3D printing, CNC Milling (Ref 2)

API Development and Embedded programming: Getting started with API, writing a new API, Real time Reactions, Other Protocols, Techniques for writing embedded code: Memory management, Performance and Battery Life, Libraries, Debugging. (Ref 2)

Developing Internet of Things: IoT design Methodology, Case study on IoT System for weather monitoring (Ref 1)

#### UNIT – IV

IoT Systems - Logical Design using Python: Introduction to Python, Data Types and Structures, Control Flow, Functions, Modules, Packages, File Handling, Date/Time Operations., Classes, Python packages for IoT (Ref 1 and Ref 3)

IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints: Raspberry Pi, Interfaces of Pi, Programming pi with Python - Controlling LED and LDR using Pi with python programming.

#### UNIT – V

Cloud computing and Data analytics and IoT Product Manufacturing: Introduction to Cloud storage models and Communication APIs, Amazon web services for IoT, Skynet IoT Messaging Platform. Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT (Ref 1). Case studies illustrating IoT Design – Smart Lighting, Weather Monitoring, Smart Irrigation. (Ref 1) Business model for IoT product manufacturing, IoT Start-ups, Mass manufacturing, Ethical issues in IoT. (Ref 2)

Suggested Readings:

1. Internet of Things (A Hands-On-Approach), Vijay Madisetti, ArshdeepBahga, VPT Publisher, 1st Edition, 2014.

2. Designing the Internet of Things, Adrian McEwen (Author), Hakim Cassimally. Wiley India Publishers.

3. Fundamentals of Python, Kenneth A Lambert and B.L. Juneja, Cengage Learning

4. Internet of Things - Converging Technologies for smart environments and Integrated ecosystems, River Publishers.

5. Internet of things - A hands on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga, Universities press.

Cou	irse Code	Course Title Core/Elective									
0	E 701 IT				Open Elective						
Pre	requisite	0	Contact He	ours per V	Veek	CIF	SEE	Credits			
	requisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	JLL	creates			
		3	I	-	-	30	70	3			
Course	<b>Objectives:</b>										
Studer •	ts should be a The differenc	ible to e betv	understa veen thre	nd at and att	acks, how	threats m	naterialize	into attacks.			
Security in Operating Systems & Networks.											
•	Security Cour Privacy in Cyt	nterme perspa	easures ce.								
• Course	Security Plan Outcomes:	ning, F	Risk Analy	sis, Cyber	Warfare,	Cyberspac	ce and Law	,			
Studer	t will be able t	to									
1.	Acquire adeq	uate k	nowledge	e about th	reat and a	attacks					
2.	Enhance thei	r skills	to impler	nent secu	rity in des	sign of Ope	erating Sys	tems			
3.	Use various t	echnic	ues of Se	curity Cou	untermea	sures					
4.	Acquire unde	rstand	ling in Pri	vacy Princ	iples and	Policies in	Cyberspa	ce			
5.	Enhance their understanding in Security Planning, Risk Analysis, Cyber Warfare,										
	Cyberspace and Law										

#### UNIT I

#### Introduction To Cyber Security

Introduction -Computer Security - Threats -Harm - Vulnerabilities - Controls - Authentication - Access Control and Cryptography - Web—User Side - Browser Attacks - Web Attacks Targeting Users -Obtaining User or Website Data - Email Attacks

#### UNIT II

#### Security In Operating System & Networks

Security in Operating Systems - Security in the Design of Operating Systems -Rootkit - Network security attack- Threats to Network Communications - Wireless Network Security - Denial of Service - Distributed Denial-of-Service.

#### UNIT III

#### **Defences: Security Countermeasures**

Cryptography in Network Security - Firewalls - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems - Network Management - Databases - Security Requirements of Databases - Reliability and Integrity - Database Disclosure - Data Mining and Big Data.

#### UNIT IV

#### **Privacy In Cyberspace**

Privacy Concepts -Privacy Principles and Policies -Authentication and Privacy - Data Mining -Privacy on the Web - Email Security - Privacy Impacts of Emerging Technologies - Where the Field Is Headed.

#### UNIT V

#### **Management And Incidents**

Security Planning - Business Continuity Planning - Handling Incidents - Risk Analysis - Dealing with Disaster - Emerging Technologies - The Internet of Things - Economics - Electronic Voting - Cyber Warfare- Cyberspace and the Law - International Laws - Cyber crime - Cyber Warfare and Home Land Security.

#### **Suggested for Readings**

- 1. Charles P. Pfleeger Shari Lawrence Pfleeger Jonathan Margulies, Security in Computing, 5th Edition , Pearson Education , 2015
- 2. George K.Kostopoulous, Cyber Space and Cyber Security, CRC Press, 2013.

Course Code	-			Core/Elective			
OE 701 ME		STA	ART- UP EN	NTREPREN	IEURSHIP		Open Elective
Proroquisito	(	Contact He	ours per V	Veek	CIF	SEE	Credits
ricicquisite	L	Т	D	Р			
	3	-	-	-	30	70	3
Course Objectives:							

#### Course Objectives:

Students should be able to understand

- To motivate students to take up entrepreneurship in future.
- To learn nuances of starting an enterprise & project management.
- To understand the design principles of solar energy systems, their utilization and performance evaluation.
- To understand the behavioural aspects of entrepreneurs and time management

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Student will be able to

- 1. Understand Indian Industrial Environment, Entrepreneurship and Economic growth, Small and Large Scale Industries, Types and forms of enterprises.
- 2. Identify the characteristics of entrepreneurs, Emergence of first generation entrepreneurs, Conception and evaluation of ideas and their sources.
- 3. Practice the principles of project formulation, Analysis of market demand, Financial and profitability analysis and Technical analysis.
- 4. Understand the concept of Intellectual Property Rights and Patents
- 5. Comprehend the aspects of Start-Ups.

#### Unit-I

Indian Industrial Environment-competence, Opportunities and Challenges. Entrepreneurship and Economic growth. Small Scale Industry in India, Objectives, Linkage among small, medium and heavy industries. Types of enterprises.

#### Unit-II:

Identification and characteristics of entrepreneurs. Emergence of First generation entrepreneurs, environmental influence and women entrepreneurs. Conception and evaluation of ideas and their sources. Choice of Technology - Collaborative interaction for Technology development.

#### Unit-III

Project formulation, Analysis of market demand, Financial and profitability analysis and Technical analysis, project financing in India.

#### Unit-IV

**Intellectual Property Rights:** Meaning, Nature, Classification and protection of Intellectual Property, the main forms of Intellectual Property, Concept of Patent, Patent document, Invention protection, Granting of patent, Rights of a patent, Licensing, Transfer of technology.

#### Unit-V

**Aspects of Start-Up:** What is Start-Up, Start-up Policy, start-up strategy, Progress of startups in India, Principles of future organizations, start-up sectors, action plan for start-ups by Govt. of India.

#### Suggested Reading:

- 1. Vasant Desai, *"Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management"*, Himalaya Publishing House,1997.
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, *"Project-Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Review",* Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd. 1995.
- 3. Stephen R. Covey and A. Roger Merrill, "First Things First", Simon and Schuster Publication, 1994.
- 4. G.S. Sudha, "Organizational Behaviour", 1996.
- Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters, "Entrepreneurship", Tata Me Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2005.
- 6. G.B. Reddy, Intellectual Property Rights and the Law 5th Ed. 2005 Gogia Law Agency
- 7. Ajit Parulekar and Sarita D'Souza, Indian Patents Law Legal & Business Implications, Macmillan India Ltd, 2006.

Course Code			Cou	urse Title			Core/Elective		
OE 701 AE		AUT	COMOTIV	E MAINT	ENANCE		Open Elective		
Prerequisite		Contact H	ours per W	/eek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
•	L	T	D	Р					
	3	-	-	-	30	70	3		
Course Objectives:									
Students should be able to understand									
• To study basic types of vehicle maintenance along with its importance									
• To understan	d the tr	ouble diag	gnosis proce	edure for el	lectrical and	d electronic	systems in		
• automobiles									
• To acquaint with various Trouble shooting, fault tracing practices available in									
• automobile in	ndustry								
• To understan	d the m	aintenanc	e procedure	e for air-co	nditioning	in automobi	iles.		
Course Outcomes:									
Student will be able	to								
1. Demonstrate	the ma	intenance	procedure	for automo	tive Engine				
2. Illustrate the	trouble	diagnosis	procedure	for electric	al systems	like Batter	y, Starting		
3. Systems									
4. Identify the t	rouble	diagnosis	procedure f	for steering	and susper	nsion systen	n		
5. Illustrate trou	ıble dia	gnosis pro	ocedure for	lubrication	and fuel de	elivery syst	em etc.		
6. Explain troul	ole diag	nosis proc	cedure for h	neating syst	em of auto	mobile.			

#### UNIT – I

Maintenance, Workshop Practices, Safety and Tools: Maintenance - Need, importance, primary and secondary functions, policies - classification of maintenance work - vehicle insurance - basic problem diagnosis.

vehicles, fire safety - First aid. Basic tools -Scheduled maintenance services - service intervals -Towing and recovering.

#### UNIT – II

Engine and Engine Subsystem Maintenance: introduction engine IC Engine General Engine servicecooling and lubricating system, fuel system, Intake and Exhaust system, electricalsystem - Electronic fuel injection and engine management. Service - fault diagnosis- servicing

emission controls.

#### UNIT – III

Transmission and Driveline Maintenance: Clutch- general checks, adjustment and service- road testing, Rear axle service points- removing axle shaft and bearings- servicing differential

assemblies- fault diagnosis.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Steering, Brake, Suspension and Wheel Maintenance: Inspection, Maintenance and Service of Hydraulic brake, Drum brake, Disc brake, Parking brake. Bleeding of brakes. Inspection, Maintenance and Service of Mc person strut, coil spring, leaf spring, shock absorbers. Wheel

alignment and balance, removing and fitting of tyres, tyre wear and tyre rotation. Inspection, Maintenance and Service of steering linkage.

#### UNIT - V

Auto Electrical and Air Conditioning Maintenance: Maintenance of batteries, starting system, charging system and body electrical -Fault diagnosis using Scan tools. Maintenance of air

conditioning parts like compressor, condenser, expansion valve, evaporator - Vehicle body repairlike panel beating, tinkering, soldering, polishing, painting.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. Ed May, "Automotive Mechanics Volume, McGraw Hill Publications, 2003.

- 2. Ed May, "Automotive Mechanics Volume Twol, McGraw Hill Publications, 2003
- 3. Vehicle Service Manuals of reputed manufacturers
- 4. Bosch Automotive Handbook, Sixth Edition, 2004

Course Code Course Title							Core / Elective			
Р	C 751 CS			Data Sc	ience Lal	h		Core		
-	C 751 C5	C	optact Uou	rs por Woo			1	Corc		
P	rerequisite			rs per wee	K D	CIE	SEE	Credits		
		L	1	D	P					
	-	-	-	-	3	25	50	1.5		
Cou	rse Objectives									
	<ul> <li>To understar</li> </ul>	nd the R P	rogrammin	g Languag	e.					
	<ul> <li>Exposure on</li> </ul>	solving of	f data scier	ice problen	ns.					
	<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	Classificat	ion and Re	gression M	lodelling.					
Cours	se Outcomes									
After	completing this	s course, tl	he student	will be able	e to					
	<ul> <li>Work with d</li> </ul>	lata science	e using R F	Programmi	ng environ	ment.				
	Implement y	various stat	tistical con	cents like l	inear and l	ogistic reg	ression			
	<ul> <li>Perform Cla</li> </ul>	ssification	and Cluste	ring over a	a given dat	a set	coston.			
		ssification	and Cluste			<i>a</i> set.				
1	R AS CALCUL	ATOR AP	PLICATIO	N						
-	a. Using with	and withou	t R objects	on console						
	b. Using math	nematical fu	inctions on	console						
	c. Write an R	rite an R script, to create R objects for calculator application and save in a specified location in disk								
2	DESCRIPTIVE	STATIST	ICS IN R				*			
	a. Write an R	script to fin	d basic desc	riptive stati	stics using	summary, st	r, quartile func	tion on mtcars& cars		
	datasets.									
	b. Write an R	script to fin	nd subset of	dataset by u	sing subset	(), aggregat	e () functions of	on iris dataset.		
3	READING ANI	) WRITIN	G DIFFER	ENT TYPE	S OF DAT	TASETS				
	a. Reading di	fferent type	s of data set	s (.txt, .csv)	from web a	and disk and	writing in file	in specific disk location.		
-	b. Reading Exc	cel data she	et in R.							
4	VISUALIZATI	UNS o distributio	na using ho	v and coatta	r nlot					
	<b>b</b> Find the out	liers using r	nis using 00 Not	x and scalle	i piot.					
	<b>c.</b> Plot the hist	ogram, bar o	chart and pi	e chart on sa	mple data.					
5	CORRELATIO	N AND CO	)VARIAN(	CE	1					
	a. Find the co	rrelation ma	atrix.							
	b. Plot the cor	relation plo	t on dataset	and visualiz	ze giving ar	n overview o	f relationships	among data on iris data.		
	c. Analysis of	covariance	variance (	ANOVA), it	f data have	categorical v	variables on iris	s data.		
6	REGRESSION	MODEL								
	Import a data	from web s	torage. Nan	ne the datas	et and perfe	orm Logistic	e Regression to	o find out relation between		
_	variables the m	odel. Also	check the m	odel is fit of	r not [requi	re (foreign),	require (MAS	S)]		
7	CLASSIFICA	TION MOI	DEL	• • • • • • •						
	a. Install relev	ant packag	e for classif	ication.						
	D. Choose clas	sister for classification problem.								
0	CI USTEDINC		ice of classi							
Ø	a Clustering	algorithme	for unsurers	vised classifi	ication					
	b. Plot the clu	ster data us	ing R visual	izations	cation.					

#### Suggested Reference Books:

1. Yanchang Zhao, "R and Data Mining: Examples and Case Studies", Elsevier, 1st Edition, 2012

#### Web References:

1. http://www.r-bloggers.com/how-to-perform-a-logistic-regression-in-r/

- 2. http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/r/dae/rreg.htm
- 3. http://www.coastal.edu/kingw/statistics/R-tutorials/logistic.html
- 4. http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/r/data/binary.csv

Tools: R-Studio

Course Code				Core / Elective						
PC 752 CS		Di	stributed	Systems	s Lab		Core			
Proroquisito	C	Contact Hou	rs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Cradita			
riequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Cieuns			
-	-	-	-	3	25	50	1.5			
Course Objectiv	Course Objectives									
<ul><li>To imple</li></ul>	To implement client and server programs using sockets									
To learn about working of NFS										
Understanding Remote Communication and Interprocess Communication										
To use M	ap, reduce n	nodel for di	stributed p	processing						
To develo	p mobile ap	plications								
Course Outcome	S									
After completing	this course,	the student	will be ab	le to						
<ul> <li>Write pro</li> </ul>	grams that c	communica	te data bet	ween two	hosts					
Configure	> Configure NFS									
To imple	nent inter pi	rocess com	munication	n and remo	ote commu	nication				
Use distri	buted data p	processing f	ramework	s and mot	oile applicat	tion tool kits				

#### List of Experiments to be performed:

- 1. Implementation FTP Client
- 2. Implementation of Name Server
- 3. Implementation of Chat Server
- 4. Understanding of working of NFS (Includes exercises on Configuration of NFS)
- 5. Write a program to implement hello world service using RPC or Write a program to implement date service using RPC.
- 6. Implement a word count application which counts the number of occurrences of each word a large collection of documents Using Map Reduce model.
- 7. Develop an application using 3 -tier architectures.

Co	urse Code				Core / Elective					
PW	V 761 CS				Core					
Dr	erecuisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
11	erequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE			
	-	-	-	-	4	50	-	2		
Cours	Course Objectives									
$\succ$	To enhance	practical a	nd profess	ional skills	8.					
$\succ$	To familiari	ze tools an	d techniqu	es of syste	ematic lite	rature surve	ey and docur	mentation		
$\succ$	To expose the	he students	s to industi	y practices	s and team	n work.				
$\succ$	To encourage students to work with innovative and entrepreneurial ideas									
Cours	Course Outcomes									
I .	-									

- 1. Demonstrate the ability to synthesize and apply the knowledge and skills acquired in the academic program to the real-world problems.
- 2. Evaluate different solutions based on economic and technical feasibility
- 3. Effectively plan a project and confidently perform all aspects of project management
- 4. Demonstrate effective written and oral communication skills

The department can initiate the project allotment procedure at the end of VI semester and finalize it in the first two weeks of VII semester.

The department will appoint a project coordinator who will coordinate the following:

- Collection of project topics/ descriptions from faculty members (Problems can also be invited from the industries)
- Grouping of students (max 3 in a group)
- Allotment of project guides

The aim of project work is to develop solutions to realistic problems applying the knowledge and skills obtained in different courses, new technologies and current industry practices. This requires students to understand current problems in their domain and methodologies to solve these problems. To get awareness on current problems and solution techniques, the first 4 weeks of VII semester will be spent on special lectures by faculty members, research scholars, post graduate students of the department and invited lectures by engineers from industries and R&D institutions. After completion of these seminars each group has to formalize the project proposal based on their own ideas or as suggested by the project guide.

Seminar schedule will be prepared by the coordinator for all the students from the 5th week to the last week of the semester which should be strictly adhered to.

#### Each group will be required to:

- 1. Submit a one-page synopsis before the seminar for display on notice board.
- 2. Give a 30 minutes" presentation followed by 10 minutes" discussion.
- 3. Submit a technical write-up on the topic.

At least two teachers will be associated with the Project Seminar to evaluate students for the award of sessional marks which will be on the basis of performance in all the 3 items stated above.

The seminar presentation should include the following components of the project:

- Problem definition and specification
- Literature survey
- > Broad knowledge of available techniques to solve a particular problem.
- Planning of the work, preparation of bar (activity) charts
- Presentation- oral and written.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
SI 762 CS			Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	-				50	-	2

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To train and provide hands-on experience in analysis, design, and programming of information systems by means of case studies and projects.
- > To expose the students to industry practices and team work.
- To provide training in soft skills and also train them in presenting seminars and technical report writing.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Get Practical experience of software design and development, and coding practices within Industrial/R&D Environments.
- 2. Gain working practices within Industrial/R&D Environments.
- 3. Prepare reports and other relevant documentation.

Summer Internship is introduced as part of the curricula of encouraging students to work on problems of interest to industries. A batch of three students will be attached to a person from the Government or Private Organisations/Computer Industry/Software Companies/R&D Organization for a period of 4-6 weeks. This will be during the summer vacation following the completion of the III-year Course. One faculty coordinator will also be attached to the group of 3 students to monitor the progress and to interact with the industry co- ordinate (person from industry).

The course schedule will depend on the specific internship/training experience. The typical time per topic will vary depending on the internship

- Overview of company/project
- Safety training
- Discussions with project teams
- Background research, review of documents, white papers, and scientific papers
- Planning, designing, and reviewing the planned work
- Executing the plans
- Documenting progress, experiments, and other technical documentation
- Further team discussions to discuss results
- Final report writing and presentation

After the completion of the project, each student will be required to:

- 1. Submit a brief technical report on the project executed and
- 2. Present the work through a seminar talk (to be organized by the Department)

Award of sessional are to be based on the performance of the students at the workplace and awarded by industry guide and internal guide (25 Marks) followed by presentation before the external examiner appointed by the university (25 Marks). One faculty member will co-ordinate the overall activity of Industry Attachment Program.

**Note:** Students have to undergo summer internship of 4-6 weeks at the end of semester VI and credits will be awarded after evaluation in VII semester.

BE(CSE) SEMESTER-VIII SCHEME:-

	. Course	Course Title		Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Examination					
SI.	Code			Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits			
Theory Courses													
1	PE-VI	Professional Elective – VI	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3			
2	OE-III	Open Elective – III	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3			
	Practical/ Laboratory Courses												
7	PW861 CS	Project Work – II	-	-	16	16	50	100	_	8			
			06	-	16	22	110	240	06	14			

	Profession Elective – VI									
Sl.	Course Code	Course Title								
1	PE 827 CS	Mobile Computing								
2	PE 828 CS	Semantic Web & Social Networking								
3	PE 829 CS	Cyber Security & Forensics								

Open Elective III								
Course Code	Course Title							
OE 801 CE	Road Safety Engineering							
OE 801CS**	Fundamentals of AL & ML							
OE801EE	Smart Building Systems							
OE802EE	Programmable Logic Controllers							
OE801EC	Principles of Electronic Communications							
OE801 IT**	Software Engineering							
OE801ME	3D Printing Technologies							
OE801AE	Elements Of Electric And Hybrid Vehicle Technology							

**Note-:** \*\* Subject is not offered to the students of CSE and IT Department.

**PC**: Professional Course **MC**: Mandatory Course

HS: Humanities and Sciences
L: Lectures T: Tutorials
P: Practical D: Drawing
CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation
SEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

Note-2: 1) Each contact hour is a Clock Hour 2) The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.

Course Code			Cours	se Title			Core / Elective	
PE 827 CS			Elective					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per Wee	k	CIE	SEE	Credits	
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SLL	Credits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To introduce basics of wireless voice and data communication technologies
- > To build working knowledge on various telephone and satellite networks
- > To study the working principles of wireless LANs and standards
- > To study principles of adhoc networks and routing
- > To gain knowledge on integration of mobile networks into Internet
- > To build skills in working with wireless application protocols to develop mobile applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Understand the applicability of the components of radio transmission and 4G devices.
- 2. Understand and apply various techniques involved in transmission for realistic scenarios
- 3. Discuss and use the architecture, standards and services of wireless
- 4. Illustrate the route discovery process of Adhoc Network Routing protocols.
- 5. Identify the File System support for mobility, and understand the constraints and security aspects of Mobile operating system.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction – Wireless transmission – Frequencies for radio transmission – Signals – Antennas – Multiplexing – Modulations – Spread spectrum, Cellular Wireless Networks,

4G -Introduction, features and challenges, Applications of 4G, 4G Network architecture

#### UNIT-II

 $Telecommunication\ systems - GSM - GPRS - DECT - UMTS - IMT-2000 - Satellite\ Networks\ - Basics - Parameters\ and\ Configurations\ - Capacity\ Allocation\ - FAMA\ and\ DAMA - Broadcast\ Systems\ - DAB - DVB$ 

#### UNIT-III

Wireless LAN – IEEE 802.11 - Architecture – services – MAC – Physical layer – IEEE 802.11a - 802.11b standards – HIPERLAN – Blue Tooth.

#### UNIT-IV

Mobile IP, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, Routing in MANETs: DSDV, DSR, AODV and ZRP. MANETS vs VANETs

#### UNIT-V

WAP, and WAP 2.0, Mobile Transaction models, File Systems and Mobility Management, Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constraints & Requirements, Mobile Payment System – Security Issues

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Jochen H. Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison Wesley, Second Edition, 2003.
- 2. William Stallings,"Wireless Communications and Networks", PHI/Pearson Education, 2002.
- 3. Kaveh Pahlavan, Prasanth Krishnamurthy, "Principles of Wireless Networks", Prentice Hall, 2003.

4. Uwe Hansmann, LotharMerk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing",

Springer, 2003. 5. Krzysztof Wesolowski, Mobile Communication Systems, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2002.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PE 828 CS		Semanti	Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	irs per Wee	k	CIE	SEE	Credits
	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	JLL	Cicuits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web & Web Application
- > To learn Social Network Analysis and semantic web
- > To understand the role of ontology and inference engines in semantic web
- > To explain the analysis of the social Web and the design of a new class of
- To describe how the Semantic Web provides the key in aggregating and to incorporating user generated metadata and other clues left behind by users.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- $\succ$  Create ontology
- Build blogs and social networks
- > Understand the basics of Semantic Web and Social Networks, Electronic sources for network analysis
- Modeling and aggregating social network data, Develop social-semantic applications.
- Evaluate Web- based social network and Ontology

**UNIT** –I: Web Intelligence Thinking and Intelligent Web Applications, The Information Age ,The World Wide Web, Limitations of Today's Web, The Next Generation Web, Machine Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence, Ontology, Inference engines, Software Agents, Berners-Lee www, Semantic Road Map, Logic on the semantic Web.

**UNIT -II**: Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web Ontologies and their role in the semantic web, Ontologies Languages for the Semantic Web – Resource Description Framework(RDF) / RDF Schema, Ontology Web Language(OWL), UML, XML/XML Schema

**UNIT-III**: Ontology Engineering Ontology Engineering, Constructing Ontology, Ontology Development Tools, Ontology Methods, Ontology Sharing and Merging, Ontology Libraries and Ontology Mapping, Logic, Rule and Inference Engines.

**UNIT-IV**: Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology Semantic Web applications and services, Semantic Search, e-learning, Semantic Bioinformatics, Knowledge Base ,XML Based Web Services, Creating an OWL-S Ontology for Web Services, Semantic Search Technology, Web Search Agents and Semantic Methods

**UNIT-V**: .Social Network Analysis and semantic web What is social Networks analysis, Development of the social networks analysis, Electronic Sources for Network Analysis – Electronic Discussion networks, Blogs and Online Communities, Web Based Networks. Building Semantic Web Applications with social network features.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Thinking on the Web - Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley inter science, 2008.

2. Social Networks and the Semantic Web, Peter Mika, Springer, 2007.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems, J.Davies, R.Studer, P.Warren, John Wiley & Sons., 2006

2. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services -Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers,(Taylor & Francis Group)

3. Information Sharing on the semantic Web – Heiner Stuckenschmidt; Frank Van Harmelen, Springer Publications. ,2005

4. Programming the Semantic Web, T.Segaran, C.Evans, J.Taylor, O"Reilly, SPD.2009

4. Towards the Semantic Web: Ontology Driven Knowledge Management, John Davis, Dieter Fensal, Frank Van Harmelen, J. Wiley.

·										
Course Code	-			Core / Elective						
PE 829 CS		Cyb	Elective							
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	rs per Wee	k	CIE	SEE	Credits			
	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SLL	Crouits			
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3			

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn the basic elements of Cyber Security and its role in real world
- > To familiarize the various types of cyber-attacks and cyber-crimes
- > Understand the broad concepts of technical, social & legal aspect of Cyber Security
- > Insights to application of Cyber Security to resolve vulnerability and security problems.
- Develop professionals skilled in information/network security and forensic analysis of compromised systems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- Describe the basic elements of Cyber Security and its role in real world with operational and organizational security Aspects
- > Understand various cyber-attacks, types of cybercrimes and cyber laws
- To protect oneself from cyber-attacks and ultimately and understanding of securing entire Internet community from such attacks
- > Comprehend the purpose of Cyber Crime and its implication on mobile and wireless devices.
- > Understand the basics of computer forensics.

#### Unit - I:

Introduction to Cyber Security

Overview of Cyber Security, Types of Vulnerability, Computer Criminals, CIA Triad, Cyber Threats:- Cyber Warfare-Cyber Crime-Cyber terrorism-Cyber Espionage.

Global Internet Governance – Challenges and Constraints, Need for a Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy, Need for a Nodal Authority, Need for an International convention on Cyberspace.

#### Unit - II:

Cyber Security Vulnerabilities and Cyber Security Assessments

Cyber Security Vulnerabilities-Overview, vulnerabilities in software and Hardware, Security system administration, Threats for Open Access to Organizational Data, Weak Authentication, Poor Cyber Security Awareness and Training.

Cyber Security Assessments- Overview, Access control, Audit, Authentication, Biometrics, Cryptography, Deception, Denial of Service Filters, Ethical Hacking, Firewalls, Intrusion Detection Systems, Response, Scanning, Security policy, Threat Management.

#### UNIT – III:

Introduction to Cyber Crime and its implication on mobile and wireless devices

Cybercrime: Introduction to cyber-crime, intellectual property in the cyberspace, dimension of cybercrimes, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals.

Introduction to Cybercrime in Mobile and Wireless Devices, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing, Security Challenges in Mobile Devices and wireless devices, Types of Attacks on Mobile and wireless devices, Organizational Security Policies and Measures for securing Mobile and wireless devices.

Cyber Forensics

Introduction to Cyber Forensics, Handling Preliminary Investigations, Controlling an Investigation, Conducting disk-based analysis, Investigating Information-hiding, Scrutinizing E-mail, Validating E-mail header information, Tracing Internet access, Tracing memory in real-time.

#### Unit –V:

Forensic Tools and Processing of Electronic Evidence

Introduction to Forensic Tools, Usage of Slack space, tools for Disk Imaging, Data Recovery, Vulnerability Assessment Tools, Encase and FTK tools, Anti Forensics and probable counters, retrieving information, process of computer forensics and digital investigations, processing of digital evidence, digital images, damaged SIM and data recovery, multimedia evidence, retrieving deleted data: desktops, laptops and mobiles, retrieving data from slack space, renamed file, ghosting, compressed files.

#### SUGGESTED READING

- 1. W.A.Coklin, G.White, Principles of Computer Security: Fourth Edition, McGrawHill,2016
- 2. Anand Shinde, Introduction to Cyber Security: Guide to the World of Cyber Security, 2021.
- 3. John Vacca, Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation, 2015
- 4. Cyber Forensics by Dejey & S. Murugan, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRES, 2018

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press, First Edition, 2016.
- 2. Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa(john) Wu,J. David Irwin, CRC Press T&F Group, 2013
- 3. Fundamentals Of Forensic Science, Manjugouda R Patil, Dr.C.F.Mulimani, First Edition. 2020

Course Code	,	Core / Elective								
OE801CE		Open Elective-III								
Prerequisite		Contact	Hours per	CIE	SEE	Credits				
	L	Т	D	Р						
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3			
<ul> <li>Introduction to various factors considered for road safety and management</li> <li>Explain the road safety appurtenances and design elements</li> <li>Discuss the various traffic management techniques</li> </ul> Course Outcomes:										
After completing this course, the student will be able to 1. Understand the fundamentals of traffic safety analysis										
2. Analyze A	2. Analyze Accident data									
3. Remember the concepts of road safety in urban transport										
4. Apply cras	4. Apply crash reduction techniques									
5. Design of	5. Design of urban Infrastructure considering safety aspects.									

#### UNIT – I

Introduction: Road Safety scenario in India and World, Road Accident Characteristics.

*Traffic Safety Analysis:* Fundamentals of Traffic Engineering - Basic Characteristics of Motor-Vehicle Traffic, Highway Capacity, Applications of Traffic Control Devices, Design of Parking Facilities, Traffic Engineering Studies; Statistical Methods in Traffic Safety Analysis – Regression Methods, Poisson Distribution, Chi- Squared Distribution, Statistical Comparisons.

#### UNIT – II

Accident Analysis: Accident Investigations and Risk Management, Collection and Analysis of Accident Data, Condition and Collision Diagram, Causes and Remedies, Traffic Management Measures and Their Influence on Accident Prevention, Assessment of Road Safety, Methods to Identify and Prioritize Hazardous Locations and Elements, Determine Possible Causes of Crashes, Crash Reduction Capabilities and Countermeasures, Effectiveness

of Safety Design Features, Accident Reconstruction. Application of computer analysis of accident data.

#### UNIT – III

*Road Safety in planning and Geometric Design:* Vehicle And Human Characteristics, Road Design and RoadEquipment,,s, Redesigning Junctions, Cross Section Improvements, Reconstruction and Rehabilitation of Roads,

Road Maintenance, Traffic Control, Vehicle Design and Protective Devices, Post Accident Care.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

*Traffic Signals & Road signs:* Traffic Signals, Factors affecting signal design, street lighting, Provisions for NMTVehicles in India, Safety Provisions for Pedestrians & Cyclists, Road Signs and Pavement Markings.

**Safety at Construction Site:** Safety provisions for workers at construction site, Construction Zone markings, signs.

#### UNIT - V

*Traffic Management safety audit:* Traffic Management Systems for Safety, Road Safety Audits and Tools forSafety Management Systems, Road Safety Audit Process, Approach to Safety, Road Safety Improvement Strategies, ITS and Safety.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Kadiyali L.R,. *Traffic Engineering and Transport planning*, 9th Edition, Khanna Tech Publishers, 2013.
- 2. C.E.G. Justo, A. Veeraragavan and S. K. Khanna, *Highway Engineering*, 10th Edition, Nem Chand Publishers, 2017.
- 3. Donald Drew, *Traffic Flow Theory Chapter 14 in Differential Equation Models*, Springer, 1983
- 4. C. Jotinkhisty and B. Kent Lall, *Transportation Engineering An Introduction*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, *Pearson publications*, 2017
- 5. Rune Elvik, Alena Hoye, TrulsVaa, Michael Sorenson, Handbook of Road Safety measures, second Edition, Emerald Publishing, 2009.
- 6. Highway Research Programme (NCHRP) Synthesis 336. *A synthesis of Highway Research Board, Washington D.C, 2016.*

Course Code		Core / Elective					
OE801CS	INTE	Open Elective-III					
Prerequisite	Co	ntact Hou	rs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
i rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3
	•						

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Cover various paradigms that come under the broad umbrella of AI.
- To understand various key paradigms for machine learning approaches
- To familiarize with the mathematical and statistical techniques used in machine learning.
- To understand and differentiate among various machine learning techniques

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Develop an understanding of modern concepts in AI and where they can be used
- 2. Design, implement and apply novel AI techniques based on emerging real-world requirements
- 3. To formulate a machine learning problem
- 4. Select an appropriate pattern analysis tool for analyzing data in a given feature space.
- 5. Apply pattern recognition and machine learning techniques such as classification and feature selection to practical applications and detect patterns in the data.
- 6. Design and program efficient algorithms related to recent machine learning techniques, train models, conduct experiments, and develop real-world ML-based applications and products

#### UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION: Definitions of Artificial Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence Problems, Topics of Artificial Intelligence, Timelines of Artificial Intelligence, Production Systems, State Space Representation, Branches of Artificial Intelligence, Applications of Artificial Intelligence,

#### UNIT-II:

HEURISTIC SEARCH TECHNIQUES: Generate-and-Test , Hill Climbing, Search Techniques, Problem Reduction, Constraints Satisfaction, Means-ends Analysis

KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION: Knowledge Management, Types of Knowledge, Knowledge Representation, Approaches to Knowledge Representation, Issues in Knowledge Representation, Knowledge Base

#### UNIT-III:

LEARNING: Types of Learning, Machine Learning, Intelligent Agents

CLUSTERING: k-Means Clustering, Fuzzy Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Cluster Similarity, Case Studies,

#### UNIT-IV:

STATISTICAL LEARNING: Hidden Markov Models, Linear Classifiers, Quadratic Classifiers, Decision Trees, Bayesian Networks, Case Studies,

ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETS: ANN Basics, ANN—Learning Process, Types of Networks, Perceptron, RBF Networks, ANN Summary, Case Studies

#### UNIT-V:

SUPERVISED LEARNING: Support Vector Machines, Inductive Logic Programming, Case-based Reasoning, Ensemble Classifiers, Nearest Neighbourhood, Fuzzy Network, Case Studies,

UNSUPERVISED LEARNING: Expectation Maximization, Self organizing maps, Adaptive resonance theory, Case studies

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Vinod Chandra S.S and AnandHareendran S, "Artificila Intelligence and Machine Learning", PHI, 2014
- 2. PrashantKikani, "Demystifying Artificial intelligence: Simplified AI and Machine Learning concepts for Everyone", January 2021, BPB publication
- 3. Dr. Nilakshi Jain, "Artificial Intelligence, As per AICTE: Making a System Intelligent" January 2019, WILEY India
- 4. LavikaGoel, "Artificial Intelligence: Concepts and Applications" January 2021, WILEY India
#### Faculty of Engineering, with effect from Academic Year 2020-21

Course Code		Core / Elective								
OE801EE		<b>Open Elective-II</b>								
Prerequisite	Contac	t Hours pe	r Week	CIE	SEE	Credits				
rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEL	erealts			
-	3	-	_	-	30	70	3			
Course Objectives										
To understar	nd the basic blo	cks of Buil	ding Mana	agement	System.					
<ul><li>To design va</li><li>To integrate</li></ul>	<ul> <li>To design various sub systems (or modular system) of building automation</li> <li>To integrate all the sub systems</li> </ul>									
Course Outcomes	Course Outcomes									
At the end of the c	At the end of the course students will be able to									
1. Describe the	1. Describe the basic blocks and systems for building automation									
2. Use differen	2. Use different subsystems for building automation and integrate them.									
3. Understand	3. Understand basic blocks and systems for building automation									
4. Design diffe	4. Design different systems for building automation and integrate those systems									

#### **UNIT-I**

**Introduction:** Concept and application of Building Management System (BMS) and Automation, requirements and design considerations and its effect on functional efficiency of building automation system, architecture and components of BMS.

# UNIT-II

**Fire Alarm (FA) System**: concept of fire, Fire modes, History, Components, and Principles of Operation. Different fire sensors, smoke detectors and their types, Fire control panels, design considerations for the FA system. Field Components, Panel Components, Applications. Types of FAS Architectures, Examples. Classification of FAS loops, Examples. FAS Design procedure in brief, NFPA 72A, BS 5839, IS, Concept of IP enabled fire & alarm system, design aspects and components of PA system.

#### UNIT-III

Access Control System: Access Components, Access control system Design.

**CCTV:** Camera Operation & types, Camera Selection Criteria, Camera Applications, DVR Based system, DVM, Network design, Storage design. Components of CCTV system like cameras, types of lenses, typical typesof cables, controlling system. CCTV Applications.

# **UNIT-IV**

Security Systems Fundamentals: Introduction to Security Systems, Concepts.

**Perimeter Intrusion:** Concept, Components, Technology, Advanced Applications. Security system design for verticals. concept of automation in access control system for safety, Physical security system with

#### Faculty of Engineering, with effect from Academic Year 2020-21

components, RFID enabled access control with components, Computer system access control –DAC, MAC, RBAC.

**EPBX System & BMS subsystem integration:** Design consideration of EPBX system and its components, integration of all the above systems to design BMS.

# UNIT-V

**Energy Management:** Energy Savings concept & methods, Lighting control, Building Efficiency improvement, Green Building (LEED) Concept & Examples.

**Building Management System:** IBMS (HVAC, Fire & Security) project cycle, Project steps BMS, Advantages & Applications of BMS, IBMS Architecture, Normal & Emergency operation, Advantages of BMS.

# Suggested Reading:

- 1. Jim Sinopoli, Smart Buildings, Butterworth-Heinemann imprint of Elsevier, 2nd ed., 2010.
- 2. Reinhold A. Carlson, Robert A. Di Giandomenico, Understanding Building Automation Systems (Direct Digital Control, Energy Management, Life Safety, Security, Access Control, Lighting, Building Management Programs), R.S. Means Company Publishing, 1991.
- 3. Albert Ting-Pat So, WaiLok Chan, Kluwer, Intelligent Building Systems, Academic publisher,

3rd ed.,2012.

- 4. Robert Gagnon, *Design of Special Hazards and Fire Alarm Systems*, Thomson Delmar Learning; 2nd edition, 2007.
- 5. Levenhagen, John I.Spethmann, Donald H, HVAC Controls and Systems, McGraw-Hill Pub.
- 6. Hordeski, Michael F, HVAC Control in the New Millennium, Fairmont press, 2001.
- 7. Bela G. Liptak, Process Control-Instrument Engineers Handbook, Chilton book co.

# Faculty of Engineering, with effect from Academic Year 2020-21

Course Code		Core / Elective						
OE 802 EE	PROGR							
	Con	<b>Open Elective-III</b>						
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	CIE	SEE	Credits		
-	3	3						

#### **Course Objectives**

- To be able to understand basics of Programmable logic controllers, basic programming of PLC.
- To make the students to understand the Functions and applications of PLC

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Develop PLC programs for industrial applications.
- 2. Acquire the knowledge of PLC counter functions and PLC Arithmetic functions and data handlingfunctions.

#### UNIT-I

**PLC Basics:** Definition and History of PLC - PLC advantages and disadvantages - Over all PLC Systems - CPUs and Programmer Monitors - PLC input and output models - Printing PLC Information- Programming Procedures - Programming Equipment - Programming Formats-Proper Construction of PLC Diagrams - Devices to which PLC input and output modules are connected - Input on/off switching devices - Input analog devices - Output analog on/off devices and output analog devices.

#### UNIT-II

**Basic PLC Programming:** Programming on/off inputs to produce on/off outputs - PLC input instructions - Outputs - Operational procedures - Contact and coil input/output programming examples - Relation of digital gate logic contact / coil logic - PLC programming and conversion examples - Creating ladder diagrams from process control descriptions - Sequence listings - Large process ladder diagram constructions.

#### UNIT-III

**Basic PLC Functions:** General Characteristics of Registers - Module addressing - Holding registers - Input registers - output registers - PLC timer functions - examples of timer functions. Industrial applications - PLC counter functions.

# Faculty of Engineering, with effect from Academic Year 2020-21 UNIT-IV

**Intermediate Functions:** PLC Arithmetic functions - PLC additions and subtractions - The PLC repetitive clock - PLC Multiplications, Division and Square Root - PLC trigonometric and log functions - Other PLC arithmetic functions - PLC number comparison functions. PLC basic comparison functions and applications - Numbering systems and number conversion functions - PLC conversion between decimal and BCD-Hexadecimals numbering systems.

#### UNIT-V

**Data Handling Functions:** The PLC skip and master control relay functions - Jump functions - Jump with non return - Jump with return. PLC data move Systems - The PLC functions and applications. PLC functions working with bits - PLC digital bit functions and applications - PLC sequence functions - PLC matrix functions.

# **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. John W. Weff, Ronald A. Reis, Programmable Logic Controllers, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, Fifth edition, 2003.
- 2. Frank D. Petruzella, *Programmable Logic Controllers*, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2019.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
OE 801 EC		PRINCI	Open Elective-III				
Prerequisite Contact Hours per Week CIE SEE							Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Creuits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives**

- Provide an introduction to fundamental concepts in the understanding of communications systems.
- Provide an introduction to network model and some of the network layers including physical layer, data link layer, network layer and transport layer.
- Provide an introduction to the evolution of wireless systems and current wireless technologies.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Understand the working of analog and digital communication systems
- 2. Understand the OSI network model and the working of data transmission
- 3. Understand the evolution of communication technologies from traditional telephony systems to modern wireless communication systems.

# UNIT - I

**Introduction to communication systems:** Electromagnetic Frequency Spectrum, Signal and its representation, Elements of Electronic Communications System, Types of Communication Channels.

Signal Transmission Concepts: Baseband transmission and Broadband transmission,

**Communication Parameters:** Transmitted power, Channel bandwidth and Noise, Need for modulation **Signal Radiation and Propagation:** Principle of electromagnetic radiation, Types of Antennas, Antenna Parameters and Mechanisms of Propagation.

# UNIT - II

**Analog and Digital Communications:** Amplitude modulation and demodulation, FM modulation and demodulation, Digital converters, Digital modulation schemes – ASK, FSK, PSK, QPSK, Digital demodulation.

# Faculty of Engineering, with effect from Academic Year 2020-21 UNIT - III

**Data Communication and Networking:** Network Models, OSI Model, Data Link Layer – Media Access control, Ethernet, Network Layer – Internet Protocol (IPv4/IPv6), Transport Layer – TCP, UDP.

# UNIT - IV

**Telecommunication Systems:** Telephones, Telephone system, Paging systems, Internet Telephony.

**Optical Communications:** Optical Principles, Optical Communication Systems, Fiber –Optic Cables, Optical Transmitters & Receivers, Wavelength Division Multiplexing.

# UNIT - V

**Wireless Communications:** Evolution of Wireless Systems: AMPS, GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, OFDM. Current Wireless Technologies: Wireless LAN, Bluetooth, PAN and ZigBee, Infrared wireless, RFID communication, UWB, Wireless mesh networks, Vehicular adhoc networks.

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. Principles of Electronic Communication Systems, Louis E. Frenzel, 3e, McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, 5e TMH, 2012.
- 3. Kennady, Davis, *Electronic Communications systems*, 4e, McGraw Hill, 1999.

Course Code		Core / Elective					
OE 801 IT		Open Elective- III					
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week CIE SEE						Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Creatis
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the basic concepts of software development processes from defining a product to shipping and maintaining.
- To impart knowledge on various phases, methodologies and practices of software development.
- To understand the importance of testing in software development, study various testing strategies along with its relationship with software quality and metrics.

# **Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Acquired working knowledge of alternative approaches and techniques for each phase of software development
- 2. Judge an appropriate process model(s) assessing software project attributes and analyze necessary requirements for project development eventually composing SRS.
- 3. Creation of visual models to describe (non-) algorithmic solutions for projects using various design principles.
- 4. Acquire skills necessary as an independent or as part of a team for architecting a complete software project by identifying solutions for recurring problems exerting knowledge on patterns.

# UNIT – I

#### Introduction to Software Engineering:

A generic view of Process: Software Engineering, Process Framework, CMM Process Patterns, Process Assessment.

*Process Models:* Prescriptive Models, Waterfall Model, Incremental Process Models, Evolutionary Process Models, Specialized Process Models, The Unified Models, Personal and Team Process Models, Process Technology, Product and Process.

An Agile view of Process: Introduction to Agility and Agile Process, Agile Process Models

# UNIT – II

*Software Engineering Principles:* SE Principles, Communication Principles, Planning Principles, Modeling Principles, Construction Principles, Deployment.

*System Engineering:* Computer-based Systems, The System Engineering Hierarchy, Business Process Engineering, Product Engineering, System Modeling.

*Requirements Engineering:* A Bridge to Design and Construction, Requirements Engineering Tasks, Initiating Requirements Engineering Process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing Use-

Cases, Building the Analysis Model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements.

# UNIT – III

*Building the Analysis Model:* Requirements Analysis Modeling Approaches, Data Modeling Concepts, Object-Oriented Analysis, Scenario-based Modeling, Flow-oriented Modeling, Class-based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

**Design Engineering:** Design within the context of SE, Design Process and Design Quality, Design Concepts, The Design Model, Pattern-based Software Design.

# UNIT – IV

Creating an Architectural Design: Software Architecture, Data Design, Architectural Styles and Patterns, Architectural Design. Modeling Component-Level Design: Definition of Component, Designing Class-based Components, Conducting Component-level Design, Object Constraint Language, Designing Conventional Components. Performing User Interface Design: The Golden Rules, User Interface Analysis and Design, Interface Analysis, Interface Design Steps, Design Evaluation.

# UNIT – V

*Testing: Strategies:* A Strategic Approach to Conventional Software Testing, Test Strategies for O-O Software.

*Tactics:* Software Testing Fundamentals, Black-box and White-box Testing, Basis Path Testing, Control Structure Testing, O-O Testing Methods.

Debugging: Debugging Techniques, The Art of Debugging.

*Product Metrics:* A Framework for Product Metrics, Metrics for each phase of software development.

*Software Quality:* Definition, *Quality Assurance:* Basic Elements, Formal Approaches, Statistical Software Quality Assurance, Software Reliability, ISO9000 Quality Standards, SQA Plan.

# **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Roger S. Pressman, *Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach*, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition,McGraw Hill, 2009
- 2. Ali Behforooz and Frederick J. Hudson, *Software Engineering Fundamentals*, Oxford University Press, 1996
- 3. Pankaj Jalote, *An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Narosa Publishing House, 2008

Course Code		Core / Elective					
OE 801 ME		<b>Open Elective-III</b>					
Prerequisite		Contact H	Hours per	Week	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Croans
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the fundamental concepts of 3D Printing, its advantages and limitations.
- To know the working principle, advantages, disadvantages and applications of liquid, solid and Powder based 3D Printing Technologies.
- To know diversified applications of 3D Printing Technologies.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Interpret the features of 3D Printing and compare it with conventional methods.
- 2. Illustrate the working principle of liquid, solid and powder-based 3D Printing Technologies.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of various 3D Printing technologies for developing Innovativeapplications.

#### Unit-I

Introduction: Prototyping fundamentals, Historical development, Fundamentals of 3D Printing, Advantages and Limitations of 3D Printing, commonly used Terms, 3D Printing Process Chain, 3D Modeling, Data conversion and Transmission, Checking and Preparing, Building, Post-processing, RP Data formats, Classification of 3D printing processes, Fundamental Automated Processes, Distinction between 3D Printing and Conventional Machining Processes.

#### Unit-II

Liquid-based Systems: Stereo Lithography Apparatus (SLA): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, Layering technology, laser and laser scanning, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Polyjet: Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Solid ground curing (SGC): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Process, Working principle, Process, Working principle, Process, Working Pro

#### Unit-III

Solid-based System: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages

#### Unit-IV

Powder Based Systems: Selective laser sintering (SLS): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Three- dimensional Printing (3DP): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages, Case studies.

Applications of 3D Printing : Application in Design, Application in Engineering, Analysis and Planning, Aerospace Industry, Automotive Industry, Electronic Industry, Jewelry Industry, Coin Industry, GIS application, Arts and Architecture, Pattern for investment and vacuum casting, Medical Models and Bioengineering Applications: Planning and simulation of complex surgery, Customized Implants & Prosthesis, Design and Production of Medical Devices, Forensic Science and Anthropology, and Web Based Rapid Prototyping Systems.

# **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Chee Kai Chua and Kah Fai Leong, "3D Printing and Additive Manufacturing Principles and Applications" Fifth Edition, World scientific
- 2. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker, "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: 3D Printing, Rapid Prototyping, and Direct Digital Manufacturing" Springer, Second Edition, 2010.
- 3. Frank W.Liou, "Rapid Prototyping & Engineering Applications"- CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2011.
- 4. Rafiq Noorani, "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications in Manufacturing", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

Course Code		Core / Elective					
OE 801 AE	E	LEMENT VE	Open Elective-III				
Prerequisite	Co	ntact Hou	rs per Wee	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
1 loroquisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Creatio
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the hybrid vehicle technology
- To know the energy storage requirements and analyze the hybridization of different storage devices.
- To understand the configuration of various electric propulsion units.
- To know the different hybrid drives and the concept of electric drive trains.

# **Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the basics of electric and hybrid electric vehicles, their architecture, technologies and fundamentals.
- 2. Discuss different energy storage technologies used for hybrid electric vehicles and their control.
- 3. Analyze various electric drives suitable for hybrid electric vehicles.
- 4. Explain plug in hybrid electric vehicle architecture, design and component sizing and the power electronics devices used in hybrid electric vehicles.
- 5. Demonstrate different configurations of electric vehicles and its components, hybrid vehicle configuration by different techniques, sizing of components and design optimization and energy management.

# Unit - I

**Introduction:** Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles: History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies Electric vehicles; configuration of EVs, performance, traction motor characteristics, tractive effort and transmission requirements.

# Unit- II

**Energy Storage**: Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices.

# Unit - III

**Electric Propulsion unit**: Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives

#### Unit - IV

**Hybrid Drives:** Introduction, features, functional classification, start/stop system, mild hybrid, full hybrid, plug-in-hybrid, batteries for hybrid vehicles, and optimization of hybrid configurations. Changing modes for conductive charging.

#### Unit - V

**Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEVs) And Drive Structures**: Concept of electric drive train, architecture of hybrid electric drive train, series hybrid drive, parallel hybrid electrical drive train.

**Electric and Hybrid Vehicles - Case Studies:** Honda Insight, Chevrolet Volt, GM EV1, Toyota RAV 4 EV and Ford; Think City

# **Suggested Reading**

- 1. Iqbal Husain, "Electic and Hybrid vehicles Design Fundamentals", CRC Press, second edition 2013
- 2. James Larminie, John Lowry, "Electric vehicle techonology Explained" 2nd Ed., Wiley 2012
- 3. Vehicular Electrical Power Systems Emadi, Ehasni, Mercel (Marcel Dekker)
- 4. Electric and Hybrid vehicles Pistoia (Elsevier)
- 5. Fuel cells principles and applications B.Vishwanath, M. AuliceScibion (University Press)
- 6. Electrical vehicle machine and drives K.T.Chau (Wiley).

Course Code			Core / Elective							
PW 861 CS			Core							
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits			
rerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEL	Credits			
-	-	-	-	16	50	100	8			
<b>Course Objectives</b>	Course Objectives									
To enhance	To enhance practical and professional skills.									
To familiari	> To familiarize tools and techniques of systematic literature survey and documentation									
To expose t	he students	s to industi	y practices	s and team	n work.					
To encourage	ge students	s to work w	vith innova	tive and e	ntrepreneur	rial ideas				
<b>Course Outcomes</b>										
1. Demonstrate the ability to synthesize and apply the knowledge and skills acquired in the academic program to the real-world problems.										
2. Evaluate dit	2. Evaluate different solutions based on economic and technical feasibility									
3. Effectively	3. Effectively plan a project and confidently perform all aspects of project management									

4. Demonstrate effective written and oral communication skills

The aim of Project work –II is to implement and evaluate the proposal made as part of Project Work - I. Students can also be encouraged to do full time internship as part of project work-II based on the common guidelines for all the departments. The students placed in internships need to write the new proposal in consultation with industry coordinator and project guide within two weeks from the commencement of instruction.

The department will appoint a project coordinator who will coordinate the following:

- 1. Re-grouping of students deletion of internship candidates from groups made as part of project Work-I
- 2. Re-Allotment of internship students to project guides
- 3. Project monitoring at regular intervals

All re-grouping/re-allotment has to be completed by the 1<sup>st</sup> week of VIII semester so that students get sufficient time for completion of the project.

All projects (internship and departmental) will be monitored at least twice in a semester through student presentation for the award of sessional marks. Sessional marks are awarded by a monitoring committee comprising of faculty members as well as by the supervisor. The first review of projects for 25 marks can be conducted after completion of five weeks. The second review for another 25 marks can be conducted after 12 weeks of instruction.

Common norms will be established for the final documentation of the project report by the respective departments. The students are required to submit draft copies of their project report within one week after completion of instruction.

Note: Three periods of contact load will be assigned to each project guide.